

CLI Command instructions for

Solwise SAR110 ADSL Router

Please Note: Incorrect usage of CLI commands can seriously damage the firmware settings and configuration of your router to the extent where you might be unable to reset/restore to an operable state. We reserve the right to charge for any faulty router returned for repair which has user corrupted firmware or settings.

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1 Introduction

1.1 How to Use this Manual

The document is organized as follows:

Chapter 1, About this Manual, describes the target audience of this document, lists document conventions and related documents.

Chapter 2, Command Reference, broadly groups all the CLI commands based on features.

Chapter 3, Command Listing, describes each CLI command, parameters and output fields in detail, with examples.

Chapter 4, Quick Reference helps you look up commands at a glance, with a quick look at the related parameters.

1.2 Document and Notational Conventions

- Keywords (words you must enter exactly as shown) are represented in Bold Italic.
- User specified values in a command are shown in regular typeface (that is, they are not bold and not italic). For example,

Here, "port-no" will carry the user specified value.

- Parameter values enclosed in < > must be specified.
- Parameters enclosed in [] are optional.
- Parameter values are separated by a vertical bar (|) when only one of the specified values value can be used (you can use only one).
- Parameter values are enclosed in { } when you must use one of the values specified.
- Parameters are enclosed in []+ to indicate that you can specify the parameter one or more times on the command line
- ❖ Parameters are enclosed in [] * to indicate that you can specify no values, one value, or multiple values.
- An asterisk (*) symbol in the description table for

parameters indicates a configuration-dependent maximum value. For example, in the command create atm trfdesc, the parameter trfindex trafficdescriptor-index has a valid value range of 1 - *. Here, * indicates a configuration-dependent maximum value.

2 CLI Command Reference

This section lists commands according to features.

2.1 ALG Commands

Category	Commands
ALG Type	get alg type
Port ALG	create alg port
	delete alg port
	get alg port

2.2 ATM Commands

Category	Commands
1483 Statistics	get atm 1483 stats
AAL5 VC Statistics	get atm aal5 stats
	reset atm aal5 stats
IP over ATM Interface	create ipoa intf
	delete ipoa intf
	get ipoa intf
	modify ipoa intf
OAM Loopback	get oam 1pbk vc
	modify oam lpbk vc
OAM F5CC	modify oam cc vc
	get oam cc vc
Switched Virtual Connection	create atm svccfg
	delete atm svccfg
	get atm svccfg
	modify atm svccfg
Traffic Descriptor	create atm trfdesc
	delete atm trfdesc
	get atm trfdesc
Virtual ATM Port	Interface: create atm port
	delete atm port
	get atm port
	modify atm port
	Statistics: get atm stats
	reset atm stats
Virtual Circuit	Interface: create atm vc intf
	delete atm vc intf
	get atm vc intf
	modify atm vc intf
	Statistics: get atm vc stats
	reset atm vc stats

2.3 AutoDetect Commands

Category	Commands
Global Configuration	get autodetect cfg
	modify autodetect cfg

2.4 Bridge Commands

Category	Commands
Global Configuration	get bridge mode
	modify bridge mode
Forwarding Table	get bridge forwarding
Information	get bridge tbg info
	modify bridge tbg info
	reset bridge tbg stats
Ports	Interface: create bridge port intf delete bridge port intf get bridge port intf Statistics: get bridge port stats reset bridge port stats
Static Entries	create bridge static
	<pre>delete bridge static get bridge static</pre>
	modify bridge static
STP	Global Configuration: get stp global modify stp global Port Configuration: get stp port modify stp port reset stp stats reset stp port stats

2.5 Bridge Router Autosense (BRAS) Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	get bras cfg
	modify bras cfg

2.6 DHCP Client Commands

Category	Commands
Information	get dhcp client info
Statistics	get dhcp client stats

2.7 DHCP Relay Commands

Category	Commands
Global Configuration	get dhcp relay cfg
	modify dhcp relay cfg
Interface Table	create dhcp relay intf
	delete dhcp relay intf
	get dhcp relay intf
Statistics	get dhcp relay stats
	reset dhcp relay stats

2.8 DHCP Server Commands

Category	Commands
Address Table	get dhcp server address
Global Configuration	get dhcp server cfg
_	modify dhcp server cfg
Pool Exclusion Table	create dhcp server exclude
	delete dhcp server exclude
	get dhcp server exclude
Host Table	create dhcp server host
	delete dhcp server host
	get dhcp server host
	modify dhcp server host
Pool Table	create dhcp server pool
	delete dhcp server pool
	get dhcp server pool
	modify dhcp server pool
Statistics	get dhcp server stats
	reset dhcp server stats

2.9 DNS Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	modify DNS relay
	get DNS relay
	create dns servaddr
	delete dns servaddr
	get dns servaddr
Statistics	get dns relay stats
	reset dns relay stats

2.10 DSL Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	modify dsl config
_	get dsl config
	get dsl params
Statistics	get dsl stats cntrs

get dsl stats curr
get dsl stats hist
reset dsl stats cntrs
get dsl stats flrs
reset dsl stats flrs

2.11 EoA Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	create eoa intf
	get eoa intf
	delete eoa intf
	modify eoa intf

2.12 Ethernet Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	create ethernet intf
	delete ethernet intf
	get ethernet intf
	modify ethernet intf
Statistics	get ethernet stats
	reset ethernet stats

2.13 Firewall Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	get fwl blacklist
	delete fwl blacklist
	modify fwl global
	get fwl global
Statistics	get fwl stats
	reset fwl stats

2.14 ICMP Commands

Category	Commands
Statistics	get icmp stats

2.15 IGMP Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	create igmp intf
	delete igmp intf
	get igmp intf
	get igmp groups

2.16 ILMI Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	create ilmi intf
_	get ilmi access protocol
	get ilmi intf
	modify ilmi intf
	trigger ilmi

2.17 IP Commands

Category	Commands
Address Table	get ip address
ARP Table	create arp
	delete arp
	get arp
Global Configuration	get ip cfg
_	modify ip cfg
Routing	create ip route
	delete ip route
	get ip route
Statistics	get ip stats
	get host info

2.18 IP Filtering Commands

Category	Commands
Filtering Rules	Configuration:
	create ipf rule entry
	delete ipf rule entry
	get ipf rule entry
	modify ipf rule entry
	Statistics:
	get ipf rule stats
	reset ipf rule stats
Statistics	get ipf session
	reset ipf session
	delete ipf session
Global IP Filtering Setup	get ipf global
	modify ipf global
	get ipf stats
	reset ipf stats

2.19 L2TP Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration/Statistics	get 12tp tunnel config
	delete 12tp tunnel config
	get 12tp tunnel config

get 12tp global config
modify 12tp global config
modify 12tp tunnel config
get 12tp udp stats
reset 12tp tunnel stats
get 12tp tunnel stats
get 12tp global info
get 12tp session stats
reset 12tp session stats

2.20 L2Wall Commands

Category	Commands
Global Configuration	get 12wall cfg
	modify 12wall cfg

2.21 NAT Commands

Category	Commands
Global Configuration	get nat global
_	modify nat global
Global Statistics	get nat stats
	reset nat stats
Rule	Rule Statistics:
	get nat rule stats
	reset nat rule stats
	Status:
	get nat rule status
	Table:
	create nat rule entry
	delete nat rule entry
	get nat rule entry
Translation Table	get nat translation
Status	get nat status

2.22 Pfraw Commands

Category	Commands
Rule and Subrule	create pfraw rule entry
	create pfraw subrule entry
	delete pfraw rule entry
	delete pfraw subrule entry
	get pfraw rule info
	modify pfraw rule entry
	modify pfraw subrule entry
Global Configuration	modify pfraw global
	get pfraw global
Statistics	get pfraw stats
	get pfraw rule stats
	reset pfraw rule stats

	reset pfraw stats
Protocol Blocking	get pfraw block
	modify pfraw block

2.23 PPP Commands

Category	Commands
IP Status	get ppp ipinfo
Link Configuration	create ppp intf
	delete ppp intf
	get ppp intf
	modify ppp intf
Link Status	get ppp 1status
Global Configuration	get ppp global
	modify ppp global
Security Secrets	create ppp security
	delete ppp security
	get ppp security
	modify ppp security

2.24 PPPoE Commands

Category	Commands
AC Service Name Support	get ppe acserv
Global Configuration	modify ppe cfg
	get ppe cfg
Policy Configuration	create ppe pconf
	delete ppe pconf
	get ppe pconf
Statistics	Global:
	get ppe stats global
	Session:
	get ppe stats session

2.25 RIP Commands

Category	Commands
Global Configuration	get rip global
-	modify rip global
Interface	create rip intf
	delete rip intf
	get rip intf
	modify rip intf
Statistics	get rip stats
	reset rip stats

2.26 RMON Commands

	Category	Commands
--	----------	----------

Event Group	get rmon eventgrp
Memory Pool	get rmon mpool
Queue	get rmon queue
Semaphore	get rmon semaphore
Task	get rmon task

2.27 SNMP Commands

Category	Commands
Community	create snmp comm
	delete snmp comm
	get snmp comm
Host	create snmp host
	delete snmp host
	get snmp host
Statistics	get snmp stats
Traps	get snmp trap
•	modify snmp trap

2.28 SMTP Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	modify smtp servaddr
	get smtp servaddr

2.29 SNTP Commands

Category	Commands
	create sntp servaddr
	delete sntp servaddr
	get sntp servaddr
	modify sntp cfg
	get sntp cfg
Statistics	get sntp stats
	reset sntp stats

2.30 Surfing Profile

Category	Commands
Configuration	reset surf profile reg

2.31 TCP Commands

Category	Commands
Connection Table	delete tcp conn
	get tcp conn
Statistics	get tcp stats

2.32 UDP Commands

Category	Commands
Listener Table	get udp listen
Statistics	get udp stats

2.33 UNI Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	create atm uni
	delete atm uni
	get atm uni

2.34 Usage Control Commads

Category	Commands
Configuration	get usagectrl
	modify usagectrl
	get datauserslist
	reset datauserslist

2.35 USB Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	create usb intf
	delete usb intf
	get usb intf
	modify usb intf
Statistics	get usb stats

2.36 ZIPB Commands

Category	Commands
Configuration	modify zipb cfg enable

2.37 Other Commands

logout apply alias memset commit modify autoupdate create user modify nbsize delete user modify system do getserialize modify trace cfg modify trapprints do getver do serialize passwd downloadping get autoupdate prompt get interface stats rdm get nbsize rdf get sizeinfo reboot get system remove get trace cfg reset traps get trace stats size get traps traceRoute get trapprints unalias get user verbose help wrm list

3 Command Listing

This chapter lists all commands in detail. All commands are arranged in an alphabetical order.

3.1 alias

Description

Use this command to create an alias for any CLI command. You can later call this command by using the alias-string along with any additional parameters, which you need to specify. It will display a list of all the aliases currently defined if no parameter is given.

Command Syntax

alias [alias-string = aliased-command]

Parameters

Name	Description
alias-string	The string which you will use to refer to the aliased command
	henceforth.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: string of up to 14 characters
	('A'-'Z', 'a'-'z', '0'-'9', '-', '_')
aliased-command	This is the total CLI command length (512 characters).
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any string (all printable characters except ';') as
	long as the total CLI Command length is not exceeded.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

With parameters:

```
$alias abc = create dhcp server pool
Set Done
$abc start-ip 192.168.1.1 end-ip 192.168.1.5 mask 255.255.255.0
Entry Created
Pool Id: 0
```

Without parameters:

\$alias
Alias Command
----abc create dhcp server pool

Output field description

Field	Description
-------	-------------

	This is the new abbreviated command which you may use in place of the string specified in Command
Command	The command string which has been aliased

Caution

Alias Name should not match any CLI keyword. In this case the alias creation will be successful but the alias will not work. It will prompt an error.

References

unalias command.

3.2 apply

Description

Use this command to apply a configuration (.cfg) or shell script (.sh) file that is stored on the modem but has not yet been made active. (This command does not work with binary files, which are activated in RAM when they are uploaded.)

Command Syntax

apply fname file-name [besteffort true|false] [sparams
"<params>"]

Parameters

Name	Description	
fname file-	This specifies the file name which needs to be applied.	
name	Type: mandatory	
name	Valid values: string of up to 128 characters: ('A'-'Z', 'a'-'z', '0'-'9', '-	
	(, , <u>_</u> ,)	
besteffort	If the besteffort flag is false, command execution (as specified in	
true false	"file-name" file) stops immediately after a command returns an	
	error.	
	If the besteffort flag is true, command execution (as specified in	
	"file-name" file) continues even if a command returns an error.	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: true or false	
	Default value: false	
sparams	Params is space-separated list of parameters used as input in	
" <params>"</params>	case of shell script files.	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: guoted string.	

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ apply fname myconfig.cnf

Output

The output of the command is determined by the contents of myconfig.cnf.

Example 1:

The file myconfig.cnf has the following commands:

verbose on

create atm port ifname atm-0

The output would be:

Entry Created

Example 2:

The file myconfig.cnf has the following commands:

create atm port ifname atm-0 $\,$

The output would be:

Entry Created

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

modify autoupdate command

set autoupdate command

remove command

list command

download command

3.3 commit

Description

Use this command to commit the active configuration to the flash.

Command Syntax

commit

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ commit

Output Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

reboot commanddownload command

3.4 create alg port

Description

Use this command to create an ALG port.

Command Syntax

create alg port portno port-no [prot {any|tcp|udp|icmp|esp|

num <prot-number>}] algtype
{ftp|snmp|cuseeme|l2tp|ra|rcmd|mirc|

h323_q931|h323_ras|pptp|rtsp|timbuktu|ldap|sgicompco

rel

msnmsgr|ike|esp}

Parameters

Name	Description	
portno port-no	The Port number on which the ALG should run. The port here is the destination port of the untranslated packet Type: Mandatory Valid values: 0 – 65535	
lanvircolligolicmoleso	This specifies the protocol type for which the ALG should run. Type: Optional Valid values: any top udo icmp, esp or 0-255 (

	valid IANAspecified protocol) Default value: any
algtype ftp snmp cuseeme 12tp ra rcmd mirc h323_q931 h323_ras pptp rtsp timbuktu ldap sgicompcore msnmsgr ike e sp	This specifies the ALG which has to be applied to this port Type: Mandatory

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create alg port portno 21 prot tcp algtype ftp

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description	
Port Num	The port number on which the ALG will operate.	
	The port here is the destination port of the untranslated packet.	
Protocol	The protocol for which this ALG will run.	
ALG type	This specifies the ALG with has to be applied to this port. It may be	
	ftp, snmp, cuseeme, l2tp, ra, rcmd, mirc, h323_q931, h323_ras,	
	pptp, rtsp, timbuktu, ldap, sgicompcore, msnmsgr, IKE,ESP	

Caution

None.

References

delete alg port commandget alg port command

get alg type command.

3.5 create arp

Description

This command is used for creating a static entry in ARP table.

Command Syntax

create arp ip ip-address macaddr mac-address

Parameters

Name	Description
ip ip-address	IP address corresponding to the media-dependent "physical"
	address
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
macaddr mac-	The media-dependent "physical" address
address	Type: Mandatory
address	Valid values: 0:0:0:0:0:1 - ff:ff:ff:ff:fe

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create arp ip 192.168.1.1 macaddr 11:11:11:11:11

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

If Name	Type	Mac Address	Ip Address
veth-0	Static	11:11:11:11:11:11	192.168.1.1

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
If Name	This specifies the physical interface for the media. It may be:
	eth-0 or veth-4 to veth-1
Type	This defines the type of mapping in use. The value Invalid has the effect that this entry is not used. It may be:
	Static, Dynamic, Other
Mac Address	The media-dependent "physical" address
Ip Address	IP address corresponding to the media-dependent "physical" address

Caution

The specified interface should exist. Please refer to the create ethernet intf command.

References

- delete arp command
- get arp command

- \diamond create ethernet intf command
- ip stats related commands
- ip route related commands
- ip address related commands
- ip cfg related commands

3.6 create atm port

Description

Use this command to create an ATM Port.

Command Syntax

create atm port ifname interface-name [maxvc max-num-vccs] [fast|interleaved] [oamsrc oam-src-id] [cbrpriority cbr-priority] [rtvbrpriority rtvbr-priority] [nrtvbrpriority nrtvbr-priority] [gfrpriority gfr-priority] [ubrpriority ubr-priority] [enable|disable]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This specifies the name of the ATM port Type: Mandatory Valid values: atm-0
maxvc max-num-vccs	This specifies the maximum number of VCCs (PVCCs and SVCCs) supported at this ATM interface Type: Optional Valid values: 1 - up to maxvc given in size command Default value: 2
fast interleaved	Type of DSL channel in use on the underlying DSL port Type: Optional Default value: interleaved
oamsrc Oam-src-id	Loop back source id assigned to the ATM port. The ATM port will respond to all loopback cells which carry this OAM id. Type: Optional Valid values: 0x followed by 32 hex digits Default value: 0xffffff ffff ffff ffff ffff
cbrpriority cbr-priority	Priority of the CBR class. The higher the value, the higher the priority The priority can be changed at run time. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-5 Default value: 5
rtvbrpriority rtvbr- priority	Priority of RT-VBR service category. The higher the value, the higher the priority. The priority can be changed at run time. Type: Optional

nrtvbrpriority nrtvbr- priority	Valid values: 1-5 Default value: 4 Priority of NRT-VBR service category. The higher the value, the higher the priority. The priority can be changed at run time. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-5 Default value: 3
gfrpriority gfr- priority	This specifies the priority of GFR class. Value 1 means minimum priority is assigned to this traffic class. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It can be changed at run time. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-5 Default value: 2
ubrpriority ubr- priority	Priority of the best effort traffic. Value 1 means minimum priority is assigned to this traffic class. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It can be changed at run time. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-5 Default value: 1
enable disable	Admin status of the ATM port Type: Optional Default value: enable

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create atm port ifname atm-0 maxvc 4 fast

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

: Up

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
	This specifies the name of the ATM port: It can be: atm-0.
Max Vccs	This specifies the maximum number of VCCs (PVCCs and SVCCs) supported at this ATM interface. It can be: 0-64.
	Priority of the CBR Class. Value 1 means lowest priority and higher the value higher the priority. It may

	be 1-5
UBRPriority	Priority of the best effort traffic. A value 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It may be: 1-5.
RTVBRPriority	Priority of the RT-VBR service category. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It may be: 1-5.
NRTVBRPriority	Priority of the NRT-VBR service category. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It may be: 1-5.
GFRPriority	This specifies the priority of GFR class. A value 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. Higher the value higher the priority. It may be: 1-5.
Latency	Type of DSL channel in use on the underlying DSL port. It may be: fast, interleaved
MaxConfVccs	This specifies the current number of VCCs configured on this port. It may be: 0 - Value defined in MaxVccs.
OAMSrc	Loop back source id assigned to the ATM port. The ATM port will respond to all loopback cells which carry this OAM ID.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either Up or Down

Caution

Execute the size command before creating an atm port.

References

- atm trfdesc related commands
- atm vc related commands
- oam lpbk command
- atm port related commands
- atm statistics related commands.

3.7 create atm svccfg

Description

Use this command to configure SVC (Switched Virtual Connection).

Command Syntax

create atm svccfg ifname interface-name daddr destatm- address [pppoaleoalany] [nplan isdn|atmes] [trfindex traffic- descriptor-index] [a5txsize aa15cpcs-tx-sdu-size]

[a5rxsize aal5-cpcs-rx-sdu-size][vcmux|llcmux|none]

Parameters

A I	
Name	Description
Harric	Description

Ifnama interface-name	Interface name of the SVC to be configured.
Illiame Illicellace Ilaine	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1
Nplan isdn atmes	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM Desti-
	nation Address (for SVC to be opened) belongs
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: isdn atmes
	Default value: atmes
daddr dest-atm-address	The ATM address of the destination with which the
acces west with with ess	connection has to be established.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Valid ATM Address
pppoa eoa any	This specifies the protocol that would run on the VC.
	pppoa – PPP over ATM
	eoa – Ethernet over ATM
	Any – Any
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: ppoa, eoa, any
	Default value: any
Trfindex traffic-	The index of the Traffic Descriptor Table entry whose
descriptor-index	traffic parameters are desired for the SVC to be
	opened.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 - 2 (max VC)
	Default value: 0
a5txsize aa15-cpcs-tx-	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size to be used
sdu-size	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-65535
	Default value: 9188
a5rxsize aa15-cpcs-rx-	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size to be used
sdu-size	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-65535
177	Default value: 9188
vcmux 11cmux none	The type of Protocol Multiplexing used over 1483. The
	value none means no data multiplexing is to be done.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: vcmux, llcmux, none
	Default value: Ilcmux

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ create atm svccfg ifname aal5-0 nplan atmes daddr 0x47000580ffde0000000000010500000000000000 trfindex 1 a5txsize 200 a5rxsize 200 vcmux pppoa

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Created

: aa15-0 AAL5 Encap : VC Mux $\begin{array}{ccccc} VC & \mbox{IfName} & & : & \mbox{aal5-0} \\ VPI & & : & 0 \\ Numbering & \mbox{Plan} & & : & \mbox{atmes} \end{array}$ VC IfName VCI : 0

Trf Descr Index : 1 Access Protocol : PPPoA Aal5 Tx Size : 200

Aal5 Rx Size : 200

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Created

Output field description

Name	Description
VC Ifname	Interface name of the configured SVC.
AAL5 Encap	The type of Protocol Multiplexing used over 1483
VPI	The VPI of the ATM VC found towards the specified ATM Destination
VCI	The VCI of the ATM VC found towards the specified ATM Destination
Numbering Plan	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM Destination Address (for SVC to be opened) belongs.
Dest Atm Address	The ATM address of the destination with which the connection is established.
Trf Descr Index	The index of the Traffic Descriptor Table entry whose traffic parameters are for the SVC to be opened.
Access Protocol	This specifies the protocol that runs on the VC
Aal5 Tx Size	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size.
Aal5 Rx Size	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size.

Caution

None.

References

- get atm svccfg command
- delete atm svccfg command

3.8 create atm trfdesc

Description

Use this command to create a traffic descriptor entry. Traffic descriptors are used to specify desired traffic characteristics during VC creation.

Command Syntax

create atm trfdesc trfindex traffic-descriptor-index

 $[{\tt NOCLP_NOSCR|CLP_NOTAG_MCR|NOCLP_SCR}]$

[UBR|GFR|CBR|RTVBR|NRTVBR] [pcr peak-cell-rate] [mcr minimum- cell-rate] [scr sustained-cell-rate] [mbs maximum-burst-size]

Parameters

Name	Description
trfindex traffic-	This identifies the traffic descriptor entry. The traffic

	1
descriptor-index	descriptor 0 has a special meaning – it is always created by default and is used if the user does not specify a traffic descriptor in the create atm vc intf command. Type: Mandatory Valid values: 0 - *
NOCLP NOSCR CLP NOTAG MCR	Type of traffic to be used.
NOCLP SCR	Type: Optional
_	Valid values: NOCLP NOSCR,
	CLP NOTAG MCR, NOCLP SCR
	Default value: NOCLP NOSCR
UBR GFR CBR RTVBR NRTVBR	Service category to be used.
	UBR and CBR can be used only with
	NOCLP NOSCR, RTVBR, and NRTVBR.
	GFR can be used with CLP NOTAG MCR.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: UBR, GFR, CBR, RTVBR, NRTVBR
	Default value: UBR
pcr peak-cell-rate	Peak Cell Rate for ATM Traffic
_	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 0
mcr minimum-cell-rate	Minimum Cell Rate for ATM Traffic
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 0
scr sustained-cell-	Sustained Cell Rate for ATM Traffic
rate	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 0
mbs maximum burst size	Maximum Burst Size for ATM Traffic
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 0

Super-User

Example

\$ create atm trfdesc trfindex 2 noclp_noscr ubr

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Type : NOCLP_NOSCR
Frame Discard : Enabled
MCR : 0 Traffic Descr Id : 2
Service Category : UBR
PCR : 0

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Field	Description
Traffic Descr Id	This identifies the traffic descriptor entry which has been cre-

	ated.	
Type	This defines the type of traffic used. It may be: NOCLP NOSCR, CLP NOTAG MCR, or NOCLP SCR	
Service Category	This specifies the service category to be used. It may be:	
	UBR, GFR, CBR, RTVBR, NRTVBR	
Frame Discard	It is always Enabled. It indicates that the network is requested to treat data for this connection, in the given direction, as frames (e.g. AAL5 CPCS_PDU's) rather than as individual cells. This treatment may for example involve discarding entire frames during congestion, rather than a few cells from many frames.	
PCR	Peak Cell Rate for ATM Traffic	
MCR	Minimum Cell Rate for ATM Traffic	

None.

References

- atm trfdesc commands
- atm vc related commands
- atm statistics command
- atm port related commands

3.9 create atm uni

Description

Use this command to create UNI (User Network Interface).

Command Syntax

create atm uni ifname interface-name saddr sourceatm-addr [nplan isdn|atmes] [version uni31|uni40]

Name	Description
Ifname interface-name	Interface name of the ATM VC over which UNI
	signaling is to be run.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1
Nplan isdn atmes	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM
	Source Address belongs
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: isdn atmes
	Default value: atmes
Saddr source-atm-	The self ATM address. It could be a valid hexvalue
address	or decvalue.
address	Type : Mandatory
	Valid values: Valid ATM Address
version uni31 uni40	This specifies the version of UNI.
	Type: Optional

Valid Values: uni31 or uni40 Default Value: uni31

Super-User.

Example

\$ create atm uni ifname aal5-0 nplan atmes saddr

0x39000760ff8900000000001190000000000000 version uni40

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Created

IfName : aa15-0 ATM Numb Plan : atmes Status : Up Version : UNI40

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Created

Output field description

Name	Description	
Ifname	Interface name of VC over which UNI signaling is running. It can be: aal5-0, aal5-1	
ATM NumbPlan	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM Source Address belongs.	
Status	This specifies the status of the Signaling ATM Adaptation Layer (SAAL) layer. The purpose of SAAL is to provide reliable transfer of signaling message between peer UNI entities.	
Version	This specifies the version of the UNI used. UNI31 and UNI40 mean UNI3.1 and UNI4.1 respectively.	
SelfAtmAddress	The source ATM address.	

Caution

Create aal5 VC with none encapsulation, before creating atm uni.

References

- * get atm uni command
- * delete atm uni command

3.10 create atm vc intf

Description

Use this command to create a new ATM Virtual Circuit.

Command Syntax

create atm vc intf ifname interface-name vpi vpi vci vci
[lowif virtual-atm-port-interface-name]
[enable|disable|lpbk] [trfindex traffic-descriptorindex] [aal5] [a5txsize aal5-cpcs-tx-sdu-size]
[a5rxsize aal5-cpcs- rx-sdu-size]
[vcmux|llcmux|none] [a5maxproto max-protocolper-aal5] [vcweight vc-weight]

Name	Description
ifname	VC Interface Name
interface-	Type: Mandatory
name	Valid values: aal5-0 - * to aal5-7
lowif virtual-	Lower interface index. It should correspond to a valid atm port.
atm-port-	Type: Optional Valid values: atm-0
interface-	Default value: atm-0
name	
vpi	Virtual Path Identifier Type: Mandatory Valid values: 0-255
vci	Virtual Circuit Identifier
	Type: Mandatory Valid values: 0-65535
enable disable lpbk	This specifies the Admin Status of the VC. lpbk has a special significance. If set to lpbk, the VC will loop back whatever cells it receives.
	Type: Optional Default value: enable
trfindex	This index references an existing traffic descriptor, whose ATM traffic parameters will be used to create the VC. Type: Optional Default value: 0
aa15	AAL type to be used for the VC. Type: Optional Default value: aal5
a5txsize	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size to be used Type: Optional Valid values: 1-65535 Default value: 9188
a5Rxsize	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size to be used Type: Optional Valid values: 1-65535 Default value: 9188
vcmux 11cmux	This specifies the data multiplexing method to be used over the
none	AAL5 SSCS layer. RFC 1483 defines two methods – VC muxing

	and LLC muxing. None means no data multiplexing is to be	
	done.	
	Type: Optional	
	Default value: Ilcmux	
A5maxproto	This specifies the maximum number of protocols that are supported over the VC. It is relevant and configurable only for an LLC muxed VC. For a VC muxed VC it is always 1. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-255 Default value: 2	
vcweight	This specifies the priority of the VC. Higher value means higher priority. Type: Optional Valid values: 0-255 Default value: 10	

Super-User

Example

\$ create atm vc intf ifname aal5-0 vpi 10 vci 10 lowif atm-0 enable trfindex 2 aal5 a5txsize 9200 a5rxsize 9200 llcmux a5maxproto 3 vcweight 40

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

LowIf : atm-0 VPI : 10

VC IfName : aa15-0 VC Type : PVC

Admin Status : Up Oper Status : Up

Aa15 Tx Size : 9200 Aa15 Rx Size : 9200

AAL Type : AAL5 AAL5 Encap : LLC Mux

Max Aa15 Proto : 3 Trf Descr Index : 2

VC Weight : 40 VCI : 10

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Field	Description
LowIf	Lower interface index. It is always: atm-0
VPI	It is the Virtual Path Identifier.
VCI	It is the Virtual Circuit Identifier.
VC IfName	VC Interface Name. It can be: aal5-0 - aal5-63
VC Type	This field specifies whether VC type is PVC or SVC.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either Up, Down or Loopback. Loopback has a special significance. A Loopback VC will loop back whatever cells it receives.
Aal5 Tx Size	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size to be used
Aal5 Rx Size	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size to be used
Aal Type	AAL type in use for the VC
Aa15 Encap	This specifies the data multiplexing method to be used over the

	AAL5 SSCS layer.
Max Aal5 Proto	This specifies the maximum number of protocols that are supported over the VC
Trf Descr Index	This identifies the transmit traffic parameters in use. It corresponds to a valid traffic descriptor entry
VC Weight	This specifies the priority of the VC. Higher value means higher priority

Entry corresponding to the specified trfindex should exist. Please

refer to atm trfdesc commands.

The specified lower interface should exist. Please refer to the

create atm port command.

References

atm vc intf commands

atm trfdesc related commands

oam lpbk command

atm port related commands

atm statistics command

3.11 create bridge port intf

Description

Use this command to create a new bridge port.

Command Syntax

create bridge port intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	Specifies the interface name for which the bridge port
		is to be created. Any valid EoA or ethernet interface
		may be specified.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: eoa-0 - *, eth-0

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create bridge port intf ifname eth-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry	Created
-------	---------

Port	If-Name	Delay-Exceed-Discards	MTU-Exceed-Discards
1	eth-0	0 Verbose Mode Off	0

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Port	The port number of the interface for which the bridge port has been created.
If-Name	This specifies the Interface name corresponding to the above port. It can be: eoa-0 - *, eth-0
Delay-Exceed-Discards	The number of frames discarded by this port due to excessive transit delay through the bridge
MTU-Exceed-Discards	The number of frames discarded by this port due to the frame size being greater than the MTU of the interface

Caution

The specified interface should exist.

References

- delete bridge port intf command
- create usb intf command
- get bridge port intf related commands
- bridge mode related commands
- bridge port stats related commands
- bridge static related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands
- create ethernet intf related commands
- create eoa intf related commands.

3.12 create bridge static

Description

Use this command to specify the list of interfaces over which frames destined for the given MAC address shall be forwarded.

Command Syntax

create bridge static macaddr mac-address inifname interface- name all [ifname interfacename|all]+

Parameters

Name	Description
macaddr mac-address	The destination MAC address in a frame to which this en-
	try's filtering information applies.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0:0:0:0:0:1 to FF:FF:FF:FF:FE
Inifname	Interface from which a frame must be received in order for
interface-	this entry's filtering information to apply. A value of all in-
name all	dicates that this entry applies on all interfaces of the bridge
name all	for which there is no other applicable entry.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *, usb-0
ifname interface-	The interface to which frames destined for the given MAC
name all	address are allowed to be forwarded. Any number of such
mame all	interfaces may be specified together.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *
	Default value: all

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create bridge static macaddr 1:1:1:1:1 inifname veth-0 ifname

eth-0 ifname eoa-1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

MAC Address : 01:01:01:01:01 Interfaces : eoa-0 eoa-1 Incoming Interface : veth-0

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Field	Description
MAC Address	The destination MAC address in a frame to which this entry's filtering information applies
Incoming Interface	Interface from which a frame must be received in order for this entry's filtering information to apply. A value of all indicates that this entry applies on all interfaces of the bridge for which there is no other applicable entry.
Interfaces	The interfaces to which frames destined for a specific MAC address

are allowed to be forwarded.
They may be: eth-0, eoa-0 - *

Bridge ports must have been created for the interfaces specified in this command.

References

- delete bridge static command
- get bridge static related commands
- modify bridge static related commands
- bridge port stats related commands
- bridge static related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands
- bridge mode related commands.

3.13 create dhcp relay inff

Description

Use this command to enable the specified interface for DHCP relay.

Command Syntax

create dhcp relay intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname	 This specifies the Interface which is to be enabled for
name	DHCP Relay
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *, ppp-0 - *, ipoa-0-* and
	usb-0

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create dhcp relay intf ifname eth-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

If-name ----eth-0

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies an interface which is enabled for DHCP Relay.
	It can be: eth-0, ppp-0, ppp-1,

Caution

None.

References

- delete dhcp relay intf command
 get dhcp relay intf related commands
 dhcp relay cfg related commands
 dhcp relay stats related commands
 create ethernet intf related commands
- create ppp intf related commands.

3.14 create dhcp server exclude

Description

Use this command to create an entry in the address exclusion table. While assigning addresses to DHCP clients, the DHCP server does not use the IP addresses that are added in the address exclusion table.

Command Syntax

create dhcp server exclude ip ip-address

Parameters

Name	Description
ip ip-address	The IP address that has to be excluded. The IP Address must
	belong to a pool
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create dhcp server exclude ip 192.168.1.5

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Ip Address
----192.168.1.5

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
ip Address	This is the IP Address that has been excluded.

Caution

The IP Address specified must belong to a pool.

References

- get dhcp server exclude command
- delete dhcp server exclude related commands
- dhcp server pool related commands.

3.15 create dhcp server host

Description

This command is used to create a DHCP static host entry. Whenever a client with the same MAC address as specified in the entry requests an IP address, the server assigns it the address as given in the entry. The client with the given MAC address always gets this same IP address whenever it boots.

Command Syntax

create dhcp server host ip ip-address mask ip-address
hwaddr hw-address [dname domain-name]
[{pop3|nntp|web|irc|wins|swins|dns|sdns|gwy|smtp} ipaddress]* [dlease default-lease-time] [mlease
max-lease-time]

Name	Description
ip ip-address	This specifies the IP address to be provided to this host

	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	This specifies the subnet mask to be provided to the host
mask ip-address	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 128.0.0.0 – 255.255.254
, ,, bee address a	This specifies the hardware address of the client.
hwaddr hw-address	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0:0:0:0:0 – ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
dname domain-name	Specifies the domain name configured for this host
aname domain-name	Type: Optional
	Valid values: String of length 64 with valid characters 'a'-
	'z', 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-', ' 'and '.'
	Default value: null
gwy ip-address	This specifies the default gateway IP address
g, _F ccc_cc	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
pop3 ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
nntp ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
web ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address Default value: 0.0.0.0
	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
irc ip-address	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
wins ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server
"In a second	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
swins ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server
_	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
_{dns} ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name
	Server
	Type: Optional Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
: in addman	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain
sdns ip-address	Name Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
smtp ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
dlease default-	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns
lease-time	an IP address to a client in case the client does not request
	for a specific lease period itself.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 -mlease
	Default value: 2592000 seconds (this equals 30 days)

time	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client. Type: Optional Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 31536000 seconds (this equals 1 year)

Super-User

Example

\$ create dhcp server host ip 192.168.1.7 mask 255.255.255.0

hwaddr 12:34:45:56:3:2

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Host Ip : 192.168.1.7 Hardware Addr : 12:34:45:56:03:02
Def Lease(sec) : 2592000 Max Lease(sec) : 31536000
Domain Name :

Der Lease (sec) : 2592000

Domain Name :

Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0

Gateway Ip : 0.0.0.0

Dns Ip : 0.0.0.0

Pop3 Ip : 0.0.0.0

Www Ip : 0.0.0.0

Wins Ip : 0.0.0.0 Smtp Ip

 Smtp Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Sec. Dns Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Nntp Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Irc Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Sec. Wins Ip : 0.0.0.0

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Field	Description
Host Ip	This specifies the IP address to be provided to this host.
Hardware Addr	This specifies the hardware address of the client
Def Lease	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an
	IP address to a client in case the client does not request for a
	specific lease period itself.
Max Lease	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server
	can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.
Domain Name	Specifies the domain name configured for this host
Subnet Mask	This specifies the subnet mask to be provided to the host
Gateway Ip	This specifies the default gateway IP address
Smtp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name
	Server
Sec.Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain Name
	Server
Pop3 Ip	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
Nntp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
Www Ip	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Serve
Irc Ip	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server
Sec. Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server

None.

References

- get dhcp server host command
- delete dhcp server host related commands
- ❖ modify dhcp server host related commands
- dhcp server related commands.

3.16 create dhcp server pool

Description

Use this command to create a DHCP server pool.

Command Syntax

create dhcp server pool [pool-id pool-id] start-ip ip-address end-ip ip-address mask ip-address [dname domain-name]

{{pop3|nntp|web|irc|wins|swins|dns|sdns|gwy|smtp} ip-address}* [enable|disable] [Ithres low-threshold] [dlease default-lease-time] [mlease max-lease-time]

Name	Description
pool-id pool-id	This specifies the Pool Id to be assigned to the newly created pool. If no id is specified then the pool is automatically assigned a pool id which is free.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-*, where * dependes upon the iad.conf value
start-ip ip-	The IP address of the first address in the range. The value
address	of range start must be less than or equal to the value of range end
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
end-ip ip-address	The IP address of the last address in the range. The value of range end must be greater than or equal to the value of range start. Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
mask ip-address	This specifies the subnet mask provided to any client of- fered an address from this range Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 128.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.254
dname domain-name	Domain name used per subnet. Type: Optional

	Valid values: String of length 64 with valid characters 'a'- 'z',
	'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-', '_'and '.'
	Default value: null
gwy ip-address	This specifies the default gateway IP address
	Type: Optional Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
pop3 ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
pops =p ddd=ddd	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
nntp ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
web ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Server
1	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
irc ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
wins ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address Default value: 0.0.0.0
swins ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server
swins ip-addiess	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
dns ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name
	Server Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
sdns ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain
_	Name Server
	Type: Optional Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
smtp ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
1.5.11	Default value: 0.0.0.0
dlease default-	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an IP address to a client in case the client does not request
lease-time	for a specific lease period itself.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 -mlease
_	Default value: 2592000 seconds (this equals 30 days)
mlease max-lease-	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.
time	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 31536000 seconds (this equals 1 year)
enable disable	The state the pool is to be set in.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable, disable
1thres 10W-	

5.11 C 5.11 C 1	available IP addresses for a particular shared network. If the number of free IP addresses fall below this value, then a trap is raised. This value has to be less than the pool size specified using the start and end ip addresses. Type: Optional Valid values: 0 – 255
	Default value: 0

Super-User

Example

\$ create dhcp server pool start-ip 192.168.1.1 end-ip 192.168.1.200

mask 255.255.255.0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

: 0 : Disable : 192.168.1.200 Pool Id Status Start Ip : 192.168.1.1 End Ip Def Lease(sec) : 2592000 Max Lease(sec) : 31536000 Range Inuse : 0 Outstd Offers : 0 : 255.255.255.0 Low Thres : 0 Subnet Mask Domain Name Domain Name
Gateway Ip

 Gateway Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Smtp Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Dns Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Sec. Dns Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Pop3 Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Nntp Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Www Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Irc Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Wins Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Sec. Wins Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Field	Description
Pool Id	This is the pool identifier.
Status	This defines the Admin status of the entry. It may be: Enable, Dis-
	able
Start Ip	The IP address of the first address in the range.
End Ip	The IP address of the last address in the range
Def Lease	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an IP
	address to a client in case the client does not request for a spe-
	cific lease period itself.
<i>Max Lease</i>	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can
	lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.
Range Inuse	The number of addresses in this range that are currently in use.
	This number includes those addresses whose lease has not ex-
	pired and addresses which have been reserved
Outstd Offers	The number of outstanding DHCPOFFER messages for this range
	is reported with this value. An offer is outstanding if the server
	has sent a DHCPOFFER message to a client, but has not yet
	received a DHCPREQUEST message from the client nor has the
	server-specific timeout, within which a client can respond to the

	offer message, for the offer message expired
Low Thres	This specifies the lowest threshold value on the number of avail-
	able/ free IP addresses for a particular shared network
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask provided to any client offered an address from
	this range
Domain Name	Domain name used per subnet.
Gateway Ip	This specifies the default gateway IP address
Smtp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name Server
Sec.Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain Name
	Server
Pop3 Ip	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
Nntp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
Www Ip	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Serve
Irc Ip	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server
Sec.Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server

No two pools can overlap i.e. an IP Address cannot belong to more than 1 pool.

References

- get dhcp server pool command
- delete dhcp server pool related commands
- ❖ modify dhcp server pool related commands
- dhcp server cfg related commands
- dhcp server exclude related commands
- dhcp server address related commands.

3.17 create dns servaddr

Description

Use this command to create DNS server addresses.

Command Syntax

create dns servaddr <ip-address>

Name	Description
ip-address	This parameter specifies the IP address for config-
	uring the DNS server address.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Valid IP address.

Mode	
	Super-User.
Example :	\$ create dns servaddr 182.25.2.1
	y create uns servadur 102.23.2.1
Output	
	Verbose mode on:
Entry Created	
DNS Server IP Address	
182.25.2.1	
	Verbose mode off:
Entry Created	verbose mode on.
Output Field description:	
Field	Description
DNS Server IP Addre	
	,
Caution	
	None
References:	
	.
	•
	•
	*
	* •
3.18 create eoa intf	
Description	Use this command to create an eoa interface.
	ose this command to create an eoa interface.
Command Syntax	
	create eoa intf ifname interface-name [ip ip-address]
	[mask net-mask] lowif low-interface-name

[inside|outside|none] [usedhcp true|false] [droute true|false] [ifsectype public|private|dmz] [gwy

<ddd.ddd.ddd>]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the name assigned to this
	interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eoa-0 - *
ip ip-address	The IP address to be assigned to the eoa interface.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be ap-
	plied to the IP address.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 128.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.254
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
lowif low-interface-	This parameter specifies the lower interface of an eoa
name	interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: aal5-0 - *
inside outside none	This specifies the NAT direction for the interface.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: inside, outside, none
	Default value: none
usedhcp true false	This specifies whether a DHCP client is to be triggered to obtain an IP address for this interface from a DHCP
	server.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: true or false
	Default value: false
droute true false	This specifies the default route
droute true raise	Type: Optional
	Valid values: true or false
	Default value: false
ifsectype	Type of interface security.
public private dmz	Type: Optional
<u></u>	Valid values : public, private or dmz
	Default Value : public
gwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>	This specifies the gateway IP address
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create eoa intf ifname eoa-0 ip 192.168.1.1 mask
255.255.255.0 lowif aal5-0 none ifsectype public

Output

Verbose Mode On:

: eoa-0 Interface Sec Type : Public Configured IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Mask : 0.0.0.0 Low IfName : aa15-0 NAT Direction : OUT Gateway : 0.0.0.0 DRoute : Oper Status : Down Admin Status : Up UseDHCP : False

: False

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the interface which has been created.
Configured IpAddress	IP address assigned to the eoa interface.
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
LowIfName	Specifies the lower interface.
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: inside,
	outside or none.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be ei-
	ther Up or Down
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either Up
	or Down
UseDhcp	Whether or not a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP
	address for this interface from a DHCP server
Interface Sec Type	Interface Security Type.
Droute	Default route
Gateway address	Gateway IP address

Caution

None.

References

- * get eoa intf command
- * delete eoa intf command
- * modify eoa intf command
- * eoa stats related commands
- interface stats related commands
- atm vc intf related commands

3.19 create ethernet inff

Description

Use this command to create a physical or a virtual Ethernet interface. The type of interface to be created is identified by the name of the interface.

Command Syntax

create ethernet intf ifname interface-name [ip ipaddress] [mask net-mask] [phyif low-interfacename] [inside|outside|none] [usedhcp local|remote|false] [ifsectype public|private|dmz]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This parameter specifies the name which will be used to
name	refer to the interface in future. The interface type, i.e.,
	whether it is physical or virtual is implicit in the name. eth
	(e.g., eth-0) specifies a physical interface and veth (eg
	veth-0, veth-1 etc.) specifies a virtual interface.
	Type: Mandatory Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *
	The IP address to be assigned to the Ethernet interface.
ip ip-address	Type: Mandatory only when virtual interface is specified,
	i.e., it is not eth-0
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address. 0.0.0.0 is
	invalid for a virtual ethernet interface.
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
Mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be applied to
lask 1100 masi	the IP address. Mask not allowed when usedhop true,
	along with ip 0.0.0.0
	Type: This field is not allowed when a physical interface is
	specified and ip is 0.0.0.0. In all other cases the field is
	mandatory.
	Valid values: 255.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 255.0.0.0
phyif low-	When a virtual interface is being created, this specifies the
interface- name	lower interface name to be specified. This can be the
	interface name of a physical ethernet interface only.
	Type: Optional for virtual (veth) interfaces. Not allowed for physical (eth) interfaces.
	Valid values: eth-0
	Default value: eth-0
inside outside none	This specifies the NAT direction for the interface.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: inside, outside, none
	Default value: none
usedhcp	Local: IP address for this interface is obtained from a local
local remote false	DHCP server
	Remote: DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for
	this interface from a remote DHCP server
	False: DHCP client is not used.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: local, remote, false
	Default value: false
ifsectype	Interface security type
public private dmz	Type: Optional
	Valid values : public, private or dmz
	Default Value : private

Mode

Example

\$ create ethernet intf ifname eth-0 ip 192.168.1.1 mask 255.255.0.0 ifsectype private inside

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Interface : eth-0

Interface Sec Type : Private Configured IP Address :

192.168.1.1

UseDhcp : False
Nat Direction : None
Configured Speed : auto
Speed : 10BT
Admin Status : : 255.255.255.0 Physical Interface : eth-0 Configured Duplex : auto Duplex : half Operational Status : Up : Up

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Interface	The name of the interface which has been created.
Interface Security	Type of interface security - private, public or demilitarized.
Type	
Configured Ip	IP address assigned to the Ethernet port.
Address	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
UseDhcp	Local: IP address for this interface is obtained from a local DHCP server
	Remote: DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a remote DHCP server
	False: DHCP client is not used.
Physical Interface	Valid only in case of virtual interfaces i.e. the Type is not eth. It can only be eth-0
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: inside, outside or none.
Configured Duplex	The duplex modeto be used by the interface, as configured by the user.
Configured Speed	Line speed to be used by Ethernet interface as configured by the user
Duplex	The duplex mode used by the interface.
Speed	Line speed used by Ethernet interface
Operational Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either up or down
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either up or down

Caution

A virtual interface (veth-0, veth-1 etc.) cannot be created unless a physical interface (i.e. eth-0) exists.

References

- get ethernet intf command
- delete ethernet intf command
- modify ethernet intf related commands
- ethernet stats related commands
- interface stats related commands.

3.20 create igmp inff

Description

Use this command to start IGMP over a given IP interface.

Command Syntax

Name	Description
ifname <interface-< th=""><th>This identifies the interface on which IGMP is enabled.</th></interface-<>	This identifies the interface on which IGMP is enabled.
name>	Type: Mandatory
liame,	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, ppp-0 - *, eoa-0 - *,
	usb-0, ipoa-0-*
	Default value: None.
qinterval <query-< th=""><th>This specifies the periodic interval in seconds at which</th></query-<>	This specifies the periodic interval in seconds at which
interval>	host-query messages (queries) are transmitted on this
incervary	interface.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
	Default value: 125 seconds
robust < robustness-	The Robustness Variable allows tuning for the ex-
variable>	pected packet loss on a subnet. If a subnet is expect-
Variable	ed to be lossy, the Robustness Variable may be
	increased. IGMP is robust to (Robustness Variable- 1)
	packet losses.
	Type: Optional.
	Valid values: 1-255
	Default value: 2
host router	This tells whether the interface is configured as IGMP
	Host Interface or IGMP Router Interface
	Type: Optional.
	Valid values: host or router
	Default value: router
Version igmpv1 igmpv2	This identifies the version of IGMP.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: igmpv1 and igmpv2
	Default value: igmpv2
qmaxresponsetime <	This identifies the query max response time (in secs)
qmaxresponsetime>	Type: Optional
	Valid Values: Any decimal value.

	Default value: 10
<pre>lmqinterval < lmqinterval</pre>	This identifies the Last Member Query Interval (in
>	secs)
	Type : Optional
	Valid Values: Any decimal value.
	Default value: 1

Super-User.

Example

\$ create igmp intf ifname eth-0 qinterval 150 robust 10 version

igmpv1 Imqinterval 2 qmaxresponsetime 10

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Created

IfName : eth-0 Type : Host

Version : igmpv1 Query Interval(sec)

: 150 Query Max Resp Time(sec) : 10 Last Memb

QueryIntvl(sec) : 2

Robustness : 10 Join Requests

: 10

Current Groups : 8

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Query Interval(sec)	This is the periodic interval at which host-query messages (queries) are transmitted on this interface
Version	This field specifies the version of IGMP.
Query Max ResponseTime(sec)	This field specifies the query max response time (in secs)
Last Memb QueryIntvl(sec)	This is the periodic interval at which host-query messages (queries) are transmitted on this interface.
Join Requests	This is the number of times a group membership has been added to this interface
Current Groups	This is the current number of entries for this interface in the IGMP Group Table.

Caution

None.

References

create igmp intf command

get igmp intf command

get igmp groups command

3.21 create ilmi intf

Description

This command is used for configuring ILMI based auto configuration parameters on an ATM interface.

Command Syntax

create ilmi intf ifname interface-name [enable|disable]
[vpi vpi-number] [vci vci-number] [timeout timeout] [keepalive keep-alive] [maxretry max-retry]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface- name	It specifies the ATM port on which ILMI based auto configuration is to be configured. Type: Mandatory Valid values: atm-0.
enable disable	Whether ILMI based auto configuration is enabled or not on this interface Type: Optional Valid values: enable, disable Default value: disable
_{vpi} vpi-number	VPI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges Type: Optional Valid values: 0 - 255 Default value: 0
vci vci-number	VCI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges Type: Optional Valid values: 0-65535 Default value: 16
timeout time-out	Timeout value in seconds, for SNMP Get/Set messages exchanged between peer Interface Management Entities (IMEs). Type: Optional Valid values: 1-65535 Default value: 1
keepalive keep- alive	The time-interval in seconds, ILMI should use to poll for peer ILMI's availability. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-65535 Default value: 5
maxretry max-retry	Number of times ILMI should retry before declaring ILMI connectivity as lost. Type: Optional Valid values: 0-65535 Default value: 4

Mode

Example

\$ create ilmi intf ifname atm-0 enable vpi 10 vci 5 timeout 3 keepalive 5 maxretry 11

Output

Verbose Mode On:

```
Entry Created
                                    : Enable
Interface : : atm-0
VPI : 10
Timeout(sec) : 3
                               Status
                         VCI
Timeout(sec)
                                                  : 4.0
                               Keep Alive (sec)
                                                        : 5
Max Retries
                 : 11
                                  Version
```

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Interface	It specifies the ATM port on which ILMI based auto
	configuration is to be configured.
Status	Whether ILMI based auto configuration is enabled or
	not on this interface.
VPI	VPI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
VCI	VCI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges.
Timeout	Timeout value for SNMP Get/ Set messages ex-
	changed between peer IMEs.
Keep Alive	The time-interval, ILMI should use to poll for peer IL-
	MI's availability.
Max Retries	Number of times ILMI should retry before declaring
	ILMI connectivity as lost.
Version	The version of ILMI

Caution

Enabling the ILMI interface only marks the state of the interface as enabled. The actual procedure begins only after the trigger ilmi command is given, or after the modem is rebooted. On the other hand, to disable the procedure, it is sufficient set the ILMI interface state as disabled.

References

- * get ilmi intf command
- * modify ilmi intf command
- * modify ilmi trigger command
- * trigger ilmi command
- * get ilmi access protocol command

3.22 create ip route

Description

Use this command to create a routing table entry.

Command Syntax

create ip route ip dest-ip-address gwyip gwy-ipaddress mask net-mask

Parameters

Name	Description
ip dest-ip-address	Destination IP address of this route.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C address
wyip gwy-ip-address The IP address of the next hop for this route.	
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C address
mask net-mask	The Mask of the destination IP Address.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 128.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.254

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create ip route ip 192.168.2.40 gwyip 192.168.1.1 mask 55.255.255.0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Destination	Mask	Gateway	If-name		Route Orig	Age(sec)
192.168.2.40	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1		IND	LCL	0

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Field	Description	
Destination	Destination IP address of this route	
Mask	The Mask of the destination IP Address	
Gateway	The IP address of the next hop for this route	
If-Name	The local interface through which the next hop of this route will be reached	
Route Type	The type of route. It may be: dir (for Direct), ind (for Indirect), or inv (for invalid route)	
Route Orig	The routing mechanism through which this route was learned. It may be: NET (for Network Management), LCL (for Local), RIP, ICMP,DYI (Dynamic through Interface creation)	
Age	The number of seconds since this route was last updated or otherwise determined to be correct	

None.

References

- get ip route command
- delete ip route command
- ip stats related commands
- ip cfg related commands
- ip address related commands
- arp related commands

3.23 create ipf rule entry

Description

This command is used for creating an IP filter rule.

Command Syntax

create ipf rule entry

ruleid rule-id

[ifname interface-name|public|private|dmz|all]

[dir in|out]

[inifname interface-name|public|private|dmz|all]

[act accept | deny]

[log enable | disable]

[enable|disable]

[srcaddr {|t||teq|gt|gteq|eq|neq <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>}|{{range|erange} <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd> <ddd.ddd.ddd>}|any|self|

[destaddr {It||teq|gt|gteq|eq|neq

<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>}|{{range|erange} <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>

<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>}|any|bcast|self|

[srcport {|t||teq|gt|gteq|eq|neq {num

<decvalue>}|echo|discard|chargen|ftp|telnet|smtp|dns|boot|tf

tp|http|pop3|snmp >}|{{range|erange} <decValue> <decValue>}|any]

[destport {It|Iteq|gt|gteq|eq|neq {num

<decvalue>}|echo|discard|chargen|ftp|telnet|smtp|dns|boot|tf

tp|http|pop3|snmp >}|{{range|erange} <decValue> <decValue>}|any]

[icmpcode {eq|neq <decValue>}|any]

[icmptype {eq|neq echoreq|unreach|redir|echorep|{num

<decValue>}}|any]

[transprot {eq|neq TCP|UDP|ICMP|{num <decValue>}}|any]

[tcpflag syn|nosyn|any]

[storestate enable|disable]

[seclevel {high|medium|low}+] [blistprotect enable|disable] [logtag "log-tag"] [isfrag yes|no|ignore] [isipopt yes|no|ignore]

[pktsize {lt|lteq|gt|gteq|eq|neq <decvalue>}|any]

[todfrom <hh:mm:ss>] [todto <hh:mm:ss>] [todstatus enable|disable]

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry. Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
ifname interface-	This specifies the IP enabled physical interface to be
name public private dmz	associated to this Rule. 'ALL' indicates that Rule is to
all	be associated to all interfaces. Public, Private or DMZ
	indicates that rule is to be associated with public,
	private or DMZ type of interfaces recpectively.
	Type: Optional Valid values : eth-0,veth, eoa,ppp,usb or public/pri-
	vate/dmz interfaces.
	Default value : all
Dir in out	Specifies the direction of data flow on which filtering is
	to be applied.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: in, out Default value: out
Act accept deny	Specifies the action to be taken when a packet
	matches a rule.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: accept, deny
	Default value: deny
[log enable disable]	This flag controls the logging of matched packets. Each log will contain IP header and TCP/UDP header
	or ICMP fields, if available.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable
	Default value: disable
Srcaddr	Specifies the matching criteria for source IP address.
{	Type: Optional Valid values: It (less than), Iteq (less than or equal to),
<ddd.ddd.ddd>} </ddd.ddd.ddd>	gt (greater than), gteq (greater than or equal to), eq
{{range erange}	(equal to), neg (not equal to), range (in the range),
<ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd>	erange (out of the range) and any. Any is used when
<ddd.ddd.ddd>} </ddd.ddd.ddd>	no comparison has to be done. For range and erange,
any	both the specified IP addresses are inclusive. Default value: any
Destaddr	Specifies the matching criteria for destination IP ad-
{1t 1teq gt gteq eq neq	dress.
<ddd.ddd.ddd>} </ddd.ddd.ddd>	Type: Optional
{{range erange}	Valid values: It (less than), Iteq (less than or equal to), gt (greater than), gteq (greater than or equal to), eq
<ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd>	(equal to), neq (not equal to), range (in the range),
<ddd.ddd.ddd>} </ddd.ddd.ddd>	erange (out of the range) and any. Any is used when

any	no comparison has to be done. For range and erange,
	both the specified IP addresses are inclusive.
	Default value: any
Srcport	Specifies the matching criteria for source port
{ 1t 1teq gt gteq eq neq	Type: Optional
{num	Valid values: It (less than), Iteq (less than or equal to),
<decvalue>} echo discar</decvalue>	gt (greater than), gteq (greater than or equal to), eq
d chargen ftp telnet sm	(equal to), neq (not equal to), range (in the range),
tp dns boot tftp http p	erange (out of the range) and any. Any is used when
op3 snmp	no comparison has to be done. For range and erange,
>} {{range erange}	both the specified values are inclusive. This field can
<decvalue> <decvalue>} any]</decvalue></decvalue>	have valid values of echo, discard, chargen, ftp,
decvalue>} any	telnet, smtp, dns, boot, tftp, http, pop3, snmp and any
	decimal value.
	Default value: any
Destport	Specifies the matching criteria for destination Port.
{1t 1teq gt gteq eq neq	Type: Optional
{num	Valid values: It (less than), Iteq (less than or equal to),
<decvalue>} echo discar</decvalue>	gt (greater than), gteq (greater than or equal to), eq
d chargen ftp telnet sm	(equal to), neq (not equal to), range (in the range),
tp dns boot tftp http p	erange (out of the range) and any. Any is used when
op3 snmp	no comparison has to be done. For range and erange,
>} {{range erange}	both the specified values are inclusive. This field can
<decvalue></decvalue>	have valid values of echo, discard, chargen, ftp,
<decvalue>} any self</decvalue>	telnet, smtp, dns, boot, tftp, http, pop3, snmp and any
	decimal value.
	Default value: any
Icmpcode {eq neq	Specifies the matching criteria for ICMP code value.
<decvalue>} any</decvalue>	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Decimal value(0-255) which is specified
	in case of ICMP packets need filtering based on code
	field in ICMP header. Any is used when no
	comparison has to be done.
	Default value: any
Icmptype {eq neq	Specifies the matching criteria for ICMP Type
echoreq unreach redir e	Type. Optional
chorep {num <decvalue< td=""><td>Valid values: Decimal value (0-255) which is specified</td></decvalue<>	Valid values: Decimal value (0-255) which is specified
>} any	in case of ICMP packets need filtering based on type
	field in ICMP header. It can also take values echoreq,
	unreach, redir, echorep. Any is used when no
	comparison has to be done.
	Default value: any
transprot {eq neq	Specifies the matching criteria for transport protocol
TCP UDP ICMP	field.
<decvalue>} any</decvalue>	Type: Optional
	Valid values: TCP, UDP, ICMP, <decvalue></decvalue>
	Default value: any
inifname interface-	This field specifies the input interface id which may be
name public private dmz	used to dictate the rules like accept/deny all traffic
all	from a specific interface or a spefic type of interface
	namely Public, Private , or DMZ. So, this field can be
	specified only if direction is out.
	Type : Optional
	Valid values : eth-0,veth, eoa,ppp,usb or all interfaces.
	Default value : all
enable disable	This specifies administrative status of Rule entry.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
	Default value: disable
tcpflag syn nosyn any	Specifies filtering criteria for TCP packet types.
	Type: Optional

	h. e
	Valid values: syn or nosyn or any
	Default value: any
storestate enable disable	If this flag is enabled then stateful filtering is done and
	the rule action is also applied in the other direction on
	the given interface.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
	Default value: disable
seclevel high, medium, low	It specifies at which security level(s) this rule is appli-
Secrever night, medium, 10w	cable. A rule can be applicable at multiple security
	levels.
	Type : Optional
	Valid values : high,medium and low
	Default Value : low
blistprotect	This specifies whether source of the packet should be
enable disable	blacklisted if it matches with the rule. It will be ap-
	plicable to deny kind of rules.
	Type : Optional
	Valid values : enable or disable
	Default Value : enable
logtag "log-tag"	This specifies the Filter logging tag, which will be
Logicay Logicay	added to all the logs generated due to the rule
	Type: Optional
	Valid values : Display string of 16 char in quotes
	Default Value : NULL
isfrag yes no ignore	yes: Rule is applicable to fragmented packets only.no:
	Rule is applicable to non-fragmented packets
	only.ignore: Applicable irrespective of whether the
	packet is a fragment or not.
	Type : Optional
	Valid values : yes, no or ignore
	Default Value : ignore
isipopt yes no ignore	yes: Rule is applicable to IP packets with IP options
	only.no: Rule is applicable to IP packets without IP
	options only ignore: Rule is applicable irrespective of
	whether the packet contains IP options or not.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values : yes, no or ignore
, ,	Default Value : ignore
pktsize	pktsize {It Iteq gt gteq eq neq <decvalue>} any</decvalue>
{1t 1teq gt gteq eq neq	Rule is applicable if packet size value in IP header
<decvalue>} any</decvalue>	conforms to this criterion. Any implies that packet size
	value is to be ignored.
	Type : Optional
	Valid values : 0- 65535
	Default Value : any
Todfrom <hh:mm:ss></hh:mm:ss>	This field specifies the wall time for starting a Time of
	Day based rule
	Type : Optional
	Valid values : 00:00:00 to23:59:59
	Default Value : 00:00:00
Todto <hh:mm:ss></hh:mm:ss>	This field specifies the wall time for stopping a Time of
10000 (1111.111111.55)	
	Day based rule.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values : 00:00:00 to23:59:59
	Default Value : 23:59:59
todstatus enable disable	This field specifies whether a Time of Day based rule
	should be applied for duration specified using start
	time and stop time. Active indicate that the TOD based
	rule should be applied from Start time to Stop time,
	while Inactive indicates that rule is not applicable from
,t	

Start Time to stop time but it is applicable for
remaining time of the day.
Type : Optional
Valid values : enable or disable
Default Value : enable

Super-User.

Example

\$ create ipf rule entry ruleid 1 ifname eth-0 dir out inifname all act accept log enable enable srcaddr lt 172.25.8.76

destaddr range 172.25.8.70 172.25.8.90 srcport erange 10 20

destport neq 3 icmpcode neq 10 icmptype eq unreach

transprot eq TCP tcpflag syn storestate enable

seclevel high blistprotect enable isfrag yes isipopt no pktsize lt 10 todfrom 01:02:30 todto 02:01:30 todstatus enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Created

```
Rule id : 1 Interface : eth-0
Rule Admin status : Enable Rule Oper Status : Enable
In interface : ALL Direction : Out
Security Level : High Blacklist Status : Enable
Logging : Enable Action : Accept
Log Tag : -
IP Frag Pkt : Yes IP Opt Pkt : No
TCP Flag : Syn Store State : Enable
Src Addr : Equal 172.25.8.76
Dest Addr : Range 172.25.8.70 172.25.8.90
Src Port : Out Of Range 10 20
Dest Port : Not Equal 3
ICMP Code : Not Equal 10
ICMP Type : Equal unreach
TransProt : Equal TCP
IP Pkt Size : Less Than 10
TOD Rule : Enable Between 01:02:30 02:01:30
```

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Created

ruleid	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry.
Rule Admin Status	This specifies administrative status of Rule entry.
Interface	This specifies the ip enabled physical interface to be associated to this Rule. 'ALL' indicates that Rule is to be associated to all interfaces
In Interface	This field specifies the input interface id which may be used to dictate the rules like deny/accept all traffic from a specific interface. So, this field can be specified only if direction is out.
Direction	This specifies the direction of Data flow on which filtering is to be applied.
Action	This specifies the action to be taken when a packet matches a rule .
Logging	This specifies the criteria for the logging of packets. Each log will contain IP Header and TCP/UDP header or ICMP fields, if available.
Log Tag	This specifies the Filter logging tag, which will be added to all the logs generated due to the rule
Scr Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for source IP Address along with the source IPAddress value and the destination IPAddress value. The source or destination or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or self.
Dest Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for destination IP Address along with the start destination IPAddress value and end destination IPAddress value. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or self.
Src Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for source port along with the start of src port and the end of src port. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or bcast.
Dest Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for destination Port along with the start dest port and the end dest port. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or bcast.
ICMP Code	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP code value along with the code field in ICMP header in case of ICMP packets.
ICMP Type	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP Type along with the type field in ICMP header in case of ICMP packets.
TransProt	This field specifies the matching criteria for transport protocol field along with the transport layer protocol number as per IANA.
TCP Flag	This specifies filtering criteria for TCP packet types.
Store State	This specifies whether stateful filtering is done or not
Security Level	This specifies the association of rule with system wide service protection level.
Blacklist Status	This specifies whether source of the packet should be put in blacklist if it matches with the rule. It will be applicable to deny kind of rules
IP Frag Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to frag- mented packets, non fragmented packets or in both cases.
IP Opt Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to IP packet with or without IP options or in both cases.

IP Pkt Size	This field specifies the matching criteria for IP Pkt Size along with IP packet filtering attribute. It should be compared against the packet size value in IP header.
TOD Rule	This field specifies whether the rule should be applied for the duration specified."Enable Between" indicates that the rule is applied between the specified time duration."Disable Between" indicates that rule is not applicable between the specified duration, but it is applicable for remaining time of the day.
Rule Oper Stat	A rule will be operationally enabled if and only if it is administratively enabled, its Time of Day status as per current time is Enable, and if the rule's security level matches the global security level as shown by get ipf global.

Some standard port numbers, as mentioned in the list below, are used for the following service names, irrespective of the transport protocol selected.

References

- modify ipf rule entry command
- get ipf rule entry command
- delete ipf rule entry command

3.24 create ipoa inff

Description

This command is used for creating an IPoA (IP over ATM) interface.

Command Syntax

create ipoa intf ifname <code>interface-name</code> ip <code>ip-address</code> mask <code>net-mask</code> [type 1577|non1577] [inside|outside|none] [ifsectype public|private|dmz] [gwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>] [droute true|false] [usedhcp true/false]

Name	Description
Ifname	This parameter uniquely identifies the name of the IPoA interface.
interface-	Type: Mandatory
name	Valid values: ipoa-0-*,ipoa-1 etc.
ip ip-address	The IP address to be assigned to the interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Valid IP Address.
mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be applied to the IP
	address.

	Type: Mandatory	
	Valid values: 255.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255	
type 1577 non1577	This parameter specifies the type of IPoA interface.	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid Values : 1577 or non1577	
	Default Value: non1577	
inside outside	This specifies the NAT direction.	
none	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: inside, outside, none	
	Default value: outside	
ifsectype	Interface security type.	
public private	Type: Optional	
dmz	Valid values : public, private or dmz	
	Default Value : public	
[gwy	Gateway IP address	
<ddd.ddd.ddd.dd< th=""><th colspan="2">Type: Optional</th></ddd.ddd.ddd.dd<>	Type: Optional	
d>]	Valid values : any valid IP address	
	Default Value : 0.0.0.0	
droute	Default Route	
true false]	Type: Optional	
	Valid values : true or false	
	Default Value : False	

Super-User.

Example

\$ create ipoa intf ifname ipoa-0 ip 192.168.1.1 mask 255.255.255.0 type 1577 inside ifsectype public gwy

0.0.0.0 droute **false**

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Created

IfName : ipoa-0

Type : non1577 IfName : ipoa-0 USEDHCF

Type : non1577 Interface Sec Type : Public

Configured IP Address: 172.25.12.74 Mask : 255.255.0.0

DRoute : False Gateway : 0.0.0.0

NAT Direction : OUT Oper Status : Down

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Created

Field	Description
If-Name	The name of the IPoA interface which has been created.
UseDHCP	This specifies whether a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a DHCP server, or not.
Туре	This specifies the type of IPoA interface.
Interface Sec Type	Interface security type
Configured IP	IP address assigned to the IPoA interface.

Address	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
Droute	Default Route
Gateway	Gateway IP Address.
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside or
	none.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down

IPoA interface will come up only when ipoa map is created fr that interface.

References

get ipoa intf command

delete ipoa intf command

create ipoa map command

delete ipoa map command

3.25 create ipoa map

Description

Use this command to associate an IP over ATM $\,$ (IPoA) interface with an $\,$ AAL5 interface.

Command Syntax

create ipoa map ifname interface-name lowif lowinterface- name

Parameters

Name	Description
Ifname interface-name	This parameter uniquely identifies the name of the
	IPoA interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: ipoa-0,ipoa-1 etc.,.
Lowif low-interface-name	This parameter specifies the lower interface (ATM VC
	interface) to be associated with IPoA interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid Values: aal5-0, aal5-1 etc.,.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ create ipoa map ifname ipoa-0 lowif aa15-0

Output

Verbose mode on:

Entry Created

IfName LowIfName Peer IP Address
ipoa-0 aal5-0 172.25.1.130

Verbose mode off:

Entry Created

Output Field description:

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the IPoA interface.
LowIfName	Specifies the lower (ATM VC) interface.
Peer IP Address	IP address of peer.

Caution

None

References

- *
- *
- *
- *
- *
- *

3.26 create l2tp tunnel config

Description

Use this command to create an L2TP tunnel.

Command Syntax

create I2tp tunnel config

ifname interface-name

localip local-ip-address

localhostname local-host-name

remoteip remote-ip-address

remotehostname remote-host-name

[start|stop]

[authtype simple|challenge|none]

[secret tunnel-secret]

[hellointerval hello-interval]

[idletimeout {infinite| {num <decValue>}}]

 $[{\tt CFWS}\ contol-recv-windowsize}]$

[maxretx max-retransmission]

[maxretxtimeout max-retransmission-timeout]

[payloadseq never|always]]

[transport udpip]

[initiator local|remote]

[enable|disable]

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: I2t-0-I2t-*.
localip local-ip-	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint
address	of the tunnel, or 0.0.0.0 if the device is free to choose
address	any of its addresses at tunnel establishment time.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Valid IP address.
localhostname host-name	Name of the local End-point of the tunnel.
	Type: mandatory
	Valid values: Display string of 255 characters
remoteip remote-ip-	This field specifies the address of the remote end-
address	point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab-
address	lished.
	Type: mandatory
	Valid values: Valid IP address.
	Default Value: 0.0.0.0
remotehostname remote-	Name of the remote End-point of the tunnel
host-name	Type: Mandatory
nosc name	Valid values: Display string of 255 characters.
start stop	This attribute specifies the action to be taken for the
	tunnel. True establishes the Tunnel. False tears the
	tunnel down.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Start
authtype	This object describes how L2TP tunnel peers are to
simple challenge none	be authenticated
	Type: optional
	Valid values: simple, challenge, none

	Default Value: none
secret tunnel-secret	This object is used to configure the shared secret
Secret canner Secret	used during the tunnel authentication phase of tunnel
	establishment if authtype is challenge.
	Type: optional
	Valid values: Hex Value - maximum of 64 octet
	length.
Hellointerval hello-	This object defines the interval (in sec) in which Hello
interval	packets are to be sent to the tunnel peer. A value '0' indicates that Hello packets will not be sent to tunnel
	peer.
	Type: optional
	Valid values: 03600(sec)
	Default Value: 60
idletimeout idle-	This object defines the period of time (in seconds)
timeout	that an established tunnel with no sessions will wait
	before disconnecting the tunnel. A value of '0' indi- cates that the tunnel will disconnect immediately after
	the last session disconnects. "infinite" leaves the
	tunnel up indefinitely.
	Type: optional
	Valid values: 0.86400(sec), infinite
	Default Value: 0
crws contol-recv-	This object defines the control channel receive window sizelt specifies the maximum number of packets
windowsize	the tunnel peer can send without waiting for an
	acknowledgement from this peer
	Type: optional
	Valid values: 110
	Default Value: 4
maxretx max-	This object defines the number of retransmissions,
retransmission	which the tunnel will attempt before assuming that the peer is no longer responding. A value of '0' indicates
	that this peer will not attempt to retransmit an
	unacknowledged control packet.
	Type: optional
	Valid values: 032
	Default Value:5
maxretxtimeout max-	This object defines the maximum retransmission timeout interval that the tunnel will wait before re-
retransmission-	transmitting a control packet that has not been ac-
timeout	knowledged.
	Type: optional
	Valid values: 132
	Default Value: 16
payloadseq never always	This object determines whether or not session pay-
	load packets will be requested to be sent with sequence numbers from tunnel peer's.
	Type: optional
	Valid values: never, always
	Default Value: never
transport udpip	This object defines the underlying transport media
	that is in use for this tunnel entry.
	Type: optional
	Valid values: udpip Default Value:udpip
initiator local remote	This object indicates whether the tunnel will be initi-
,	ated locally or not.
	Type: optional
•	N/alial control of a set of control
	Valid values: local, remote Default Value: local

Enable disable	Admin status of interface
	Type: optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
	Default Value: enable

Super-User.

Example

\$ create I2tp tunnel config ifname I2t-0 localip 178.10.10.10 remoteip 178.10.11.10 start authtype simple secret passwd hellointerval 300 idletimeout num 100 crws 5 maxretx 10 maxretxtimeout 10 payloadseq always transport udpip initiator local localhostname titanium remotehostname columbia

Output

Verbose mode on:

Entry Created

If Name : 12t-0

Admin Status : UpOper Status : Up

Local IP-address : 178.10.10.10 Remote IP-address : 178.10.11.10

Hello Interval : 300 Idle Timeout : 100

Max Retx Attempt : 10 Max Retx Timeout : 10

Initiator : local Payload Sequencing: always

Authentication Type : 5imple Transport : udpip

Control RWS : 5
Shared Secret : passwd
Local Host name : titanium
Remote Host name : columbia

Verbose mode off:

Entry Created

Output Field description:

Field	Description
If-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
Local IP-address	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel
Local Host name	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel
Remote IP-address	This field specifies the address of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab- lished.
Admin Status	This field specifies the adminstatus of the of the l2tp interface.
Oper Status	This field specifies the Operstatus of the of the I2tp interface.

Remote Host name	This field specifies the hostname of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab- lished.
Hello Interval	Defines the interval (in sec) in which Hello packets are to be sent to the tunnel peer
Idle Timeout	Defines the period of time (in seconds) that an established tunnel with no sessions will wait before disconnecting the tunnel.
Control RWS	Defines the control channel receive window size
Max Retx Timeout	Defines the maximum retransmission timeout interval that the tunnel will wait before retransmitting a control packet that has not been acknowledged.
Initiator	This indicates whether the tunnel will be initiated lo- cally or not.
Payload Sequencing	This object determines whether or not session payload packets will be requested to be sent with sequence numbers from tunnel peer's. The value never(2) indicates that L2TP will never initiate sequencing but will do sequencing if asked. The value always(3) indicates that L2TP will send the sequencing Required AVP during session establishment
Authentication Type	Describes how L2TP tunnel peers are to be authenticated
Transport	Defines the underlying transport media that is in use for this tunnel entry.
Shared Secret	Shared secret is used during the tunnel authentication phase of tunnel establishment if authtype is challenge
Max Retx Attempt	Defines the number of retransmissions, which the tunnel will attempt before assuming that the peer is no longer responding.

Caution

None.

References

*

*

3.27 create nat rule entry

Description

Use this command to create a NAT rule.

Command Syntax

create nat rule entry ruleid rule-id
{basic|filter|napt|bimap|rdr|pass} [prot {any|tcp|udp|
icmp|num prot-number}] [ifname interface name] [lcladdrfrom local-address-from] [lcladdrto
local-address-to] [destaddrfrom dest-addressfrom] [destaddrto dest-address-to] [destportfrom

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the NAT rule which is being created
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
basic filter napt bimap	This specifies the type of rule. The rule type is also
rdr pass	referred to as the rule flavor.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: basic, filter, napt, bimap, rdr, pass
ifname interface-name	This specifies the Interface or the outgoing device
	on which this Nat Rule would apply.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, eoa-0 - *, ppp-0 - *
	Default value: The rule applies on all outgoing interfaces
nrot and tank udak jama area	
prot any tcp udp icmp num	This specifies the protocol type for which the rule is meant.
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Type: Optional
	Valid values: any, tcp, udp, icmp or 0-255 (Valid
	IANA specified protocol)
	Default value: Rule is valid for all Protocols (any)
lcladdrfrom local-	This is the starting address when a range of IP
	addresses are mapped. In case of bimap, the user
address- from	can only specify a valid Host Address. In case of
	rdr, this is the translated local network address; if
	Icladdrto is different from this, redirection will be
	working in Load-Sharing mode.
	Type: Optional.
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
1claddrto local-address-	This is the last IP address of the range of IP ad-
to	dresses mapped by this rule. In case of bimap, this
	can only be same as Icladdrfrom.
	Type: Optional.
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 255.255.255.255
destaddrfrom dest-	This specifies the start of the range of destination IP addresses to be matched.
ddress- from	Type: Optional. This field is valid only when the
	rule type is filter.
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
	Doladit Value. 0.0.0.0

destaddrto dest-ddress- to	This specifies the end of the range of the destination IP addresses to be matched. Type: Optional. This field is valid only when the rule type is filter. Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
<pre>destportfrom {num</pre>	Default value: 255.255.255 This specifies the start of the range of the destination port numbers to be matched. Type: Optional. This field is valid only when the rule type is filter or rdr Valid values: echo, discard, chargen, ftp, telnet, smtp, dns, boot, tftp, http, pop3, snmp and any decimal value. Default value: 65535
destportto {num <decvalue>} echo discard c hargen ftp telnet smtp dns boot tftp http pop3 snmp</decvalue>	This specifies the end of the range of destination port numbers to be matched. Type: Optional. This field is valid only when the rule type is filter or rdr Valid values: echo, discard, chargen, ftp, telnet, smtp, dns, boot, tftp, http, pop3, snmp and any decimal value. Default value: 65535
glbaddrfrom global- address- from	This specifies the first globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses being mapped. In case of bimap, this has to be to equal to glbaddrto. This is not valid in case of pass and will be ignored. Type: Optional. Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255 Default value: 0.0.0.0
glbaddrto global- address-to	This specifies the last globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses used in the mapping. In case of bimap, this has to be same as glbaddrto. This is not valid in case of pass and so will be ignored. In case of rdr, IP addresses in range of glbaddrfrom and glbaddrto will be redirected. If both of these parameters are set to 0.0.0.0, all the incoming packets will redirected. In case of map, napt, filter, if glbaddrfrom and glbaddrto both are equal and set to 0.0.0.0, then packet will take the interface address. Type: Optional Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255.
<pre>lclport {num <decvalue>} echo discard c hargen ftp telnet smtp dns boot tftp http pop3 snmp</decvalue></pre>	This is the translated port number to be used in case of rdr. In the other NAT flavors, this will be ignored. Type: Optional only when the rule type is rdr.In all other cases it will be ignored. Valid values: echo, discard, chargen, ftp, telnet, smtp, dns, boot, tftp, http, pop3, snmp and any decimal value. Default value: 0

Super-User

Example

\$ create nat rule entry ruleid 1 napt

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Rule Id : 1
Interface : ALL
Local Addr From : 0.0.0.0
Dest Addr From : 0.0.0.0 Flavor : NAPT Protocol : ANY Local Addr To : 0.0.0.0

Dest Addr to : 0.0.0.0

Global Addr To : 255.255.255

Dest Port To : 0

Dest Port From : 0
Local Port : 0

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Rule Id	This identifies the NAT rule, information pertaining to which is being displayed.
Flavor	This specifies the type of rule. It may be: BASIC, FILTER, NAPT, BIMAP, REDIRECTION (for RDR) and PASS.
Interface	This specifies the Interface or the outgoing device on which this Nat Rule would apply. It may be: eth-0, ppp-0, ppp-1
Protocol	This specifies the protocol type for which the rule is meant. It may be: Any, TCP, UDP, ICMP or IANA-specified protocol between 0 to 255.
Local Addr From	This is the starting address when a range of private IP addresses are mapped
Local Addr To	This is the last IP address of the range of private IP addresses mapped by this rule.
Dest Addr From	This specifies the start of the range of destination IP address of the packet to matched.
Dest Addr To	This specifies the end of the range of destination IP address to be matched
Dest Port From	This specifies the start of the range of destination port numbers to be matched.
Dest Port To	This specifies the end of the range of destination port numbers to be matched.
Global Addr From	This specifies the first globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses being mapped.
Global Addr To	This specifies the last globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses used in the mapping.
Local Port	This is the translated port number to be used .

Caution

None.

References

- * delete nat rule entry command
- * get nat rule entry command
- * nat global info related commands
- * nat rule statistics related commands

• nat rule status related commands.

3.28 create pfraw rule entry

Description

Use this command to create a rule for filtering.

Command Syntax

create pfraw rule entry ruleid rule-id [ifname interface-name|all|public|private|dmz] [dir in|out] [inifname incoming- if-name|all|public|private|dmz] [enable|disable] [log disable|match|nomatch|all] [act accept|deny|callmgmt]

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index with which a rule should be cre-
	ated.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
ifname interface-	This specifies the interface name for the rule.
name all	Type: Optional
name all	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0, veth-1, veth-2, veth-3, eoa-0 - *,
	ppp-0 - *, or all.
	Default value: all
inifname	In case of a rule for an outgoing interface, this specifies the
incoming- if-	incoming interface. Only packets which are received on the
name	inifname and which are going out via the ifname will be
	matched against this rule.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0, veth-1, veth-2, veth-3, eoa-0 - *,
	ppp-0 - *, all.
	This can be specified only when the direction is out.
	Default value: all
dir in out	This specifies the filtering direction to which this rule is ap-
	plied.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: in or out
	Default value: out
enable disable	This specifies whether this rule should be enabled or disabled.
	Type: Optional Valid values: enable or disable
	Default value: disable
Log disable match	
nomatch all	This specifies the log option of this rule. Type: Optional
IOMACCII AII	Valid values: disable or match or nomatch or all.
	disable - No packets are logged.
	match - All matching packets are logged.
	nomatch - All packets which do not match this rule are logged.
	all – All packets are logged, whether they match the rule or
	not.
	Default value: disable
Act accept deny	This specifies the action to be taken when a packet matches
nee accept deny	inia apocinos the action to be taken when a packet matches

callmgmt	this rule. Type: Optional Valid values: accept or deny or callmgmt. accept – Packets matching this rule are accepted. deny – Packets matching this rule are dropped. callmgmt - If a packet matches this rule, it is passed on to management function
	Default value: accept

Super-User.

Example

\$ create pfraw rule entry ruleid 2 ifname eth-0 enable

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Rule status : Enable
In interface : All
Action : Accept Rule id : 2
Interface : eth-0
Direction : Out
Logging : Disable

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Rule id	This identifies the rule index of the rule.
Rule Status	This specifies whether this rule is enabled or disabled.
Interface	This specifies the interface name for a rule.
In Interface	In case of a rule for an outgoing interface, this specifies the incoming interface. Only packets which are received on the inifname and which are going out via the ifname are matched against this rule.
Direction	This specifies the filtering direction to which this rule is applied.
Action	This specifies the action taken when a packet matches this rule
Logging	This specifies the log option of this rule

Caution

Raw filter rules should be configured with care since configuring incorrect rules may render the system unusable.

References

* pfraw commands.

3.29 create pfraw subrule entry

Description

Use this command to create a sub-rule for an already existing rule.

Command Syntax

create pfraw subrule entry ruleid rule-id subruleid subrule- id mask mask-value [start linkh|iph|tcph|tcpd|udph| udpd|icmph|icmpd] offset offset [enable|disable] cmpt {eq|neq|lt||teq|gt|gteq val}|{range low-val highval}|{any}

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index of the rule for which the
	sub-rule has to be added.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.
subruleid sub-rule-id	This specifies the sub-rule index with which a sub-rule
	should be created.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 254
mask mask-value	This specifies the mask with which the data in the
	packet is to be masked before using it for comparison
	with the values specified in cmpt. The mask is not
	used if cmpt is any.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: any hexadecimal pattern beginning with
stort linklinkltockl	Ox.
start linkh iph tcph	This specifies the beginning position in the packet for
tcpd udph udpd icmph icmpd	an offset. The start position can be the beginning of the header or data portions of various protocols as
1 Cnipa	listed below.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: linkh iph tcph tcpd udph udpd
	cmph cmpd
	Default value: linkh
offset offset	This specifies the offset with in the header or data part
offset Offset	of the packet, calculated from the start.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0—4294967295
	Default value: 0
enable disable	This specifies whether this subrule should be enabled
·	or disabled.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
	Default value: disable
Cmpt	This specifies the type of comparison that can be done
{eq neq 1t 1teq gt gteq	on the extracted data and the comparison value(s).
val}	Type: Mandatory
{range low-val	Valid values: val, low-val and high-val are hexadecimal

g.: var, (ag.)	patterns to be used for comparison. low-val and high- val are used when range related comparison is to be done else val is used. The value(s) should start with 0x. If no comparison has to be done then any is given
	on the command line

Super-User.

Example

\$ create pfraw subrule entry ruleid 2 subruleid 1 start linkh offset 6 mask 0x00000000ffff0000 cmpt range 0x00000000ff000000 0x0000000ffcd0000 enable

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Sub Rule id : 1
Sub Rule status : Enable Rule id : 2 Offset from

Linkh Offset : 6 Comp operation : Range

Low value : 0x00000000ff000000 High value : 0x00000000ffcd0000 Mask : 0x00000000ffff0000

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Sub Rule id	This identifies the sub-rule index of the sub-rule.
Rule id	This specifies the rule index of the rule of which this is
	the subrule
Sub Rule status	This specifies whether this subrule is enabled or dis-
	abled.
Offset from	This specifies the start position in the packet for an
	offset. The start position can be the beginning of the
	header or data portions of various protocols.
Offset	This specifies the offset with in the header or data part
	of the packet.
Comp Operation	This specifies the type of comparison that is done on
	the extracted data and the comparison value(s)
Low Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison
	when comparison type is Range.
High Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison
	when comparison type is Range.
Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison
	when comparison type is Relational.
Mask	This is hexadecimal pattern which specifies the mask
	with which the data in the packet is masked before
	using it for comparison.

Caution

Raw filter rules should be configured with care since configuring

incorrect rules may render the system unusable.

References

create pfraw rule command

3.30 create ppe pconf

Description

Use this command to create an entry in the policy table for serv-to-

ac policy

Command Syntax

create ppe pconf acname AC-name [Srvname service-

name]

Parameters

Name	Description
acname AC-name	This specifies the Access Concentrator name.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: String of up to 63 Chars. ('A'- 'Z', 'a'- 'z',
	(0'-'9','-','_')
srvname service-name	This specifies the service name
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: String of up to 63 Chars. ('A'- 'Z', 'a'- 'z',
	(0'-'9','-','_')

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ create ppe pconf acname AC1 srvname Srv1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Ac Name: AC1 Service Name: Srv1

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
ACName	This specifies the Access Concentrator name.

ServiceName	This specifies the service name

Caution

The specified AC name and service should be supported by the system.

References

- delete ppe pconf command
- get ppe pconf command
- ppe cfg related commands
- get ppe stats global command
- get ppe stats session command.

3.31 create ppp intf

Description

Use this command to create a PPP interface and a L2TP session.

Command Syntax

create ppp intf ifname interface-name lowif low-interface- name {PPOE|PPOA|L2TP} [ip ip-address] [usedhcp {true|false}] [inside|outside|none] [mru max-rx-unit] [magic {true|false}] [droute {true|false}] [sname service-name] [start|stop|startondata] [usedns true|false] [ifsectype public|private|dmz] [l2tpcalltype outlns|outlac|inlns|inlac] [usegwy local|remote][gwyip <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>]

[numif <name>]

Name	Description
ifname interface-	The PPP interface for the PPP Links.
name	Type: Mandatory
11anie	Valid values: ppp-0, ppp-1,
usedhcp {true false}	This specifies whether DHCP is to be used to obtain ad-
	ditional configuration information. Note that DHCP is NOT
	used to get the IP address, gateway address and DNS
	server addresses for the PPP link since this information is
	always negotiated using IPCP.
	Type: Optional
	Default value: true
usedns true false	This specifies whether DNS server addresses are to be
	obtained using IPCP or not.
ip ip-address	If specified, it is used as the proposed IP address during
- -	address negotiation using IPCP. The address assigned
	after the negotiation may be different from the user spec-
	lified value.

inlac Values: outlac, outlns, inlac, inlns Inis specifies the service name used for PPPoE This field gives the criteria on the basis of which AC respond. (typically it will be ISP name) Type: Optional Valid values: string of max. length 63 ('A'-'Z', 'a'-'Z', '0'-'9','-',') Start stop startonda ta Setting of this object results in start and stop of the PPP session on this interface. If the session is already started then only stop value can be set. startondata will cause the PPP link to start only after there is some data activity. Type: Optional Default value: start Inside outside none This variable specifies whether this interface's NAT direction is inside or outside. Type: Optional Default value: out droute (true false) If set to true, then the default route is chosen through this interface Type: Optional Default value: false ifsectype public private dmz Type: Optional Valid values: public, private or dmz Default value: public [usegwy local remote] This specifies whether local or remote gateway is to be used. Type: Optional Valid values: local, remote Default Value: remote This specifies the IP Address for the Gateway. Type: Optional Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address Default value: 0.0.0.0 numif <name> This specifies the interface name of the associated num-</name>		T Outread
Default value: 0.0.0		
Name of the lower interface on which PPP will run Type: Mandatory Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1 Type: Mandatory Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1 The initial Maximum Receive Unit (MRU) that the local PPP entity will advertise to the remote entity. If the value of this variable is 0 then the local PPP entity will not advertise any MRU to the remote entity and the default MRU will be assumed. Type: Optional Valid values: 0 or between 1492 and Aal5 Rx Size as determined by Get atm vc intf Default value: 1492 or aal5 rx size whichever is less If set to true, the local node will attempt to perform Magic Number negotiation with the remote node. If set to false, then this negotiation is not performed. Type: Optional Default value: False PPOE PPOA L2TP		
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Default value: 0.0.0.0 numif <name> This specifies the interface name of the associated num-</name>		
bered interface.	numif <name></name>	
		bered interface.

Type: Optional
Valid values: eth-0, eth-1,
Default value: If not specified, it implies that ppp interface
is not associated with any numbered interface.

Super-User

Example

\$ create ppp intf ifname ppp-0 lowif aal5-0 ppoa ifsectype public numif eth-0 gwyip 202.1.1.2

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

If-Name : ppp-0 L2TP Call type : inlac
Interface Sec Type : Public Phy Interface : aal5-0
Configured IP Address : 0.0.0.0 NAT Direction : OUT
Init MRU : 1500 Magic : False
Encapsulation : PPPOA Service Name : UseDhcp : False UseDns : False
DRoute : False Status : Start
Gateway IP Address : 202.1.1.2 Associated Num If-Name : eth-0
Use Gateway : remote

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies the PPP interface for the PPP Links: It may be:
	ppp- 0, ppp-1
L2TP Call Type	This field specifies the l2tp call type.
Interface Sec	Interface security type.
Type	
Phy Interface	This specifies Name of the lower interface on which PPP is run-
	ning. It may be: aal5-0, aal5-1
Configured IP	This specifies the IP Address for the PPP Link.
Address	
NAT Direction	This variable specifies whether this interface's address is inside
	or outside. It may be: inside, outside, none
Init MRU	The initial Maximum Receive Unit (MRU) that the local PPP entity
	will advertise to the remote entity
Magic	This specifies whether the local node will attempt to perform Mag-
	ic Number negotiation with the remote node. It may be: True,
	False
Encapsulation	This specifies the lower layer protocol used below this PPP Link.
	It may be: PPPOA, PPPOE
Service Name	This specifies the service name used for PPPoE. It is generally
	the name of the ISP.
UseDhcp	This specifies whether DHCP is to be used for address negotia-
	tion. It may be either True or False

UseDns	This specifies whether DNS server addresses are to be obtained using IPCP or not.
Droute	Default Route
Status	This shows whether PPP session on this interface is active. It may be: Start, Stop, StartOnData.
Gateway IP Address	This specifies the IP Address of the Gateway.
Associated Num If-Name	This specifies the interface name of the associated numbered interface. A "-" indicates that this ppp interface is not associated with any numbered interface.
Use Gateway	This specifies whether local or remote gateway is to be used.

Caution

An ATM VC should pre-exist. Please refer to create atm vc intf command. PPP security should be properly created for successful creation of ppp intf.

References

- delete ppp intf command
- get ppp intf command
- modify ppp intf command
- create atm vc intf command
- ppp lstatus related commands
- ppp security related commands.

3.32 create ppp security

Description

Use this command to create a PPP security secrets entry for a PPP interface. The login and password given here are used to authenticate the PPP session for the given interface.

Command Syntax

create ppp security ifname interface-name [pap|chap]
login login-name passwd password

Name	Description
ifname	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security entry is
interface- name	to be created
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: ppp-0, ppp-1, default. The default entry gets
	used in case there is no specific entry for that interface.
pap chap	This is the protocol used for authentication
	Type: Optional
	Default value: pap
login login-name	This is the login name

	Type: Mandatory Valid values: String of up to 128 characters ('A'- 'Z', 'a'-'z', '0'-' 9','-','_') and any combination of printable characters excluding ";"
passwd password	This is the password used to authenticate the user Type: Mandatory Valid values: String of up to 128 characters ('A'- 'Z', 'a'-'z', '0'-' 9','-','_') and any combination of printable characters excluding ";"

Super-User

Example

\$ create ppp security ifname ppp-0 login abc passwd abc pap

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

IfName : ppp-0 Login : abc Protocol : PAP

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security entry has been created It may be: ppp-0, ppp-1, default. The default entry gets used in case there is no specific entry for that interface.
Protocol	This is the protocol used for authentication It may be: PAP, CHAP
Login	This is the login name

Caution

None.

References

- * delete ppp security **command**
- * get ppp security command
- * $\verb|modify| ppp security| \textbf{command}$
- ppp lstatus related commands *
- * ppp intf related commands.

3.33 create rip intf

Description

This command allows user to start RIP protocol on the specified IP Interface.

Command Syntax

create rip intf ifname interface-name [metric metricvalue] [send {rip1|rip2|rip1compat|none}] [senddefroute {enable|disable}] [receive {rip1|rip2|both|none}] [recvdefroute {enable|disable}] [auth {none|text password}]

Name	Description
Ifname interface-name	Specifies the IP Interface name on which RIP is to
	be started.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, ppp-0 - *,
	eoa-0 - *, ipoa-0-*
Metric metric-value	This tells the metric value attached to the inter-
	face. The metric is used by RIP in deciding which
	among alternate routes is the most optimal.
	Type: Optional Valid values: 1-15
	Default value: 1
send	This specifies the RIP version to be used for
{rip1 rip2 rip1compat none}	sending RIP updates and requests
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: rip1, rip2, rip1compat, none
	Default value: rip1
senddefroute {enable disable}	If Default route is to be included in the updates
	sent on the interface, or not.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
	Default value: enable
receive {rip1 rip2 both none}	This specifies the RIP version to be accepted
	while receiving RIP updates and requests and
	responses
	Type: Optional Valid values: rip1, rip2, both, none
	Default value: rip1
Recydefroute {enable disable}	If Default route is to be processed in the updates
	received on the interface or not.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
	Default value: enable
auth none auth text password	Authentication to be used with RIPv2 (authenti-
	cation is not supported in RIPv1). If auth is text,
	then the password must be given. The specified
	password is used to authenticate RIP updates
	received on the interface. The same password is
	also used while sending message out on this in-
	terface.

Type: Optional
Valid values: none or if text then password of
length up to 16 characters.
Default value: none

Super-User

Example

create rip intf ifname ppp-0 metric 1 send rip1 senddefroute enable

RIP Recv Def Route :

receive rip1 recvdefroute disable

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

IP Interface Name : ppp-0 RIP Interface Metric : 1

RIP Send Mode : rip1 RIP Receive Mode

rip1

RIP Send Def Route : Enable

Disable

RIP packet auth : None

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
IP Interface Name	This tells the IP Interface name on which RIP is to be started.
RIP Interface Metric	This tells the metric value attached to the interface. The metric is used by RIP in deciding which among alternate routes is the most optimal.
RIP Send Mode	This tells the packet format used for sending RIP updates and requests
RIP Receive Mode	This tells the packet format accepted while receiving RIP updates and requests and responses
RIP Send Def Route	This tells whether default route is to be included in the updates sent on the interface, or not.
RIP Recv Def Route	This tells whether default route is to be processed in the updates received on the interface or not.
RIP packet auth	This tells whether RIP authentication is enabled or not

Caution

None.

References

modify rip global command

3.34 create snmp comm

Description

Use this command to create an SNMP community on the SNMP

agent.

Command Syntax

create snmp comm community comm-name [ro|rw]

Parameters

Name	Description
community comm-name	This specifies the Community name Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: String of max. 50 characters ('A'- 'Z', 'a'- 'z', '0'-'9','_', '-')
ro rw	This specifies the access permissions given to managers with this community name. ro implies Read Only permissions and rw implies Read-Write permissions.
	Type: Optional Default value: ro

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ create snmp comm community public ro

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Access Community
----RO public

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Community	This specifies the Community name
Access	This specifies the access permissions given to managers with this community name. It may be: RO (Read Only), RW (Read-Write)

Caution

None.

References

- get snmp comm command
- delete snmp comm command
- snmp host related commands

3.35 create snmp host

Description

This command is used for creating an SNMP host entry.

Command Syntax

create snmp host ip ip-addr community comm-name

Parameters

Name	Description
community comm-name	This specifies the Community name. This must be a valid community in the snmp community table. Type: Mandatory Valid values: String of max. 50 characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'- 'z', '0'-'9','-','_')
_{ip} ip-addr	This specifies the IP address of the manager that has access permissions for the modem. Type: Mandatory Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ create snmp host community public ip 192.168.1.3

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Host Address Community
----192.168.1.3 Public

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
-------	-------------

Host Address	This specifies the IP address of the manager that has
	access permissions for the modem.
Community	This specifies the Community name.

Caution

The SNMP Community used in the command should exist.

References

- get snmp host command
- delete snmp host command
- snmp trap related commands
- snmp host related commands

3.36 create sntp servaddr

Description

Use this command to configure the SNTP server address

Command Syntax

create sntp servaddr <ip-address>|dname

<domain-name>

Parameters

Name	Description
1_p	This parameter specifies the IP address or fully qual-
Koomain-namez	ified domain name for configuring the SNTP server address.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Valid IP address or fully qualified domain
	name.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ create sntp servaddr 192.168.1.1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

Server Addr : 192.168.1.1 Status : Standby

Domain Name : abc.com

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
Server Addr	IP address of the SNTP server.
Status	Operational Status of the SNTP server address entry.
Domain Name	The fully qualified domain name of the SNTP server.

Caution

The SNMP Community used in the command should exist.

References

- \diamond delete sntp servaddr command
- get sntp servaddr command
- modify sntp cfg command
- get sntp cfg command
- get sntp stats command.
- reset sntp stats command

3.37 create usb inff

Description

Use this command to create a USB interface

Command Syntax

create usb intf ifname interface - name [ip ipaddress] [mask net-mask] [inside|outside|none]
[ifsectype public|private|dmz]

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the name assigned to this
	interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: usb-0 - *
_{ip} ip-address	The IP address to be assigned to interface.
1 1	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be ap-
	plied to the IP address.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 128.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.254
	Default value: 0.0.0.0

inside outside none	This specifies the NAT direction for the interface. Type: Optional Valid values: inside, outside, none Default value: Inside if the IP address is valid and non- zero otherwise none
ifsectype public private dmz	Interface security type. Type: Optional Valid values : public, private or dmz Default Value : private

Super-User.

Example

 $\color=0$ ip 192.168.1.1 mask

255.255.255.0 **ifsectype** public

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Created

IfName	If Sec Type	Ip Address	Mask	Nat Dir	Oper
usb-0	Public	192.168.1.1 Verbose N		Inside	Down

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the interface, which has been created.
Ip Address	IP address assigned to the USB interface.
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address
Nat Dir	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside or none.
Oper	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down
If SecType	Interface Security Type.

Caution

None.

References

- get usb intf command
- delete usb intf command
- modify usb intf command

get usb stats command.

3.38 create user

Description

Use this command to create a user account. At maximum four

accounts can exist.

Command Syntax

create user name user-name passwd password

[root|user|intermediate] useserial

Parameters

Name	Description
name user-name	This specifies the User Name to be created.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: String of up to 128 characters ('A'- 'Z', 'a'-'
	z', '0'-'9','-','_') and any combination of printable charac-
	ters excluding ";"
passwd password	This specifies the password required by this user to login
_	to IAD.
	Type: Mandatory. Is valid when user does not specify
	"useserial" parameter
	Valid values: String of up to 128 characters ('A'- 'Z', 'a'-'
	z', '0'-'9','-','_') and any combination of printable charac-
	ters excluding ";"
root user	This indicates the privilege level of the user.
intermediate	Type: Optional
	Default value: user
Useserial	This specifies that the password required by this user to
	login to IAD is the "Serial Number" of the modem the user
	is using.
	Type: Mandatory - Is valid when user does not specify
	"passwd" parameter

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ create user name user1 passwd temp1 user

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Entry Created

User Name : user1 Privilege : user

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

Field	Description
UserName	This shows the new user login which has been created.
	This represents the privilege level associated with the user name shown. It may be: user, intermediate, root. In CLI, intermediate privilege has the same previliges as the user. In HTTP, the intermediate privilege has ALL the privileges as the "user" except that he can also modify the ATM VPI and VCI values and the PPP username and password.

Caution

User can specify either Passwd or Useserial, not both.

References

- delete user commandget user command
- passwd related commands.

3.39 delete alg port

Description

Use this command to delete an ALG port entry.

Command Syntax

Parameters

Name	Description
portno port-no	The Port number on which the ALG is running.
-	The port here is the destination port of the untranslat-
	ed packet
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 – 65535
prot any tcp udp num	This specifies the protocol type for which the ALG is
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	running.
-	Type: Optional.
	Valid values: any, tcp, udp or 0-255 (Valid IANA
	specified protocol).

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete alg port portno 21 prot tcp

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Port Num	Protocol	ALG Type
21	Тср	FTP

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
Port Num	The Port number on which the ALG was running.
	The port here is the destination port of the untranslated packet.
Protocol	The protocol for which the was running.
Port Type	This specifies the ALG with has to be applied to this port. It may be: FTP, SNMP, REAL AUDIO, REMOTE CMD, L2TP,MIRC,ICQ,
	CUSEEME,H323_Q931,H323_RAS

Caution

None.

References

- create alg port command
- get alg port command
- get alg type command.

3.40 delete arp

Description

Use this command to delete an entry from the ARP table.

Command Syntax

delete arp ip ip-address

Parameters

Name	Description
ip ip-address	IP Address corresponding to the media-dependent
	"physical" address, whose entry is to be deleted. Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete arp ip 192.168.1.1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

If Name	Type	Mac Address	Ip Address
veth-0	Static	11:11:11:11:11:11	192.168.1.1

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
If Name	This specifies the physical Interface for the media. It may be:
	eth-0 or veth-0 to veth-4
Type	This defines the type of mapping in use.
	The value Invalid has the effect that this entry is not used. It may
	be: Static, Dynamic, Other, Invalid
Mac Address	The media-dependent `physical' address
Ip Address	IP Address corresponding to the media-dependent `physical' ad-
	dress

Caution

None.

References

- create arp command
- get arp command
- ip stats related commands
- ip route related commands
- ip address related commands
- ip cfg related commands

3.41 delete atm port

Description

This command is used to delete a virtual atm port.

Command Syntax

delete atm port ifname interface-name

Name		Description
Ifname	interface-name	This specifies the ATM port to be deleted
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: atm-0

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete atm port ifname atm-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

If-Name : atm-0
CBRPriority : 5
RTVBRPriority : 4
GFRPriorit* MaxVccs : 4
UBRPriority : 1
NRTVBRPriority : 3
Latency : fast

Admin Status : Up

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
If Name	This specifies the name of the ATM port which has been deleted. It can be: atm-0.
MaxVccs	This specifies the maximum number of VCCs (PVCCs and SVCCs) supported at this ATM interface. It may be: 0-64.
CBRPriority	Priority of the CBR Class. A value of 1 means lowest priority and higher the value higher the priority. It may be 1-5.
UBRPriority	Priority of the best effort traffic. A value 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It may be: 1-5.
RTVBRPriority	Priority of the RT-VBR service category. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It may be 1-5.
NRTVBRPriority	Priority of the NRTVBR service category. The higher the value, the higher the priority. It may be: 1-5.
GFRPriority	This specifies the priority of GFR class. A value of 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. Higher the value higher the priority. It may be: 1-5.
Latency	Type of DSL channel in use on the underlying DSL port. It may be: fast, interleaved
MaxConfVccs	This specifies the current number of VCCs configured on this port. It may be:0 - Value defined in MaxVccs
OAMSrc	Loop back source id assigned to the ATM port. The ATM port will respond to all loopback cells which carry this OAM id.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either Up or

Down

Caution

All VCs created on the ATM port must be deleted before deleting

the port itself.

References

* atm trfdesc commands

* atm vc related commands

oam lpbk command *

* atm port commands

atm statistics related commands.

3.42 delete atm svccfg

Description

Use this command to delete a configured SVC.

Command Syntax

delete atm svccfg ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
Ifname	interface-name	Interface name of the SVC to be deleted.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1

Mode

Super-User, User.

Example

\$ delete atm svccfg ifname aal5-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

VC IfName : aal5-0 AAL5 Encap : VC Mux

VCI VPI

Numbering Plan : atmes

Trf Descr Index : 1 Access Protocol : PPPoA

Aal5 Tx Size : 200 Aal5 Rx Size : 200

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Name	Description
VC Ifname	Interface name of the deleted SVC.
AAL5 Encap	The type of Protocol Multiplexing used over 1483
VPI	The VPI of the ATM VC found towards the specified ATM Destination
VCI	The VCI of the ATM VC found towards the specified ATM Destination
Numbering Plan	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM Destination Address (for SVC to be opened) belongs.
Dest Atm Address	The ATM address of the destination with which the connection is established.
Trf Descr Index	The index of the Traffic Descriptor Table entry whose traffic parameters are for the SVC to be opened.
Access Protocol	This specifies the protocol that runs on the VC
Aal5 Tx Size	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size.
Aal5 Rx Size	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size.

Caution

None.

References

create atm svccfg command

command

3.43 delete atm trfdesc

Description

Use this command to delete a traffic descriptor.

Command Syntax

delete atm trfdesc trfindex traffic-descriptor-index

Parameters

Name	Description
trfindex traffic-	This identifies the traffic descriptor entry to
descriptor- index	be deleted.
descriptor index	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - *

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete atm trfdesc trfindex 2

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Traffic Descr Id : 2 Type : NOCLP_NOSCR
Service Category : UBR Frame Discard : Enabled
PCR : 0 MCR : 0

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
Traffic Descr Id	This identifies the traffic descriptor entry which has been deleted.
Type	This defines the type of traffic used. It may be: NOCLP_NOSCR, CLP_NOTAG_MCR, or NOCLP_SCR.
Service Category	This specifies the service category to be used. It may be: UBR, GFR, CBR, RTVBR, NRTVBR.
Frame Discard	It is always Enabled. It indicates that the network is requested to treat data for this connection, in the given direction, as frames (e.g. AAL5 CPCS_PDU's) rather than as individual cells. This treatment may for example involve discarding entire frames during congestion, rather than a few cells from many frames.
PCR	Peak Cell Rate for ATM Traffic
MCR	Minimum Cell Rate for ATM Traffic

Caution

The traffic descriptor should not be in use before deletion.

References

atm trfdesc commands

atm vc related commands

atm port commands

atm statistics related commands

3.44 delete atm uni

Description

Use this command to delete UNI configuration.

Command Syntax

delete atm uni ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
Ifname	interface-name	Interface Index of the ATM VC over which UNI sig-
		naling is run.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete atm uni ifname aal5-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

: aa15-0 IfName

ATM Numb Plan : atmes
Version : UNI40 Status : Up

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Name	Description
Ifname	Interface name of VC over which UNI signaling is running. It can be: aal5-0, aal5-1
ATM NumbPlan	
	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM Source Address belongs.
Status	
	This specifies the status of the Signaling ATM Adaptation Layer (SAAL) layer. The purpose of SAAL is to provide reliable transfer of signaling message between peer UNI entities.
Version	This specifies the version
	of the UNI used. UNI31
	and UNI40 mean UNI3.1
	and UNI4.1 respectively.
SelfAtmAddress	The source ATM address.

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None.

References

- * create atm uni command
- get atm uni command

3.45 delete atm vc inff

Description

Use this command to delete an existing ATM Virtual Circuit.

Command Syntax

delete atm vc intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-	Interface Name of the VC which is to be deleted
name		Type: Mandatory
manie		Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete atm vc intf ifname aal5-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

LowIf : atm-0 VPI : 10

VC IfName : aal5-0 VC Type : PVC

Admin Status : Up Oper Status : Up

Aal5 Tx Size : 9200 Aal5 Rx Size : 9200

AAL Type : AAL5 AAL5 Encap : LLC M

Max Aal5 Proto : 3 Trf Descr Index : 2

VC Weight : 40 VCI : 10 : LLC Mux

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
Lowif	Lower interface index. It is always: atm-0
VPI	It is the Virtual Path Identifier.
VCI	It is the Virtual Circuit Identifier.
VC If-Name	Interface name of the VC which has been deleted. It can be: aal5-0, aal5-1
VC Type	This field specifies whether VC type is PVC or SVC
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either Up, Down or Loopback, Loopback has a special significance. A Loopback VC

	will loop back whatever cells it receives.
Aal5 Tx Size	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size to be used
Aal5 Rx Size	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size to be used
AAL Type	AAL type in use for the VC
AAL5 Encap	This specifies the data multiplexing method to be used over the AAL5 SSCS layer.
Max Aal5 Proto	This specifies the maximum number of protocols that are supported over the VC
Trf Descr Index	This identifies the transmit traffic parameters in use. It corresponds to a valid entry in the traffic descriptor table
VC Weight	This specifies the priority of the VC. Higher value means higher priority

Caution

Do not create anything using the VC you are deleting.

References

- atm vc intf commands
- atm trfdesc related commands
- oam lpbk command
- atm port commands
- atm statistics commands

3.46 delete bridge port inff

Description

This command is used to delete an existing bridge port.

Command Syntax

delete bridge port intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the bridge port interface to be deleted.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: eoa-0 - *, eth-0, usb-0

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete bridge port intf ifname eth-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Port	If-Name	Delay-Exceed-Discards	MTU-Exceed-Discards
1	eth-0	0	0
Entry De	eleted	Verbose Mode Off:	
Entry De	eleted		

Output field description

Field	Description
Port	The port number of the interface which is being de-
	leted.
If-Name	This specifies the Interface name corresponding to the
	above port.
	It can be: eoa-0 - *, eth-0, usb-0
Delay-Exceed-Discards	The number of frames discarded by this port due to
	excessive transit delay through the bridge
MTU-Exceed-Discards	The number of frames discarded by this port due to
	the frame size being greater than the MTU of the in-
	terface

Caution

None.

References

- get bridge port intf command
- create usb intf command
- create bridge port intf command
- ❖ bridge mode related commands
- bridge port stats related commands
- bridge static related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands

3.47 delete bridge static

Description

Use this command to delete an existing bridge static entry for a given MAC address.

Command Syntax

delete bridge static macaddr mac-address inifname
interface- name | all

Name	Description
macaddr mac-address	The destination MAC address for the bridge static entry which is to be deleted. Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0:0:0:0:0:0 to FF:FF:FF:FF:FF
inifname interface- name	Interface from which a frame must be received in order for this entry's filtering information to apply. A value of all indicates that this entry applies on all interfaces of the bridge for which there is no other applicable entry. Type: Mandatory Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *, usb-0

Mode

Super-User

Example

delete bridge static macaddr 1:1:1:1:1:1 inifname veth-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

MAC Address : 01:01:01:01:01:01 Incoming Interface : veth-0

Interfaces : eth-0 eoa-1

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
	The destination MAC address for the bridge static entry which is being deleted.
	Interface from which a frame must be received in order for this entry's filtering information to apply. A value of all indicates that this entry applies on all interfaces of the bridge for which there is no other applicable entry.
	The interfaces to which frames destined for a specific MAC address are allowed to be forwarded. They may be: eoa-0 - *, eth-0

Caution

None.

References

- create bridge static command
- get bridge static command
- modify bridge static command
- bridge mode related commands

- bridge static related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands
- bridge port stats related commands

3.48 delete dhcp relay inff

Description

Use this command to disable DHCP relaying on the specified

interface.

Command Syntax

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{delete dhcp relay intf ifname} \end{tabular} interface-name \\ \end{tabular}$

Parameters

Name	Description
Ifname	 This specifies the Interface for which DHCP Relaying
name	is to be disabled
name	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, ppp-0, ppp-1, ipoa -0-*, usb-0

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete dhcp relay intf ifname eth-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

If-name ----eth-0

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description	
If-Name		This specifies an interface which is enabled for DHCP Relay.
	It can be: eth-0, ppp-0, pp	p-1

None.

References

- get dhcp relay intf command
- create dhcp relay intf command
- dhcp relay cfg related commands
- Adhcp relay stats related commands

3.49 delete dhcp server exclude

Description

Use this command to delete an entry in the address exclusion table. The entry thus deleted, is now available for allocation to a client.

Command Syntax

delete dhcp server exclude ip ip-address

Parameters

Name	Description
ip ip-address	The IP address that has to be deleted from the exclu-
1 1	sion list. The IP Address must belong to a pool.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete dhcp server exclude ip 192.168.1.5

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Ip Address
----192.168.1.5

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Ip Address	This is the IP Address that has been excluded.

None.

References

- get dhcp server exclude command
- \diamond create dhcp server exclude **command**
- dhcp server pool related commands

3.50 delete dhcp server host

Description

Use this command to delete the specified static DHCP host entry.

Command Syntax

delete dhcp server host ip ip-address

Parameters

Name	Description
	This specifies the IP address of the host the entry
	pertaining to which is to be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete dhcp server host ip 192.168.1.7

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Host Ip Def Lease(sec)	: 192.168.1.7 : 2592000	Hardware Addr Max Lease(sec)	: 12:34:45:56:03:02 : 31536000
Domain Name	:		
Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0		
Gateway Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Smtp Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Dns Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Sec. Dns Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Pop3 Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Nntp Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Www Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Irc Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Sec. Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Host Ip	This specifies the IP address provided to this host
Hardware Addr	This specifies the hardware address of the client
Def Lease	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns
	an IP address to a client in case the client does not request
	for a specific lease period itself.
Max Lease	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP
	server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.
Domain Name	Specifies the domain name configured for this host
Subnet Mask	This specifies the subnet mask to be provided to the host
Gateway Ip	This specifies the default gateway IP address
Smtp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name
	Server
Sec. Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain
	Name Server
Pop3 Ip	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
Nntp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
Www Ip	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Server
Irc Ip	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server
Sec. Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server

None.

References

- get dhcp server host command
- create dhcp server host command
- modify dhcp server host command
- dhcp server related commands.

3.51 delete dhcp server pool

Description

Use this command to delete an existing DHCP server pool.

Command Syntax

delete dhcp server pool pool-id pool-id

Parameters

Name	Description
pool-id pool-id	This identifies the pool for which is to be deleted.
<u> </u>	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 255

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete dhcp server pool-id poolid 0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Pool Id Start Ip Def Lease(sec) Range Inuse Low Thres Domain Name	: 0	Status	: Disable
	: 192.168.1.1	End Ip	: 192.168.1.200
	: 2592000	Max Lease(sec)	: 31536000
	: 0	Outstd Offers	: 0
	: 0	Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0
Gateway Ip Dns Ip Pop3 Ip Www Ip Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0	Smtp Ip Sec. Dns Ip Nntp Ip Irc Ip Sec. Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description	
Pool Id	This is the pool identifier.	
Status	This defines the Admin status of the entry. It may be either Enable or Disable	
Start Ip	The IP address of the first address in the range.	
End Ip	The IP address of the last address in the range	
Def Lease	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an IP address to a client in case the client does not request for a specific lease period itself.	
Max Lease	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.	
Range Inuse	The number of addresses in this range that are currently in use. This number includes those addresses whose lease has not expired and addresses which have been reserved	
Outstd Offers	The number of outstanding DHCPOFFER messages for this range is reported with this value. An offer is outstanding if the server has sent a DHCPOFFER message to a client, but has not yet received a DHCPREQUEST message from the client nor has the server-specific timeout, within which a client can respond to the offer message, for the offer message expired	
Low Thres	This specifies the lowest threshold value on the number of available/free IP addresses for a particular shared network	
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask provided to any client offered an address from this range	
Domain Name	Domain name used per subnet.	
Gateway Ip	This specifies the default gateway IP address	
Smtp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server	
Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name Server	
Sec. Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server	
Pop3 Ip	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server	
Nntp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server	

Www Ip	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Server
Irc Ip	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server
Sec. Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server

None.

References

- create dhcp server pool command
- create dhcp server pool command
- get dhcp server pool command
- dhcp server cfg related commands
- dhcp server exclude related commands
- dhcp server address related commands

3.52 delete dns servaddr

Description

Use this command to delete DNS server addresses.

Command Syntax

delete dns servaddr <ip-address>

Parameters:

Name	Description
	This parameter specifies the IP address for configuring the DNS server address. Type: Mandatory Valid values: Valid IP address.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete dns servaddr 182.25.2.1

Output

Verbose mode on:

DNS Server IP Address

182.25.2.1

Entry Deleted

Verbose mode off:

Entry Deleted

Output Field description:

Field	Description
DNS Server IP Address	This specifies the IP address of the DNS server.

Caution

None

References:

- *
- *
- *
- **
- *
- *

3.53 delete eoa intf

Description

Use this command to delete an eoa interface.

Command Syntax

delete eoa intfifname interface-name

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This parameter specifies the eoa interface which has to be
name	deleted.
name	Type: Mandatory.
	Valid values: eoa-0 - *

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete eoa intf ifname eoa-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

IfName : eoa-0 Interface Sec Type : Public Configured IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Mask : 0.0.0.0 Low IfName : aal5-0 NAT Direction : OUT Gateway : 0.0.0.0 DRoute : Oper Status : Down Admin Status : Up UseDHCP : False

: False

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description	
IfName	The name of the interface which has been created.	
Configured IpAddress	IP address assigned to the eoa interface.	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.	
LowIfName	Specifies the lower interface.	
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: inside, outside or none.	
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down	
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either Up or Down	
UseDhcp	Whether or not a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a DHCP server	
Interface Sec Type	Interface Security Type.	
Droute	Default route	
Gateway address	Gateway IP address	

Caution

No bridge port can be created on the eoa interface.

References

* create eoa intf command

* get eoa intf command

* modify eoa intf command

* eoa stats related commands

interface stats related commands *

atm vc intf related commands *

3.54 delete ethernet intf

Description

Use this command to delete a virtual ethernet interface

Command Syntax

delete ethernet intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This parameter specifies the interface to be deleted.
name	Type: Mandatory Valid values: veth-0 - *

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete ethernet intf ifname eth-0

Output

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Interface : veth-0

Interface Sec Type : Public Configured IP Address :

192.168.1.1

Speed : False
Nat Direction : None
Configured Speed : auto
Speed : 10BT
Admin Status Mask : 255.255.255.0 Physical Interface : eth-0 : None Configured Duplex : auto Duplex : half

Operational Status : Up : Up

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description		
Interface	The name of the interface which has been created.		
Interface Sec Type	Interface security type.		
Configured Ip	IP address assigned to the Ethernet port.		
Address			
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.		
UseDhcp	Local: IP address for this interface is obtained from a local DHCP server		
	Remote: DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a remote DHCP server		

	False: DHCP client is not used.	
Physical Interface	Valid only in case of virtual interfaces i.e. the Type is not eth. I	
	can only be eth-0	
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: inside, outside	
	or none.	
Configured Duplex	The duplex modeto be used by theinterface as configured	
	by the user	
Configured Speed	Line speed to be used by Ethernet interface as configured by	
	the user	
Duplex	The duplex mode used by the interface.	
Speed	Line speed used by Ethernet interface	
Operational Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either up or	
	down	
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either up or down	

None.

References

- get ethernet intf command
- \diamond create ethernet intf command
- modify ethernet intf command
- ethernet stats related commands
- interface stats related commands

3.55 delete fwl blacklist

Description

Use this command to delete a blacklisted host.

Command Syntax

delete fwl blacklist ip ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd

Parameters

Name	Description
	This specifies the IP address of the blacklisted host that is
< ddd ddd ddd ddd>	to be deleted.
<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values : 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete fwl blacklist ip 172.25.7.8

Output

Verbose Mode On:

IP Address	Blacklist Reason	RuleId	Time Left(sec)
172.25.7.8	Ping of Death	1	20

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
IP Address	This specifies the IP address of the blacklisted host
Blacklist Reason	This specifies the reason for blacklisting the host.
RuleId	This specifies the firewall rule id which caused the black-listing.
Time Left(sec)	This specifies time duration in seconds after which the IP address entry will be removed from this table.

Caution

None.

References

get fwl blacklist command

3.56 delete igmp inff

Description

Use this command to delete an IGMP interface over a given interface.

Command Syntax

delete igmp intf ifname interface-name

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This identifies the interface on which IGMP has to be
name	deleted.
iiame	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, ppp-0 - *, eoa-0 - *, usb- 0,
	ipoa -0-*
	Default value: none.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete igmp intf ifname veth-0

Output

Verbose Mode Off

IfName : eth-0 Type : Host
Version : igmpv1 Query Interval(sec) : 150
Query Max Resp Time(sec) : 10 Last Memb QueryIntvl(sec) : 2
Robustness : 10 Join Requests : 10
Current Groups : 8

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description	
Query Interval(sec)	This is the periodic interval at which host-query messages (queries) are transmitted on this interface	
Version	This field specifies the version of IGMP.	
Query Max	This field specifies the query max response time (in	
ResponseTime(sec)	secs)	
Last Memb QueryIntvl(sec)	This field specifies the Last Member Query Interval (in secs)	
Join Requests	This is the number of times a group membership has been added to this interface	
Current Groups	This is the current number of entries for this interface in the IGMP Group Table.	

Caution

None.

References

* get igmp intf command

* $\hbox{create igmp intf} \ \textbf{command}$

* get igmp groups command

3.57 delete ilmi inff

Description

Use this command to delete an ILMI interface.

Command Syntax

delete ilmi intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-	Its value is same as ifIndex for the ATM type of interface
name		in the ifTable.
ITallie		Type: Mandatory.
		Valid Values : atm-0, atm-1, etc.

Mode

Super-user.

Example

\$ delete ilmi intf ifname atm-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
Interface Name	The name of the interface which has been created.
Status	Whether ilmi is enabled or not on this interface.
VPI	VPI to be used for ILMI message exchanges between peer ILMIs
VCI	VCI to be used for ILMI message exchanges between peer ILMIs.
Timeout	Timeout value in seconds, for SNMP Get/ Set messages exchanged between peer ILMIs.
Keep Alive Time	The time-interval in seconds, ILMI should use to poll for peer ILMI's availability.
Maximum Retries	Number of times ILMI should retry.
Version	The version of ILMI

Caution

None

References

- create ilmi intf command
- get ilmi intf command
- modify ilmi intf command
- modify ilmi trigger command

3.58 delete ip route

Description

Use this command to delete an existing routing table entry.

Command Syntax

 $\textbf{delete ip route ip} \; \texttt{dest-ip-address} \; \textbf{mask} \; \texttt{net-mask}$

Parameters

Name	Description	
_{ip} dest-ip-address	Destination IP address of the route which is to be deleted. Type: Mandatory	
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address	
_{mask} net-mask	The Mask of the destination IP Address. Type: Mandatory Valid values: 128.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.254	

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete ip route ip 192.168.2.40 mask 255.255.255.0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Destination	Net Mask	Gateway	If-name	Route Type		Age(sec)
192.168.2.40	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	veth-0	IND	LCL	0

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Destination	Destination IP address of this route

Mask	The Mask of the destination IP Address	
Gateway	The IP address of the next hop for this route	
If-Name	The local interface through which the next hop of this route will be reached	
Route Type	The type of route. It may be: Dir (for Direct), Ind (for Indirect), or inv (for invalid route)	
Route Orig	The routing mechanism through which this route was learned. It may be: NET (for Network Management), LCL (for Local), RIP, ICMP,DYI (Dynamic through Interface creation)	
Age	The number of seconds since this route was last updated or otherwise determined to be correct	

None.

References

- get ip route command
- create ip route command
- ip stats related commands
- ip cfg related commands
- ip address related commands
- arp related commands

3.59 delete ipf rule entry

Description

This command is used for deleting an IP filter rule.

Command Syntax

delete ipf rule entry ruleid rule-id

Name	Description
	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry. Type: Mandatory Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete ipf rule entry ruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On

```
Rule id
                : 1 Interface
                                                      : eth-0
Rule Admin status : Disable Rule Oper Status : Disable
In interface : ALL Direction : Out
Security Level : High Blacklist Status
Logging : Disable Action : Acce
                                                                 : Enable
                                                             : Accept
Log Tag
IP Frag Pkt : Yes IP Opt Pkt :
TCP Flag : Syn Store State : Enable
Src Addr : Equal 172.25.8.76
Dest Addr : Range 172.25.8.70 172.2
Dest Addr : Range 10
Src Port : Out Of Range 10
Dest Port : Not Equal 3
Not Equal 10
                                                                    172.25.8.90
                                                                    20
ICMP Type : Equal
                                       unreach
TransProt : Equal
                                      TCP
IP Pkt Size : Less Than
                                    10
               : Enable Between 01:02:30
TOD Rule
                                                                     02:01:30
```

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Rule id	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry.
Rule Admin Status	Specifies the administrative status of the rule entry.
	Specifies the IP-enabled physical interface to be associated to this rule. All indicates that rule is to be associated to all interfaces.
	Specifies the input interface ID which may be used to dictate the rules like deny/accept all traffic from a specific interface. So, this field can be specified only if direction is out.
	Specifies the direction of Data flow on which filtering is to be applied.
	Specifies the action to be taken when a packet matches a rule.

Logging	This flag controls the logging of matched packets. Each log will contain IP Header and TCP/UDP header or ICMP fields, if available.
Log Tag	This specifies the Filter logging tag, which will be added to all the logs generated due to the rule
Src Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for source IP Address along with the source IPAddress value and the destination IPAddress value. The source or destination or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or self.
Dest Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for destination IP Address along with the start destination IPAddress value and end destination IPAddress value. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or self.
Src Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for source port along with the start of src port and the end of src port. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or bcast.
Dest Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for destination Port along with the start dest port and the end dest port. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or bcast.
ICMP Code	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP code value along with the code field in ICMP header in case of ICMP packets.
ICMP Type	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP Type along with the type field in ICMP header in case of ICMP packets.
TransProt	This field specifies the matching criteria for transport protocol field along with the transport layer protocol number as per IANA.
TCP Flag	This specifies filtering criteria for TCP packet types.
Store State	This specifies whether stateful filtering is done or not
Security Level	This specifies the association of rule with system wide service protection level.
Blacklist Status	This specifies whether source of the packet should be put in blacklist if it matches with the rule. It will be applicable to deny kind of rules
IP Frag Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to fragmented packets, non fragmented packets or in both cases.
IP Opt Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to IP packet with or without IP options or in both cases.
IP Pkt Size	This field specifies the matching criteria for IP Pkt Size along with IP packet filtering attribute. It should be compared against the packet size value in IP header.
ToD Rule	This field specifies whether the rule should be applied for the duration specified. "Enable Between" indicates that the rule is applied between the specified time duration. "Disable Between" indicates that rule is not applicable between the specified duration, but it is applicable for remaining time of the day.
Rule Oper Status	A rule will be operationally enabled if and only if it is administratively enabled, its Time of Day status as per current time is Enable, and if the rule's security level matches the global security level as shown by get ipf global.

None.

References

- create ip rule entry command
- get ip rule entry command
- modify ip rule entry command

3.60 delete ipf session

Description

Use this command to delete IP Filter session information.

Command Syntax

delete ipf session sessid decvalue

Parameters

Name	Description
sessid decvalue	This is index of a session, which needs to be deleted. Type: Mandatory Valid values : 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete ipf session sessid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On

```
Session Index : 1
Time To Expire (sec) : 200 Protocol : TCP
IfName-1 : eth-0 IfName-2 : ppp-0
IP Address-1 : 172.25.8.9 IP Address-2 :
202.1.1.10
Port-1 : 1245 Port-2 : 23
IN RuleID on IfName-1 : 10 IN RuleID on IfName-2 : 20
IN Action on IfName-1 : accept IN Action on IfName-2 : accept
OUT RuleID on IfName-1 : 30 OUT RuleID on IfName-2 : 40
OUT Action on IfName-1 : accept
```

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Session Index	This is index for display of session information
	This specifies the action defined in OUT RuleID on IfName- 2.
Time To Expire (sec)	Time remaining before the session is deleted.
Protocol	This field specifies the protocol type for which session is created.
IfName-1	This specifies the first physical interface associated with this session. This is the interface due to which session creation is initiated.
IfName-2	This specifies the second physical interface associated with this session. This interface is the one on which packet is routed.
IP Address-1	This specifies the IP address associated with ifName-1. If the packet originates from ifName-1, then this will be the source IP address and if the packet is arriving at ifName- 1, then this will be the destination address.
IP Address-2	This specifies the IP address associated with ifName-2. If the packet originates from ifName-2, then this will be the source IP address and if the packet is arriving at ifName- 2, then this will be the destination address.
Port-1	This specifies port associated with IP Address-1. If the packet originates from ifName-1, then this will be the source port and if the packet is arriving at ifName-1, then this will be the destination port.
Port-2	This specifies port associated with IP Address-2. If the packet originates from ifName-2, then this will be the source port and if the packet is arriving at ifName-2, then this will be the destination port.
IN RuleID on IfName- 1	This specifies the matching rule id (i.e. the first rule that matches the packet selectors) on IfName-1 for incoming direction.
IN RuleID on IfName- 2	This specifies the matching rule id on interface IfName-2 for incoming direction.
IN Action on IfName- 1	This specifies the action defined in IN RuleID on IfName- 1.
IN Action on IfName- 2	This specifies the action defined in IN RuleID on IfName-2.
OUT RuleID on IfName- 1	This specifies the matching rule id on interface IfName-1 for outgoing direction.
OUT RuleID on IfName- 2	This specifies the matching rule id on interface IfName-2 for outgoing direction.
OUT Action on IfName- 1	This specifies the action defined in OUT RuleID on IfName- 1.
OUT Action on IfName-	This specifies the action defined in OUT RuleID on IfName-

2	2.

None.

References

- get ipf session command
- reset ipf session command

3.61 delete ipf session

Description

Use this command to delete an IP Filter session information.

Command Syntax

delete ipf session sessid decvalue

Parameters:

Name	Description
sessid decvalue	This is index of a session, which needs to be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values : 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete ipf session sessid 1

Output

Verbose mode on:

```
Session Index
              : 1
                   : 200
                           Protocol : TCP
Time To Expire (sec)
IfName-1
                    : eth-0 IfName-2 : ppp-0
IP Address-1
             : 172.25.8.9
                                   IP Address-2
                                                   : 202.1.1.10
Port-1
                    : 1245 Port-2 : 23
IN RuleID on IfName-1 : 10
                           IN RuleID on IfName-2 : 20
IN Action on IfName-1 : accept IN Action on IfName-2 : accept
OUT RuleID on IfName-1 : 30 OUT RuleID on IfName-2 : 40
OUT Action on IfName-1 : accept OUT Action on IfName-2 : accept
```

Entry Deleted

Verbose mode off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Session Index	This is index for display of session information
Time To Expire (sec)	Time remaining before the session is deleted.
Protocol	This field specifies the protocol type for which session
	is created.
IfName-1	This specifies the first physical interface associated
	with this session. This is the interface due to which
	session creation is initiated.
IfName-2	This specifies the second physical interface associ-
	ated with this session. This interface is the one on
	which packet is routed.
IP Address-1	This specifies the IP address associated with ifName-
	1. If the packet originates from ifName-1, then this will
	be the source IP address and if the packet is arriving
	at ifName-1, then this will be the destination address.
IP Address-2	This specifies the IP address associated with ifName-
	2. If the packet originates from ifName-2, then this will
	be the source IP address and if the packet is arriving
	at ifName-2, then this will be the destination address.
Port-1	This specifies port associated with IP Address-1. If
	the packet originates from ifName-1, then this will be
	the source port and if the packet is arriving at ifName-
Port-2	1, then this will be the destination port.
Port-2	This specifies port associated with IP Address-2. If the packet originates from ifName-2, then this will be
	the source port and if the packet is arriving at ifName-
	2, then this will be the destination port.
IN RuleID on IfName-1	This specifies the matching rule id (i.e. the first rule
IN Ruleib on illume-i	that matches the packet selectors) on IfName-1 for
	incoming direction.
IN RuleID on IfName-2	This specifies the matching rule id on interface If-
IN HUZCID ON TINGME Z	Name-2 for incoming direction.
IN Action on IfName-1	This specifies the action defined in IN RuleID on If-
	Name- 1.
IN Action on IfName-2	This specifies the action defined in IN RuleID on If-
	Name-2.
OUT RuleID on IfName-1	This specifies the matching rule id on interface If-
001 1102022 011 221102110 2	Name-1 for outgoing direction.
OUT RuleID on IfName-2	This specifies the matching rule id on interface If-
	Name-2 for outgoing direction.
OUT Action on IfName-1	This specifies the action defined in OUT RuleID on
	IfName-1.
OUT Action on IfName-2	This specifies the action defined in OUT RuleID on
	IfName-2.
	1

None

References:

*

3.62 delete ipoa intf

Description

This command is used for deleting an IPoA interface.

Command Syntax

delete ipoa intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This parameter specifies the IPoA interface, which has to
name	be deleted.
name	Type: Mandatory.
	Valid values: ipoa-0, ipoa-1, etc.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete ipoa intf ifname ipoa-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
If-Name	The name of the IPoA interface which has been created.
UseDHCP	This specifies whether a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP ad-
	dress for this interface from a DHCP server, or not.
Type	This specifies the type of IPoA interface.
Interface Sec	Interface security type
Type	
Configured IP	IP address assigned to the IPoA interface.
Address	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
Droute	Default Route
Gateway	Gateway IP Address.
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside or
	none.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down

None.

References

- \diamond create ipoa intf command
- get ipoa intf command
- create ipoa map command

3.63 delete ipoa map

Description

Use this command to delete an IPoA interface association with AAL5 interface.

Command Syntax

delete ipoa map ifname interface-name lowif lowinterface- name

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	The name of the IPoA interface for which the asso-
		ciation with lower interface has to be deleted.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: ipoa-0,ipoa-1 etc.,.

lowif low-interface-	This parameter specifies the lower interface (ATM VC
name	interface) of the IPoA interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid Values: aal5-0, aal5-1 etc.,.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete ipoa map ifname ipoa-0 lowif aa15-0

Output

Verbose mode on:

IfName LowIfName Peer IP Address
----ipoa-0 aal5-0 172.25.1.130

Entry Deleted

Verbose mode off:

Entry Deleted

Output Field description

Field	Description
	The name of the IPoA interface for which the association with the lower interface has been deleted.
LowIfName	Specifies the lower (ATM VC) interface.
Peer IP Address	IP address of peer.

Caution

None

References

*

*

*

*

*

3.64 delete 12tp tunnel config ifname 12t-0

Description

Use this command to delete an L2TP tunnel.

Command Syntax

delete |2tp tunne| config ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: l2t-0-l2t-*

Output

Verbose mode on:

: 12t-0 If Name

Admin Status : Up Oper Status : Up

Local IP-address : 178.10.10.10 Remote IP-address : 178.10.11.10
Hello Interval : 300 Idle Timeout : 100
Max Retx Attempt : 10 Max Retx Timeout : 10
Initiator : local Payload Sequencing : always
Authentication Type : simple Transport : udpip

Control RWS : 5 Shared Secret : pa : passwd : titanium Local Host name Remote Host name : Columbia

Entry Deleted

Verbose mode off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
If-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
Local IP-address	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel
Local Host name	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel
Remote IP-address	This field specifies the address of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab-

	lished.
Admin Status	This field specifies the adminstatus of the of the I2tp interface.
Oper Status	This field specifies the Operstatus of the of the I2tp interface.
Remote Host name	This field specifies the hostname of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab- lished.
Hello Interval	Defines the interval (in sec) in which Hello packets are to be sent to the tunnel peer
Idle Timeout	Defines the period of time (in seconds) that an established tunnel with no sessions will wait before disconnecting the tunnel.
Control RWS	Defines the control channel receive window size
Max Retx Timeout	Defines the maximum retransmission timeout interval that the tunnel will wait before retransmitting a control packet that has not been acknowledged.
Initiator	This indicates whether the tunnel will be initiated locally or not.
Payload Sequencing	This object determines whether or not session payload packets will be requested to be sent with sequence numbers from tunnel peer's. The value never(2) indicates that L2TP will never initiate sequencing but will do sequencing if asked. The value always(3) indicates that L2TP will send the sequencing Required AVP during session establishment
Authentication Type	Describes how L2TP tunnel peers are to be authenticated
Transport	Defines the underlying transport media that is in use for this tunnel entry.
Shared Secret	Shared secret is used during the tunnel authentication phase of tunnel establishment if authtype is challenge
Max Retx Attempt	Defines the number of retransmissions, which the tunnel will attempt before assuming that the peer is no longer responding.

This command will fail if sessions are present on tunnel.

References

*

3.65 delete nat rule entry

Description

Use this command to delete an existing NAT rule table entry.

Command Syntax

delete nat rule entry ruleid rule-id

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the NAT rule which is to be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete nat rule entry ruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Flavor : NAPT Protocol : ANY Rule Id : 1
Interface : ALL Local Addr From : 0.0.0.0
Dest Addr From : 0.0.0.0
Global Addr From : 0.0.0.0 Local Addr To : 0.0.0.0

Dest Addr to : 0.0.0.0

Global Addr To : 255.255.255

Dest Port To : 0

Dest Port From : 0

Local Port : 0

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Rule Id	This identifies the NAT rule, information pertaining to which is being displayed.
Flavor	This specifies the type of rule. It may be: BASIC, FILTER, NAPT, BIMAP, REDIRECTION (for RDR) and PASS.
Interface	This specifies the Interface or the outgoing device on which this Nat Rule would apply. It may be: eth-0, veth-0 - *, eoa-0 - *, ppp-0, ppp-1
Protocol	This specifies the protocol type for which the rule is meant. It may be: Any, TCP, UDP, ICMP or IANA specified protocol between 0 to 255.
Local Addr From	This is the starting address when a range of private IP addresses are mapped
Local Addr To	This is the last IP address of the range of private IP addresses mapped by this rule.
Dest Addr From	This specifies the start of the range of destination IP address of the packet to be matched.
Dest Addr To	This specifies the end of the range of destination IP address to be matched
Dest Port From	This specifies the start of the range of the destination port number to be matched.
Dest Port To	This specifies the end of the range of destination port numbers to be matched.
Global Addr From	Specifies the first globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses being mapped.
Global Addr To	Specifies the last globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses used in the mapping.
Local Port	This is the translated port number to be used .

None.

References

- create nat rule entry command
- get nat rule entry command
- nat global info related commands
- nat rule statistics related commands
- nat rule status related commands.

3.66 delete pfraw rule entry

Description

Use this command to delete a rule.

Command Syntax

delete pfraw rule entry ruleid rule-id

Parameters

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index of the rule which has to
	be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete pfraw rule entry ruleid 2

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Rule id : 2 Rule status : Enable Interface : eth-0 In interface : All Direction : Out Action : Accept

Logging : Disable

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description
Rule id	This identifies the rule index of the rule.
Rule Status	This specifies whether this rule is enabled or disabled.
Interface	This specifies the interface name for a rule.
In Interface	This specifies the incoming interface for the given outgoing interface.
Direction	This specifies the filtering direction to which this rule is applied.
Action	This specifies the action taken when a packet matches this rule
Logging	This specifies the log option of this rule

pfraw rule cannot be deleted until all the subrule entries created on this rule are deleted.

References

delete pfraw subrule command

3.67 delete pfraw subrule entry

Description

Use this command to delete a specific sub-rule of an already existing rule.

Command Syntax

delete pfraw subrule entry ruleid rule-id subruleid subrule- id

Parameters

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index of the rule for which the
	sub-rule has to be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.
subruleid sub-rule-id	This specifies the sub-rule index of the sub-rule which
	has to be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 254

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete pfraw subrule entry ruleid 2 subruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Sub Rule id : 1 Sub Rule status : Enable Rule id : 2

Offset from : Linkh

Offset : 6

Comp operation : Range

Low value : 0x0000000ff000000

High value : 0x0000000ffcd0000

Mask : 0x00000000fff0000

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Name	Description
Sub Rule id	This identifies the sub-rule index of the sub-rule.
Rule id	This specifies the rule index of the rule of which this is the subrule
Sub Rule status	This specifies whether this subrule is enabled or disabled.
Offset from	This specifies the start position in the packet for an offset. The start position can be the beginning of the header or data portions of various protocols.
Offset	This specifies the offset with in the header or data part of the packet.
Comp Operation	This specifies the type of comparison that is done on the extracted data and the comparison value(s)
Low Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Range.
High Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Range.
Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Relational.
Mask	This is hexadecimal pattern which specifies the mask

Caution

None.

References

None.

3.68 delete ppe pconf

Description

Use this command to delete a PPPoE AC-name to Service-name

entry.

Command Syntax

delete ppe pconf acname AC-name Srvname service-

name

Parameters

Name	Description
acname AC-name	This specifies the Access Concentrator name.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: String of up to 63 chars. ('A'- 'Z', 'a'- 'z',
	(0'-'9','-','_')
srvname service-name	This specifies the service name
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: String of up to 63 chars. ('A'- 'Z', 'a'- 'z',
	(0'-'9','-','_')

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete ppe pconf acname AC1 srvname Srv1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Ac Name : AC1 Service Name : Srv1

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
ACName	This specifies the Access Concentrator name
ServiceName	This specifies the service name

Caution

None.

References

- \diamond create ppe pconf command
- get ppe pconf command
- ppe cfg command
- get ppe stats session command

3.69 delete ppp inff

Description

Use this command to delete the specified ppp interface.

Command Syntax

delete ppp intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the Interface for PPP Links, which is to
		deleted.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: ppp-0, ppp-1

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete ppp intf ifname ppp-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

If-Name Interface Sec Type Configured IP Address Init MRU	:	ppp-0 Public 0.0.0.0 1500	L2TP Call type Phy Interface NAT Direction Magic	:	inlac aal5-0 OUT False
Encapsulation	:	PPPOA	Service Name	:	-
UseDhcp	:	False	UseDns	:	False
DRoute	:	False	Status	:	Start
Gateway IP Address	:	202.1.1.2	Associated Num If-Name	:	eth-0
Use Gateway	:	remote			

Use Gateway

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Field	Description	
If-Name	This specifies the PPP interface for the PPP Links: It may be:	
	ppp- 0, ppp-1	
L2TP Call Type	This field specifies the l2tp call type.	
Interface Sec	Interface security type.	
Type		
Phy Interface	This specifies Name of the lower interface on which PPP is run-	
	ning. It may be: aal5-0, aal5-1	
Configured IP	This specifies the IP Address for the PPP Link.	
Address		
NAT Direction	This variable specifies whether this interface's address is inside	
	or outside. It may be: inside, outside, none	
Init MRU	The initial Maximum Receive Unit (MRU) that the local PPP entity	
	will advertise to the remote entity	

Magic	This specifies whether the local node will attempt to perform Magic Number negotiation with the remote node. It may be: True, False	
Encapsulation	This specifies the lower layer protocol used below this PPP Link. It may be: PPPOA, PPPOE	
Service Name	This specifies the service name used for PPPoE. It is generally the name of the ISP.	
UseDhcp	This specifies whether DHCP is to be used for address negotiation. It may be either True or False	
UseDns	This specifies whether DNS server addresses are to be obtained using IPCP or not.	
Droute	Default Route	
Status	This shows whether PPP session on this interface is active. It may be: Start, Stop, StartOnData.	
Gateway IP Address	This specifies the IP Address of the Gateway.	
Associated Num	This specifies the interface name of the associated numbered in-	
If-Name	terface. A "-" indicates that this ppp interface is not associated with any numbered interface.	
Use Gateway	This specifies whether local or remote gateway is to be used.	

None.

References

- get ppp intf command
- create ppp intf command
- modify ppp intf command
- ppp lstatus related commands
- ppp security related commands.

3.70 delete ppp security

Description

Use this command to delete a PPP security secrets entry.

Command Syntax

delete ppp security ifname interface-name

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security
		secrets entry is to be deleted.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: ppp-0 - *, default.

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete ppp security ifname ppp-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

IfName : ppp-0

Login : abc

Protocol : PAP

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security entry has been deleted. It may be: ppp-0 - * or default. The default entry gets used in case there is no specific entry for that interface.
Protocol	This is the protocol used for authentication It may be: PAP, CHAP
Login	This is the login name

Caution

Do not delete ppp security when ppp interface is using it.

References

- create ppp security command
- get ppp security command
- modify ppp security command
- ppp lstatus related commands
- ppp intf related commands

3.71 delete rip intf

Description

Use this command to stop RIP protocol on the specified IP Interface.

Command Syntax

delete rip intf ifname interface-name

Name Description

RIP Recv Def Route :

ifname	interface-name	Specifies the IP Interface name on which RIP is to be
		stopped.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, ppp-0 - *, eoa-0 - *,
		ipoa-0-*, usb-0

Mode

Super-User

Example

delete rip intf ifname ppp-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

IP Interface Name : ppp-0 RIP Interface Metric : 1

RIP Send Mode : rip1 RIP Receive Mode : rip1

RIP Send Def Route : Enable

Disable

RIP packet auth : None

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
IP Interface Name	This tells the IP Interface name on which RIP is to be
	stopped.
RIP Interface Metric	This tells the metric value attached to the interface. The metric is used by RIP in deciding which among al-
	ternate routes is the most optimal.
RIP Send Mode	This tells the packet format used for sending RIP up-
	dates and requests
RIP Receive Mode	This tells the packet format accepted while receiving
	RIP updates and requests and responses
RIP Send Def Route	This tells whether default route is to be included in the
	updates sent on the interface, or not.
RIP Recv Def Route	This tells whether default route is to be processed in
	the updates received on the interface or not.
RIP packet auth	This tells whether RIP authentication is enabled or not

Caution

None.

References

modify rip global command.

3.72 delete snmp comm

Description

Use this command to delete the specified community from the

community table.

Command Syntax

delete snmp comm community comm-name

Parameters

Name	Description
community COMM-name	This specifies the Community name which is to be
_	deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: String of Max. 50 Characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'-
	'z', '0'-'9','-','_')

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete snmp comm community public

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Access Community
----RO public

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
Community	This specifies the Community name
	This specifies the access permissions given to managers with this community name. It may be: RO (Read Only), RW (Read-Write)

Caution

A community cannot be deleted if there are some SNMP hosts created for the community.

References

*	get	snmp	comm	command
---	-----	------	------	---------

- create snmp comm command
- snmp trap related commands
- snmp host related commands
- snmp stats related commands

3.73 delete snmp host

Description

Use this command to delete the specified host from the SNMP host table.

Command Syntax

delete snmp host ip ip-addr community comm-name

Parameters

Name	Description
_{ip} ip-addr	This specifies the IP address of the manager that has
_	to be deleted for the specified community.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
community COMM-name	This specifies the Community name. This together with
-	the ip determines which entry is to be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: String of Max. 50 Characters ('A'- 'Z', 'a'-
	(z', '0'-'9','-',' ')

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete snmp host community public ip 192.168.1.3

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Host	Address	Community
192.1	 L68.1.3	public

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Pleid Description	Field De	scription
-------------------	----------	-----------

Host Address This specifies the IP address of the manage	
	access permissions for modem
Community	This specifies the Community name.

None.

References

- get snmp host command
- create snmp host command
- snmp trap related commands
- snmp comm related commands
- snmp stats related commands

3.74 delete sntp servaddr

Description

Use this command to delete the SNTP server address.

Command Syntax

delete sntp servaddr <ip-address dname domain-

name>

Parameters

Name	Description
<ip-address> dname</ip-address>	This parameter specifies the IP address or fully qual-
<domain-name></domain-name>	ified domain name of SNTP server address to be de-
	leted.Type: MandatoryValid values: Valid IP address
	or fully qualified domain name.

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete sntp servaddr 192.168.1.1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Server Addr : 192.168.1.1 Status : Active

Domain Name : abc.com

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
Server Addr	IP address of the SNTP server
Status	Operational Status of the SNTP server address entry.
Domain Name	The fully qualified domain name of the SNTP server.

Caution

None.

References

- create sntp servaddr command
 get sntp servaddr command
 modify sntp cfg command
 get sntp cfg command
 get sntp stats command
- reset sntp stats command

3.75 delete tcp conn

Description

Use this command to forcibly delete a TCP connection entry.

Command Syntax

delete tcp conn lclip local-ip-address lclport localport rmtip remote-ip-address rmtport remoteport

Parameters

Name	Description
1clip local-ip- address	The local IP address for the TCP connection, which is to be deleted. Type: Mandatory Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
1clport local-port	The local port number for the TCP connection to be deleted. Type: Mandatory Valid values: 0-65535
rmtip remote-ip- address	The remote IP address for the TCP connection which is to be deleted Type: Mandatory Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
rmtport remote-port	The remote port number for the TCP connection to be deleted.

Γ	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0-65535

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete tcp conn lclip 192.168.1.11 lclport 80 rmtip 202.34.4.5

rmtport 80

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Local Addr	Local Port	Remote Addr	Remote Port
192.168.1.11	80	202.34.4.5	80

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
Local Addr	The local IP address for the TCP connection.
Local Port	The local port number for the TCP connection.
Remote Addr	The remote IP address for the TCP connection
Remote Port	The remote port number for the TCP connection.

Caution

None.

References

get tcp conn command

get tcp stats command

3.76 delete usb inff

Description

Use this command to delete a USB interface.

Command Syntax

delete usb intf ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name Description	
------------------	--

ifname	ne interface-name This parameter specifies the USB interface, which h		
		to be deleted.	
		Type: Mandatory.	
		Valid values: usb-0.	

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ delete usb intf ifname usb-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

IfName	If SecType	Ip Address	Mask	Nat Dir	Oper
usb-0	Public	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	Inside	Down

Set Done

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the interface, which has been created.
Ip Address	IP address assigned to the usb-0 interface.
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
Nat Dir	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside or none.
Oper	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down
If SecType	Interface security type.

Caution

None.

References

- create usb intf command
- get usb intf command
- \diamond modify usb intf command
- get usb stats command

3.77 delete user

Description

Use this command to delete a user login.

Command Syntax

delete user name user-name

Parameters

Name	Description	
Name user-name	This specifies the User Name to be deleted.	
	Type: Mandatory	
	Valid values: String of up to 128 characters ('A'- 'Z',	
	'a'-'z', '0'-'9','-','_')	

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ delete user name user1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

User Name : user1 Privilege : user

Entry Deleted

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Deleted

Output field description

Field	Description
UserName	This represents the user login which is being deleted.
Privilege	This represents the privilege level associated with the user being deleted. It may be: user, intermediate, root. In CLI, intermediate privilege has the same previliges as the user. In HTTP, the intermediate privilege has ALL the privileges as the "user" except that he can also modify the ATM VPI and VCI values and the PPP username and password.

Caution

If there is only one user login with root privileges then that entry cannot be deleted.

References

create user command

 \diamond get user command

passwd command

3.78 do getserialize

Description

Use this command to view the Viking unit's MAC address and serial number, and to view the serial number assigned to the USB host PC, if any.

Command Syntax

do getserialize

Parameters

None.

Example

\$do getserialize

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off:

Serial Number: 123456789abcdx

Ethernet Mac Address: 00-85-A0-01-01-00 Usb Host Mac Address: 00-85-A0-01-01-04

Output field description

Name	Description
Serial Number	The serial number assigned to the Viking unit
Ethernet MAC	The MAC address assigned to all LAN interfaces (i.e., eth-0 and
Address	usb-0) on the Viking unit
Usb Host Mac	The MAC address assigned to the USB host PC, if any.
Addrses	

Caution

None.

References

do serialize rule entry command

3.79 do getver

Description

Use this command to get details about the current software and hardware versions.

Command Syntax

do getver

Parameters

None

Example

\$ do getver

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off:

SW Version: VIK-1.37.020618j FW Version: T93.3.19

Output field description

Field	Description
SW Version	Current Software version
HW Version	Current hardware version

Caution

None.

References

None.

3.80 do serialize

Command Syntax

do serialize <Ethernet-MAC-Address> [Serial-Number] [USB-MAC Address]

Parameters

Name	Description
Ethernet-Mac-Address	Specifies the MAC address to assign to the Ethernet
	and USB ports on the Viking unit.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 6 hexadecimal pairs, with or without
	dashes
Serial-Number	Specifies the serial number to assign to the Viking
	unit.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: any alphanumeric characters, up to 24
USB-MAC-Address	Specifies the MAC address to assign to the USB host
	PC (not the USB interface on the Viking unit)
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 6 hexadecimal pairs, with or without
	dashes

Example

\$do serialize a1-00-0b-00-00-26 8a723v842d79477499797adf a1-00-b0-00-78-26

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off:

REBOOT REQ: Awaiting Flash Access To Finish
Serialization done. Rebooting the board...
(system reboots)

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

- do getserialize command
- get interface stats command

download

Description

Use this command to download a configuration or binary file from

another host on to the modem.

Command Syntax

download fname file-name ip ip-address

Parameters

Name	Description
fname file-name	This specifies the name of the binary or configuration file to be downloaded. The filename contains the complete path on the host. The filename extension must be either .cfg or .bin. A .cfg file can contain only valid CLI commands, with the last line being the string "end" (without the quotes). A .bin file must be a valid image file for the modem. Type: Mandatory Valid values: String of up to 128 characters (all characters except ';', ', ', '?')

	This specifies the address of the host from which the file is
ip ip-address	This specifies the address of the flost from which the file is
	to be downloaded.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode Type your question here and then click Search

Super-User.

Example

\$download fname myconfig.cfg ip 192.168.1.10

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Downloading The Code File. . .

Download Completed

Verbose Mode Off:

Downloading The Code File. . . Download Completed $\begin{tabular}{ll} \end{tabular} \label{table_code}$

Output field description

None.

Caution

If the autoupdate flag is set to True, the downloaded file is applied immediately. In case of a .cfg file the commands in it are executed; in case of a .bin file the code in it is programmed into the flash (removing the earlier code) and the modem reboots with the new code. Ensure that the tftp server is running on the specified host.

References

- modify autoupdate command
- set autoupdate command
- remove command.
- list command.
- apply command.

3.81 get alg port

Description

Use this command to get one or all alg port entries, which satisfy a particular filtering criteria. The port number and protocol together uniquely identify an entry.

Command Syntax

get alg port [portno port-no]

Parameters

Name	Description
pereme pere me	The Port number for which ALG entries are to be retrieved. The port here is the destination port of the untranslated packet If none is specified then ALG entries for all ports are displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: 0 - 65535

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get alg port

Output

Port Num	Protocol	ALG Type
21	Tcp	FTP

Output field description

Field	Description	
Port Num	The Port number on which the ALG is running. The port	
	here is the destination port of the untranslated packet.	
Protocol	The protocol for which this ALG is running.	
Port Type	This specifies the ALG with has to be applied to this por It may be: FTP, SNMP, REAL AUDIO, REMOTE CMD, L2TP,MIRC, CU-	
	SEEME,H323_Q931,H323_RAS,PPTP,RTSP, TIM- BUKTU, LDAP, SGICOMPCORE, MSN MSGR, IKE, ESP	

Caution

None.

References

- delete alg port command
- \diamond create alg port command
- get alg type command

3.82 get alg type

Description

Use this command to display all the ALGs that are supported in the system.

Command Syntax get alg type

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example \$ get alg type

Output

Alg Type FTP SNMP REAL AUDIO REMOTE CMD L2TP MIRC CUSEEME H323_Q931 H323_RAS PPTP RTSP TIMBUKTU LDAP T120 SGICompCore MSN MSGR IKE ESP

Field	Description
Alg Type	This is an ALG Type supported by the system. It may
	be:FTP, SNMP, REAL AUDIO, REMOTE
	CMD,L2TP,MIRC,CU-
	SEEME,H323_Q931,H323_RAS,PPTP,RTSP,TIM-
	BUKTU, LDAP, T120, SGICompCore, MSN MSGR, IKE,
	ESP.

None.

References

get alg port command

3.83 get arp

Description

Use this command to display either the full ARP table or a single entry.

Command Syntax get arp [ip ip-address]

Parameters

Name	Description
	IP Address corresponding to the media-dependent 'physical' address for which information is to be displayed. If none is specified then information for all valid IPs in ARP Table is displayed. Type: Optional Valid Values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User, User

Example \$ get arp

Output			
If Name	Туре	Mac Address	Ip Address
eth-0	Static	00:00:00:00:00:00	127.0.0.1

Field	Description
If-Name This specifies the physical Interface for the medi	
	be :eth-0 or veth-0 to veth-4

Type	This defines the type of mapping in use. The value Invalid has the effect that this entry is not used. It may be: Static, Dynamic, Other
Mac Address	The media-dependent `physical' address
IP Address	IP Address corresponding to the media-dependent 'physical' address

None.

References

- atm trfdesc related commands
- delete arp command
- create arp command
- ip stats related commands
- ip route related commands
- ip address related commands
- \diamond ip cfg related commands.

3.84 get atm 1483 stats

Description

Use this command to retrieve Global Statistics related to RFC1483 encapsulation.

Command Syntax get atm 1483 stats

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get atm 1483 stats

Output

Invalid SAP count	: 2	Invalid Ctl count	: 0
Invalid OUI count	: 0	Invalid PID count	: 3
Unregistered Mea5 Protocol count	: 0		

Output field description

Field	Description
Invalid SAP	The number of frames received with invalid SAP in LLC header.
Invalid Ctl	The number of frames received with invalid Ctl in LLC header.
Invalid OUI	The number of frames received with invalid OUI in SNAP header.
Invalid PID	The number of frames received with invalid PID in SNAP header.
	The number of valid frames received but dropped since no upper
Mea5 Protocol	layer was configured for the encapsulation type

Caution

None.

References

Other atm commands.

3.85 get atm aal5 stats

Description

Use this command to get AAL5 VC statistics.

Command Syntax

get atm aal5 stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-
name	mation is desired. In case the field is not specified, then the information for all valid aal5 interfaces should be
	displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values : aal5-0 - *

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get atm aal5 stats ifname aal5-0

Output

LowIf : atm-0 VPI : 0 VCI: 1

VC IfName : aal5-0

Tx Frames count : 100 Rx Frames count : 85

Tx Bytes count : 1535 Rx Bytes count : 1200

Large Pkts Rx count : 4 CIS Rx count : 2

CRC Errors count : 0 Invalid CPI SDU count : 0

Invalid PAD count : 0

RAS Timer Expired count : 1

Output field description

Field	Description
LowIf	This specifies the ATM port name: It can be : atm-0
VPI	This is the Virtual Port Identifier
VCI	This is the Virtual Circuit Identifier
VC IfName	The name of the aal5 (aal5-0 etc)interface whose statistics are to be retrieved.
Tx Frames	This specifies the total number of frames sent on this AAL5 VC
Rx Frames	This specifies the total number of frames received on this AAL5 VC
Tx Bytes	This specifies the total number of octets sent on this AAL5 VC
Rx Bytes	This specifies the total number of octets received on this AAL5 VC
Large Pkts Rx	This specifies the number of AAL5 packets whose length is greater than the AAL5 CPCS receive SDU size
CIS Rx	This specifies the number of congestion Indication received from the lower layers
CRC Errors	This specifies the number of CRC errors encountered.
Invalid CPI SDU	This specifies the number of SDU received with invalid CPI
Invalid PAD	This specifies the number of SDU received with invalid PAD length
Invalid Length SDU	This specifies the number of SDU received with invalid length
RAS Timer Expired	This specifies the number of times reassembly timer expired

Caution

None.

References

- atm trfdesc related commands
- atm vc related commands
- ♦ oam lpbk command
- atm port and statistics related commands.

3.86 get atm port

Description

Use this command to get information about a specific or all atm ports.

Command Syntax

get atm port [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This specifies the ATM port for which information is to
	be displayed. If this is not specified then information for all ATM ports is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values : atm-0

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get atm port ifname atm-0

Output

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies the name of the ATM port. It can be : atm-0
MaxVccs	This specifies The maximum number of VCCs (PVCCs and SVCCs) supported at this ATM interface. It may be: 0-64
UBRPriority	Priority of the best effort traffic. A value 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. Higher the value, higher the priority. It may be : 0-2
GFRPriority	This specifies the priority of GFR class. A value 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. Higher the value, higher the priority. It may be: 0-2
Latency	Type of DSL channel in use on the underlying DSL port. It may be: fast, interleaved
MaxConfVccs	This specifies the current number of VCCs configured on this port. It may be :0 - Value defined in MaxVccs
OAMSrc	Loop back source id assigned to the ATM port. The ATM port will respond to all loopback cells which carry this OAM id.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down

Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either Up or Down
riumiii Deacus	price desired state of the interface. It may be either up of bown

None.

References

- atm trfdesc related commands *
- * atm vc related commands
- * oam lpbk command
- * atm port and statistics related commands.

3.87 get atm stats

Description

Use this command to get the ATM virtual port statistics for a specific port or for all ports.

Command Syntax

get atm stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
name	This specifies the ATM port. If this is not specified then information for all interfaces is displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: atm-0

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get atm stats ifname atm-0

Output

If-Name : atm-0 Rx User Cells count : 200 250

Tx User Cells count

Rx OAM Cells count : 10 : 9
Rx CLPI count : 20 Tx OAM Cells count : 20 Tx CLPI count : 5000 Tx Bytes count Rx Bytes count : 4900 Rx OAM Seg Cells count : 2 Tx OAM Seg Cells count : 4 Rx OAM End Cells count : 8 Tx OAM End Cells count : 5 :10 Tx CC Cells count Rx CC Cells count : 20 : 10 Tx CC AD Cells count Rx CC AD Cells count : 20 Invalid Cells count Dropped Cells count : 2 : 3 : 0 Out Of Rx Buffer count Out of Rx Descr count : 0 Rejected Tx Pkts count : 0 CRC Errors count : 0

Field	Description
If-Name	The ATM port name: It can be: atm-00
Rx User Cells	The number of user cells received on this interface
Tx User Cells	The number of user cells transmitted on this interface
Rx OAM Cells	The number of OAM cells received on this interface
Tx OAM Cells	The number of OAM cells transmitted on this interface
Rx CLPI	The number of cells received with Cell Loss Priority =1
Tx CLPI	The number of user cells transmitted with Cell Loss Priority =1
Rx Bytes	The number of bytes received (including ATM cell header)
Tx Bytes	The number of bytes transmitted (including ATM cell header)
Rx OAM Seg Cells	The number of OAM cells received for segment loopback
Tx OAM Seg Cells	The number of OAM cells transmitted for segment loopback
Rx OAM End Cells	The number of OAM cells received for end-to-end loopback
Tx OAM End Cells	The number of OAM cells transmitted for end-to-end loopback
Rx CC Cells	This specifies the number of CC Cells (Cell used for Continuity
count	Check) received on the ATM Port
Tx CC Cells	This specifies the number of CC Cells (Cell used for Continuity
count	Check) transmitted on the ATM Port
Rx CC AD Cells count	This specifies the number of CC Activation/DeactivationCells (Cell used for activating Continuity Check) received on the ATM Port
Tx CC AD Cells	This specifies the number of CC Activation/DeactivationCells (Cell
count	used for activating Continuity Check) transmitted on the ATM Port
Dropped Cells	The number of received cells discarded due to some error
Invalid Cells	The number of invalid received cells
Out Of Rx Buffer	The number of times receive buffer overflow was encountered
Out of Rx Descr	The number of time receive buffer descriptor overflow was encountered
Rejected Tx Pkts	The number of packets rejected because of resource crunch
CRC Errors	The number of packets rejected because of CRC errors

None.

References

- reset atm stats command
- atm trfdesc related commands
- atm vc related commands
- ❖ oam lpbk command
- atm port related commands.

3.88 get atm svccfg

Description

Use this command to get information on a particular SVC or all SVCs.

Command Syntax

get atm svccfg [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
	Interface name of the configured SVC. Type: Optional
	Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1

Mode

Super-User, User.

Example

\$ get atm svccfg ifname aa15-0

Output

 VC IfName
 : aal5-0
 AAL5 Encap
 : VC Mux

 VPI
 : 5
 VCI
 : 10

Numbering Plan : atmes

Output field description

Field	Description	
VC Ifname	Interface name of the configured SVC.	
AAL5 Encap	The type of Protocol Multiplexing used over 1483	
	The VPI of the ATM VC found towards the specified ATM	
	Destination	
VCI	The VCI of the ATM VC found towards the specified ATM	
	Destination	
_	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM Destination	
	Address (for SVC to be opened) belongs.	
	The ATM address of the destination with which the connection is established.	
Trf Descr Index	The index of the Traffic Descriptor Table entry whose traffic parameters are for the SVC to be opened.	
Access Protocol	This specifies the protocol that runs on the VC	
Aal5 Tx Size	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size.	
Aal5 Rx Size	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size.	

Caution

None.

References

- create atm svccfg command
- delete atm svccfg command

3.89 get atm trfdesc

Description

Use this command to get information for a specific traffic descriptor or all traffic descriptors.

Command Syntax

get atm trfdesc trfindex [traffic-descriptor-index]

Parameters

Name	Description
descriptor- index	This identifies the traffic descriptor entry which is to be retrieved. Type: Optional Valid values: 0 - *

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get atm trfdesc trfindex 0

Output

Traffic Descr Id : 0 Type : NOCLP_NOSCR Service Category : UBR Frame Discard : Enabled

PCR : 0 MCR : 0

Output field description

Field	Description
Traffic Descr Id	This identifies the traffic descriptor.
Type	This defines the type of traffic used. It may be: NOCLP_NOSCR, CLP_NOTAG_MCR, NOCLP_SCR.
Service Category	This specifies the service category to be used. It may be: UBR, GFR, CBR, RTVBR, NRTVBR.
Frame Discard	It is always Enabled. It indicates that the network is requested to treat data for this connection, in the given direction, as frames (e.g. AAL5 CPCS_PDU's) rather than as individual cells. This treatment may for example involve discarding entire frames during congestion, rather than a few cells from many frames.
PCR	Peak Cell Rate for ATM Traffic.
MCR	Minimum Cell Rate for ATM Traffic.

Caution

None.

References

atm trfdesc commands

atm vc related commands

atm port and statistics related commands.

3.90 get atm uni

Description

Use this command to get ATM UNI configuration information.

Command Syntax

get atm uni [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	Interface Index of the ATM VC over which UNI sig-
		naling is run.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: aal5-0, aal5-1

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ get atm uni ifname aa15-0

Output

Name	Description	
Ifname	Interface name of VC over which UNI signaling is running. It can be: aal5-0, aal5-1	
ATM NumbPlan		
	The Address Plan to which the specified ATM Source Address belongs.	
Status		
	This specifies the status of the Signaling ATM Adaptation Layer (SAAL) layer. The purpose of SAAL is to provide reliable transfer of signaling message between peer UNI entities.	
Version		
	This specifies the version of the UNI used. UNI31 and UNI40 mean UNI3.1 and UNI4.1 respectively.	
SelfAtmAddress	The source ATM address.	

None.

References

None.

3.91 get atm vc inff

Description

Use this command to display information corresponding to a single VC or for all VCs.

Command Syntax

get atm vc intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	Interface name of the VC which is to be displayed. If
		not specified then all VCs are displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: aal5-0 - *

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get atm vc intf ifname aal5-0

Output

Field	Description
If-Name	Interface name of the VC being displayed. It can be: aal5-0, aal5-
	1

Lowif	Interface index of the underlying ATM port. It is always: atm-0	
VPI	It is the Virtual Path Identifier.	
VCI	It is the Virtual Circuit Identifier.	
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or	
	Down	
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either <i>Up</i> , <i>Down or</i>	
	Loopback. Loopback has a special significance. A Loopback VC	
	will loop back whatever cells it receives.	
Aal5 Tx Size	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size to be used	
Aal5 Rx Size	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size to be used	
AAL Type	AAL type in use for the VC	
AAL5 Encap	This specifies the data multiplexing method to be used over the	
	AAL5 SSCS layer.	
Max Aal5 Proto	This specifies the maximum number of protocols that are sup-	
	ported over the VC	
Trf Descr Index	This identifies the transmit traffic parameters in use. It correspond	
	to a valid entry in the traffic descriptor table	
VC Weight	This specifies the priority of the VC. Higher value means higher	
	priority	

None.

References

- atm vc intf commands
- atm trfdesc related commands
- ♦ oam lpbk command
- atm port related commands
- atm statistics related commands.

3.92 get atm vc stats

Description

Use this command to get statistical information about a specific or all atm virtual circuits.

Command Syntax

get atm vc stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
Ifname interface-name		This specifies the Virtual Circuit. If this is not specified then information for all VCs is displayed.
		Type: Optional

Valid values: aal5-0 - *

Mode

User, Super-User

Example

\$ get atm vc stats ifname aa15-0

Output

LowIf	: atm-0	VPI	: 1
VCI	: 1		
VC IfName	: aal5-0		
User Tx Cells count	: 250	User Rx	Cells
count : 200			
OAM Tx Cells count	: 3	OAM Rx (Cells
count : 2			
OAM LB Seg Tx Cells count	: 3	OAM LB S	Seg Rx
Cells count : 2			_
OAM LB End Tx Cells count	: 0	OAM LB End Rx Cells cou	ınt
: 0			
OAM CC Tx Cells count	: 20	OAM CC Rx Cells coun	t
: 10			
OAM CC Tx AD Cells count	: 20	OAM CC Rx AD Cells count	: 10
CLPI 1 Tx Cells count	: 10	CLPI 1 Rx Cells count	: 9
Bytes Transmitted count	: 5000	Bytes Received count	:
4900		-	
Rx BD Overflow count	: 0	Rx Buff Overflow count	: 0
Tx Pkts Rejected count		Last Reset Time(sec)	
5000	• •		•

Field	Description
LowIf	This specifies the ATM port name: It can be: atm-0
VPI	The Virtual Port Identifier.
VCI	The Virtual Circuit Identifier.
VC Ifname	The name of the aal5 (aal5-0) interfaces whose statistics are to be retrieved
User Tx Cells	This specifies number of user cells transmitted on this interface
User Rx Cells	This specifies number of user cells received on this interface
OAM Tx Cells	This specifies the number of OAM cells transmitted on this interface
OAM Rx Cells	This specifies the number of OAM cells received on this interface
OAM LB Seg Tx Cells	This specifies the number of OAM cells transmitted for segment loopback
OAM LB Seg Rx Cells	This specifies the number of OAM cells received for segment loopback
OAM LB End Tx Cell	This specifies the number of OAM cells transmitted for end-to- end loopback
OAM LB End Rx Cells	This specifies the number of OAM cells received for end-to- end loopback
OAM CC Tx Cells	This specifies the number of CC Cells (Cell used for Continuity

count	Check) transmitted on the ATM Port	
OAM CC Rx Cells count	This specifies the number of CC Cells (Cell used for Continuity Check) received on the ATM Port	
OAM CC Tx AD Cells count	This specifies the number of CC Activation/DeactivationCells (Cell used for activating Continuity Check) transmitted on the ATM Port	
OAM CC Rx AD Cells count	This specifies the number of CC Activation/DeactivationCells (Cell used for activating Continuity Check) received on the ATM Port	
CLPI 1 Tx Cells	This specifies the number of user cells transmitted with CLP=1	
CLPI 1 Rx Cells	This specifies the number of cells received with CLP=1	
Bytes Received	This specifies the number of bytes received (including ATM cell header)	
Rx Buff Descr Overflow	This specifies the number of time receive buffer descriptor overflow was encountered	
Rx Buff Overflow	This specifies the number of times receive buffer overflow was encountered	
Tx Pkts Rejected	This specifies the number of packets rejected because of resource crunch	
Last Reset Time (sec)	This specifies the time elapsed in seconds since the last reset for statistics for this interface.	

None.

References

- atm trfdesc related commands
- ❖ atm vc related commands
- ♦ oam lpbk command
- atm port related commands
- atm statistics related commands.

3.93 get autodetect cfg

Description

Use this command to get the status of automatic detect mode.

Command Syntax get autodetect cfg

Parameters

None

Mode

User, Super-User

Example

\$ get autodetect cfg

Output

Auto Detect Mode : Enable Mode : Bridge

Output field description

Field	Description	
Auto Detect Mode	Status of the Automatic Detect Mode.	
Mode	This specifies whether modem is configured for bridging or routing mode.	
Detect PPP	This specifies the auto detection procedure.	
VC Range	This specifies the range of VC values for which auto detection procedure will be followed.	

Caution	Ì
---------	---

None

References

modify autodetect cfg

3.94 get autoupdate

Description

Use this command to see the autoupdate flag

Command Syntax get autoupdate

Parameters

None.

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ get autoupdate

Output

Auto Update : False

Output field description

Field	Description
Auto Update	This specifies the current value of the autoupdate flag. If it is <i>True</i> then any file downloaded using the <i>download command</i> is applied immediately after being downloaded (in case of a . <i>cfg</i> file its commands would be immediately executed; in case of a . <i>bin</i> file the code in it will get programmed into the flash and the modem will reboot with the new code). If the flag is <i>False</i> then the file is simply downloaded and not executed.

Caution

None.

References

- apply command
- modify autoupdate command
- * remove command.
- download command.
- 1ist command.

3.95 get bras cfg

Description

Use this command to get BRAS Configuration.

Command Syntax get bras cfg

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get bras cfg

Output

Status : Enable

Output field description

Field	Description	
Status		This field specifes whether Bridge Router Auto Sense (BRAS) feature is enabled or disabled. If enabled, the modem's PPoE client is disabled when a PPoE client is detected on the LAN.

Caution

None.

References

❖ modify bras cfg command.

3.96 get bridge forwarding

Description

Use this command to display the forwarding information available with the bridge for the specified address or for all the addresses.

Command Syntax

get bridge forwarding [macaddr mac-address]

Parameters

Name	Description
macaddr mac-address	A MAC address for which the bridge has forwarding
	and/or filtering information. If it is not specified then
	information for all MAC addresses is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0:0:0:0:0:0 to FF:FF:FF:FF:FE

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get bridge forwarding macaddr 1:1:1:1:1:1

Output

MAC Addr	If-Name	Status
01:01:01:01:01:01	eth-0	Learned

Output field description

Field	Description	
MAC Addr		A unicast MAC address for which the bridge has forwarding and/or filtering information
If-Name		It identifies the interface on which at least one frame corresponding to the MAC address above, has been seen. A value of <i>0</i> indicates that the forwarding information has not been learned dynamically but is available (e.g. by using create bridge static command).
Status		The status of this entry. The value Learned indicates that the value is known and currently being used. It may be: Learned

Caution

None.

References

- bridge port related commands.
- bridge port stats command

- * bridge static related commands
- bridge mode related commands

3.97 get bridge tbg info

Description

Use this command to get bridging related global information.

Command Syntax get bridge tbg info

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get bridge tbg info

Output

MacAddress : 00:00:00:00:00

No. of Ports : 2

Base Type : Transparent

Learned Entry Discards : 0 Aging TimeOut(sec) : 300

Field	Description
MacAddress	The MAC address used by this bridge when it must be referred to in a unique fashion. It is the address of the ethernet port.
No. of Ports	The maximum number of ports that can be controlled by this bridge.
Base Type	Indicates what type of bridging this bridge can perform. It is always <i>Transparent</i> .
Learned Entry Discards	The total number of Forwarding Database entries, which have been or would have been learnt, but have been discarded due to a lack of space to store them in the Forwarding Database. If this counter is increasing, it indicates that the Forwarding Database is regularly becoming full (a condition which has unpleasant performance effects on the subnetwork). If this counter has a significant value but is not presently increasing, it indicates that the problem has been occurring but is not persistent.
Aging TimeOut	The timeout period in seconds for aging out dynamically learned forwarding information. 802.1D-1990

recommend	10 2 1	default.	of 300	spronds
recomment	וא מו	Jelauli	ผเงเน	SECONOS.

None.

References

- modify bridge tbg info command
- bridge related commands
- bridge port stats related command
- bridge static command
- bridge forwarding command.

3.98 get bridge mode

Description

Use this command to get the current bridging mode of modem.

Command Syntax get bridge mode

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get bridge mode

Output

Bridging Wan to Wan Bridging
----enable disable

Field	Description
Bridging	This specifies whether bridging mode is enabled or disabled.
Wan to Wan Bridging	This specifies whether WAN-to-WAN bridging mode

is enabled or disabled..

Caution

None.

References

- modify bridge mode command
- bridge port command
- bridge port stats command
- bridge static command
- bridge forwarding command.

3.99 get bridge port intf

Description

Use this command to get the information about a specific bridge port or for all the ports.

Command Syntax

get bridge port intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the bridge Interface. If this is not spec-
		ified then information for all interfaces is displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eoa-0 - * eth-0, usb-0

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get bridge port intf ifname eth-0

Output

Port	If-Name	Delay-Exceed-Discards	MTU-Exceed-Discards
1	eth-0	0	0

Output field description

Field	Description
Port	The port number of the interface for which information
	is being displayed.
If-Name	This specifies the Interface name corresponding to the above port.
	It can be: eoa-0 - *, , eth-0, usb-0
Delay-Exceed-Discards	The number of frames discarded by this port due to
	excessive transit delay through the bridge
MTU-Exceed-Discards	The number of frames discarded by this port due to the
	frame size being greater than the MTU of the interface

Caution

None.

References

- delete bridge port intf command
- \diamond create bridge port intf command
- bridge mode commands
- bridge port stats command
- bridge static commands
- bridge forwarding commands

3.100 get bridge port stats

Description

Use this command to get the statistics of a single port or all the ports.

Command Syntax

get bridge port stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface	e-name This specifies the bridge Interface. If this is not spec-
	ified then information for all interfaces is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: eoa-0 - * eth-0 ush-0

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get bridge port stats ifname eth-0

Output

If-Name : eth-0

Delay Exceeded : 0
Max Info Size : 0
In Frames : 129 MTU Exceeded : 0 Out Frames : 138 In Discards : 3

Output field description

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies the Interface name corresponding to which the
	statistics are being displayed.
	It can be: eoa-0 - *, eth-0, usb-0
Delay Exceeded	The number of frames discarded by this port due to excessive
	transit delay
MTU Exceeded	The number of frames discarded by this port due to an exces-
	sive size.
Max Info Size	The maximum size of the INFO (non-MAC) field that this port
	will receive or transmit
Out Frames	The number of frames that have been transmitted by this port
	to its segment.
In Frames	The number of frames that have been received by this port
	from its segment.
In Discards	Count of valid frames received which were discarded (i.e., fil-
	tered) by the Forwarding Process

Caution

None.

References

- * bridge mode related commands
- * bridge port intf command
- * bridge static related commands
- * bridge forwarding related commands.

3.101 get bridge static

Description

Use this command to get information about a specific or all bridge static entries.

Command Syntax

get bridge static [macaddr mac-address][inifname interface- name|all]

Parameters

Name	Description
macaddr mac-address	This identifies the entry for which the information is to be
	displayed. It is the destination MAC address in a frame
	to which this entry's filtering information applies. If not
	specified then information for all entries is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0:0:0:0:0:1 to FF:FF:FF:FF:FE

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get bridge static macaddr 1:1:1:1:1:1

Output

MAC Address: 01:01:01:01:01:01 Incoming Interface: veth-0 Interfaces: eth-0 eoa-1

Output field description

Field	Description
MAC Address	The destination MAC address in a frame to which this entry's filtering information applies
Interfaces	The interfaces to which frames received from a specific port and destined for the given MAC address, are allowed to be forwarded. They may be: eth-0, eoa-0 - *, usb-0

Caution

None.

*	delete bridge static command
*	create bridge static command
*	modify bridge static command
*	bridge mode related commands
*	bridge port stats related commands

- bridge static related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands

3.102 get datauserslist

Description

Use this command to get DHCP client information, for clients on the specified interface or for all the interfaces.

Command Syntax get datauserslist

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get datauserslist

Output

Verbose mode on/off

User Name : james IP Address : 172.25.2.12

Output field description

Field	Description
User Name	This specifies the login name of the data user.
	This specifies the IP Address of host from which the data user is currently logged in.

Caution

None.

- reset datauserslist command
- get usagectrl command
- modify usagectrl command.

3.103 get dhcp client info

Description

Use this command to get DHCP client information, for clients on the specified interface or for all the interfaces.

Command Syntax

get dhcp client info [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
name	This specifies the interface name on which DHCP is running. If this is not specified then information for clients on all such interfaces will be displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp client info ifname eth-0

Output

If-name	Server	Status	Lease Start Date	Lease Time (sec)
eth-0	1.1.1.1	Bound	Thu Jan 01 00:00:38	1970 500

Field	Description
If-Name	This is an interface on which DHCP is running. It can be: eth-0-*, etc.
Server	This specifies the address of the DHCP server with whom the client has obtained the IP address and other configurations
Status	This specifies the current state of the client. It may be: Init, Selecting, Bound, Requesting, Renew or Bind.
Lease Start Date	This signifies the date on which the DHCP server leased out the IP address to the client.
Lease Time	This specifies the time period (in seconds) for which an IP address was leased out by the server. The client is expected to renew the lease before the expiry of this timer or release the IP Address

None.

References

- dhcp client stats related commands
- dhcp server related commands.

3.104 get dhcp client stats

Description

Use this command to get dhcp client statistics on an interface on which the dhcp client is running, or on all such interfaces. .

Command Syntax

get dhcp client stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the interface name on which DHCP is
		running. If this is not specified then information for cli-
		ents on all such interfaces will be displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp client stats ifname eth-0

Output

 If-name
 : eth-0

 Msgs Sent
 : 4
 Msgs Rcvd
 : 0

 Decline Sent
 : 0
 Offer Msgs Rcvd
 : 0

 Discover Msgs Sent
 : 4
 Req Sent
 : 0
 Acks Rcvd
 : 0

 Rel Sent
 : 0
 Nacks Rcvd
 : 0
 Invalid Rcvd
 : 0

Field	Description
If-Name	This is an interface on which DHCP is running: It can be:

	eth-0	
Msgs Sent	This specifies number of dhcp messages sent on this interface	
Msgs Rcvd	This specifies number of dhcp messages received on this interface	
Decline Sent	This specifies number of dhcp decline messages sent on this interface	
Offer Msgs Rcvd	This specifies number of dhcp offer messages received on this interface	
Discover Msgs Sent	This specifies number of dhcp discover messages sent on this interface	
Req Sent	This specifies number of dhcp request messages sent on this interface	
Acks Rcvd	This specifies number of dhcp acks received on this interface	
Rel Sent	This specifies number of dhcp release messages sent on this interface	
Nacks Rcvd	This specifies number of dhcp nacks received on this interface	
Inform Sent	This specifies number of dhcp inform messages sent on this interface.	
Invalid Rcvd	This specifies number of invalid dhcp messages received on this interface	

None.

References

- dhcp client info related commands
- Ahcp server related commands

3.105 get dhcp relay cfg

Description

Use this command display DHCP relay global configuration.

Command Syntax get dhcp relay cfg

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp relay cfg

Output

Status : Disable Server IP : 202.64.23.4

Output field description

Field	Description	
Status	his specifies the Admin Status of the DHCP Relay.	
	It may be: <i>Enable, Disable</i>	
Server IP	This specifies the IP Address where the DHCP Server is run-	
	ning.	

Caution

None.

References

- modify dhcp relay cfg command
- fdhcp relay stats related commands.

3.106 get dhcp relay inff

Description

Use this command to display a list of all interfaces on which DHCP relaying is enabled.

Command Syntax

get dhcp relay intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the physical Interface. If this is not
		specified then information for all interfaces on which
		DHCP Relaying is enabled is displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eth-0, ppp-0 - *,

Mode

Example

\$ get dhcp relay intf

Output

If-name -----eth-0

Output field description

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies an interface which is enabled for DHCP Relay.
	It can be: eth-0, ppp-0 - *,

Caution

None.

References

- delete dhcp relay intf command
- create dhcp relay intf command
- dhcp relay cfg related commands
- dhcp relay stats related commands

3.107 get dhcp relay stats

Description

Use this command to display the global DHCP relay statistics.

Command Syntax

get dhcp relay stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp relay stats

Output

Msgs Rcvd : 10 Msgs Rlyd : 10

Requests Rcvd	:	5	Requests Rlyd	:	5
Replies Rcvd	:	5	Replies Rlyd	:	5
Requests Drop	:	0	Replies Drop	:	0
Req Drop Invld Hops	:	0	Reply Drop NotConn Dir	:	0
Reg Drop Intf Disabld	:	0	Msgs Drop Relay Disabld	:	0

Output field description

Field	Description	
Msgs Rcvd	Total no of msgs received	
Msgs Rlyd	Total no of messages relayed	
Requests Rcvd	Total no of BOOTREQUEST messages received	
Requests Rlyd	Total no of BOOTREQUEST messages relayed	
Replies Rcvd	Total no of BOOTREPLY messages received	
Replies Rlyd	Total no of BOOTREPLY messages relayed.	
Requests Drop	Total no of BOOTREQUEST messages dropped	
Replies Drop	Total no of BOOTREPLY messages dropped.	
Req Drop Hops	Total no of messages dropped because 'hops' value is	
	greater than 16.	
Replies Drop NotConn	Total no of BOOTREPLY messages dropped because cli-	
	ent to which it is to be relayed is not connected directly.	
Req Drop Intf	Total no of BOOTPREQUEST messages dropped because	
	relaying is disabled for the interface on which the message	
	was received.	
Msgs Drop Relay	Total no of messages dropped because relaying is dis-	
	abled in the global configuration	

Caution

None.

References

- create dhcp command
- reset dhcp command
- relay stats command
- dhcp relay cfg related commands
- dhcp relay intf related commands

3.108 get dhcp server address

Description

This command is used for getting information about specific client or information of all the clients (when ip-addr is not specified) from the DHCP Server Address Table. The client be a static client, created by executing a *create dhcp server host* command or a dynamic client.

Command Syntax

get dhcp server address [ip ip-address]

Parameters

Name	Description
ip ip-address	The IP address of client. If this is not specified then information
	for all entries in the address table is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp server address

Output

Output field description

Field	Description
Client-Ip	The IP address of the Client whose information is being displayed.
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask provided to the client offered this address
Rem Lease	The number of seconds until the lease expires. A value of 4294967295 is used for BOOTP leases and for leases that have an 'infinite' lease time.
H/W Addr	The hardware address of the client that has been assigned this lease.
Start Ip	The starting IP address of the range (in DHCP Server Pool Table) to which this address belongs. If the address does not fall into one of the configured ranges the value displayed will be 0.0.0.0
Туре	The type of this address. The valid values are: Static, Dynamic, Config-Reserved, Server-Reserved.
Domain Name	The domain name assigned to the client

Caution

None.

- dhcp server related commands
- dhcp client related commands
- dhcp server pool related commands
- dhcp server host related commands

3.109 get dhcp server cfg

Description

Use this command to display the current status of the DHCP server.

Command Syntax get dhcp server cfg

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp server cfg

Output

Status : Enable

Def Pri DNS Server : 172.25.8.9 Def Sec DNS Server : 172.25.7.67

Output field description

Field	Description
Status	The state of the DHCP Server. It may be either <i>Enable</i> or <i>Disable</i>
Def Pri DNS Server	The default primary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server when user does not specify a primary DNS server in the DHCP pool configuration
	The default secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server when user does not specify a secondary DNS server in the DHCP pool configuration

Caution

None.

- modify dhcp server cfg command
- dhcp client related commands
- dhcp server pool related commands
- dhcp server host related commands

3.110 get dhcp server exclude

Description

Use this command for a listing of all the IP addresses that have been excluded globally.

Command Syntax get dhcp server exclude

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp server exclude

Output

Entry Created

Ip Address
----192.168.1.5

Output field description

Field	Description		
Ip Address	This is the IP address that has been excluded.		

Caution

None.

- delete dhcp server exclude command
- create dhcp server exclude command

dhcp server pool related commands

3.111 get dhcp server host

Description

Use this command to get information pertaining to a specific static DHCP host or for all static hosts.

Command Syntax

```
get dhcp server host [ip ip-address]
```

Parameters

Name	Description
7 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1	This specifies the IP address of the host whose information is to be displayed. If no IP address is specified then information for all static hosts is displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp server host ip 192.168.1.7

Output

Host Ip	: 192.168.1.7	Hardware Addr	: 12 34 45 56 03 02
Def Lease(sec)	: 2592000	Max Lease(sec)	: 31536000
Domain Name	:		
Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0		
Gateway Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Smtp Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Dns Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Sec. Dns Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Pop3 Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Nntp Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Www Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Irc Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Sec. Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0

Field	Description
Host Ip	This specifies the IP address to be provided to this host
Hardware Addr	This specifies the hardware address of the client
Def Lease	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an IP address to a client in case the client does not request for a specific lease period itself.
Max Lease	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.

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None.

References

- create dhcp server host command
- delete dhcp server host command
- modify dhcp server host command
- dhcp server related commands

3.112 get dhcp server pool

Description

This command is used to get information about a specific or all configured DHCP pools.

Command Syntax

get dhcp server pool [pool-id pool-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
pool-id pool-id	This identifies the pool for which information is to be retrieved.
	If no pool ID is specified then information for all pools is
	displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-*, where * dependes upon the jad.conf value.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp server poolid 0

Output Entry Created

Pool Id Start Ip Def Lease(sec)	: 0 : 192.168.1.1 : 2592000	Status End Ip Max Lease(sec)	: Disable : 192.168.1.200 : 31536000
Range Inuse Low Thres	: 0 : 0	Outstd Offers Subnet Mask	: 0 : 255.255.255.0
Domain Name	:		
Gateway Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Smtp Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Dns Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Sec. Dns Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Pop3 Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Nntp Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Www Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Irc Ip	: 0.0.0.0
Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0	Sec. Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0

Field	Description	
Pool Id	This is the pool identifier.	
Status	This defines the Admin status of the entry. It may be either <i>Enable</i>	
	or <i>Disable</i>	
Start Ip	The IP address of the first address in the range.	
End Ip	The IP address of the last address in the range	
Def Lease	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an IP address to a client in case the client does not request for a specific lease period itself.	
Max Lease	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.	
Range Inuse	The number of addresses in this range that are currently in use. This number includes those addresses whose lease has not expired and addresses which have been reserved	
Outstd Offers	The number of outstanding DHCPOFFER messages for this range is reported with this value. An offer is outstanding if the server has sent a DHCPOFFER message to a client, but has not yet received a DHCPREQUEST message from the client nor has the server-specific timeout, within which a client can respond to the offer message, for the offer message expired	
Low Thres	This specifies the lowest threshold value on the number of available/ free IP addresses for a particular shared network	
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask provided to any client offered an address from this range	
Domain Name	Domain name used per subnet.	
Gateway Ip	This specifies the default gateway IP address	
Smtp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server	
Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name Server	
Sec.Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server	
Pop3 Ip	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server	
Nntp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server	
Www Ip	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Serve	
Irc Ip	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server	
Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server	
Sec. Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server	

None.

References

- * modify dhcp server pool command
- * create dhcp server pool command
- * get dhcp server pool command
- * dhcp server cfg related commands
- * dhcp server exclude related commands
- * dhcp server address related commands

3.113 get dhcp server stats

Description

Use this command to get the global statistics for DHCP Server.

Command Syntax get dhcp server stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get dhcp server stats

Output

```
Msgs Sent : 0 Msgs Rcvd
Offers Sent : 0 Discover Rcvd :
Acks Sent : 0 Rel Rcvd : 0
Nacks Sent : 0 Inform Rcvd : 0
Drop Invld Client : 0 Decline Rcvd : 0
Drop Invld Subnet : 0 Req Rcvd : 0
Active Pools : 0 Invalid Rcvd : 0
IP Inactive Pools : 0
IP Curr Leased : 0 IP Curr Free : 0
IP Curr Unavailable : 0 IP Curr Forced Renew: 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    : 0
```

Field	Description
Msgs Sent	This defines number of DHCP messages sent by the server
Msgs Rcvd	This defines number of DHCP messages received by the server
Offers Sent	This defines number of DHCP Offer messages sent by the server
Discover Rcvd	This defines number of DHCP Discover messages received by
	the server
Acks Sent	This defines number of ack messages sent by the server
Rel Rcvd	This defines number of DHCP release messages received by the
	server
Nacks Sent	This defines number of Nack messages sent by the server
Inform Rcvd	This defines number of DHCP inform messages received by the
	server
	The number of DHCP packets dropped because the client referred
Decline Rcvd	This defines number of DHCP decline messages received by the
	server
Drop Invld Subnet	The number of DHCP packets dropped due to the server not
	serving addresses on the subnet from which this message was
	received
Req Rcvd	This defines number of DHCP request messages received by the
	Server
Active Pools	This specifies number of active pools
Invalid Rcvd	This defines number of invalid messages received by the server
	This specifies number of IP addresses in the inactive pools
IP Curr Leased	This specifies the number of addresses currently leased out
IP Curr Free	This specifies the number of addresses available for the lease
IP Curr	This specifies number of IP addresses currently unavailable
Unavailable	
IP Curr Forced	This specifies the number of IP addresses currently in forced re-
Renew	new state

None.

References

- reset dhcp server stats command
- dhcp server cfg related commands
- dhcp server exclude related commands
- dhcp server address related commands
- dhcp server pool related commands

3.114 get dns relay cfg

Description

Use this command to get DNS relay configuration information.

Command Syntax				
get	dns	relay	cfg	

Parameters

None

Output

Verbose Mode On

Status : Disable

Verbose Mode off

Status : Disable

Output field description

Field	Description
Status	This specifies whether DNS relay is enabled or disabled.

Mode

User

Example

\$ get dns relay cfg

Caution

None

References

modify dns relay cfg command

3.115 get dns relay stats

Use this command to get DNS relay stats values.

Command Syntax: get dns relay stats

N	И	o	d	е	

User

Example:

\$ get dns relay stats

Output:

Verbose mode on

DNS Server in Use : 172.24.89.100

Requests Received Count : 20

Requests Forwarded Count : 20

Responses Received Count : 20

Responses Forwarded Count : 20

Table Full Count : 0

No Server Configured Count : 0

No Valid Entry Count : 0

Verbose mode off

DNS Server in Use : 172.24.89.100

Requests Received Count : 20

Requests Forwarded Count : 20

Responses Received Count : 20

Responses Forwarded Count : 20

Table Full Count : 0

No Server Configured Count : 0

No Valid Entry Count : 0

Output Field description:

Field	Description
DNS Server in Use	This parameter specifies the current DNS server in use by DNS relay.
Requests Received count	This parameter specifies the number of DNS requests received by DNS Relay
Requests Forwarded Count	This parameter specifies the number of DNS requests forwarded by DNS relay.
Responses Received Count	This parameter specifies the number of DNS responses received by DNS relay from DNS server.
Responses Forwarded Count	This parameter specifies the number of DNS responses forwarded by DNS relay to the hosts.
Table Full Count	This parameter specifies the number of DNS requests dumped because the DNS relay session table is full.
No Server Configured Count	This parameter specifies the number of DNS requests dumped by DNS Relay because no valid DNS server was configured at DNS Relay.
No Valid Entry Count	This parameter specifies the number of DNS responses dumped because no valid DNS Relay session entry exists for it.

Caution:	
	None
References :	
3.116 get dns servaddr	

Description

Use this command to get DNS server addresses.

Command Syntax get dns servaddr

Parameters

None

Mode

	User, Super-User.
Example \$ get dns servaddr	
Output	
	Verbose mode on:
	DNS Server IP Address
	172.24.32.100
	192.168.2.48
	Verbose mode off:
	DNS Server IP Address
	172.40.30.150
	192.168.2.48
Output Field description:	
Field	Description
DNS Server IP Addre	
Caution	

None

: ec

3.117 get dsl config

Description

Use this command to get the global statistics for DHCP Server.

Command Syntax get dsl config

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ get dsl config

Output

Whip : Disable Annex Type : Annex A Standard : G.dmt Trellis coding : Enable ExpExchSeq : Expanded Framing structure : Framing-3 TxAttenuation(dB): 0 Coding Gain : Auto TxBinAdjust : Enable RxBinAdjust : Disable TxStartBin : 6 TxEndBin : 31 RxStartBin : 32 RxEndBin : 255 Fast Retrain : Disable Esc Fast Retrain : Disable MaxBits/bin On Rx : 14 Bit Swap : Disable Dual Latency : Enable Pmode : Enable Pilot Request : Enable Last Failed Status : 0x19 OperStatus : Shakeup AC Mode item : fbm AC Ttr R Offset : 0 AC Pilot Request : Disable EC Fdm Mode

Field	Description			
Whip	Enable or disable Windows Based Host Interface Program			
Standard	This specifies the standard to be supported for the DSL line.			
Trellis coding	This is used to enable or disable Trellis coding on the interface			
ExpExchSeq	Expanded Exchange Sequence (EES) enable/disable, only valid for T1.413. This is largely for compatibility testing.			
Framing structure	Full overhead to reduced overhead (0x00-03). This value is ignored for G.lite			

	(C002.2)
Man to the second time of the second	(G992.2).
TxAttenuation (dB)	This specifies the value of transmit power attenuation. Its
	range is from 0dB to 12dB.
Coding Gain	Coding gain is the gain due to trellis/RS coding. Its value
	ranges from 0 to 7dB.
TxBinAdjust	Enable or disable automatic bin adjustment for transmit signal.
RxBinAdjust	Enable or disable automatic bin adjustment for receive signal.
TxStartBin	Lowest bin number allowed for transmit signal
TxEndBin	Highest bin number allowed for transmit signal.
RxStartBin	Lowest bin number allowed for receive signal
RxEndBin	Highest bin number allowed for receive signal.
Fast Retrain	Enable or disable fast retrain capability.
Esc Fast Retrain	Enable or disable escape to fast retrain capability.
MaxBits/bin On Rx	Maximum number of receive bits per bin.
Bit Swap	Enable or disable bit swapping,
Dual Latency	Enable or disable dependant upon support of dual latency.
	Valid only for
	T1.413 and G.DMT.
Pmode	If enable, use the upstream pilot for data if the CO is Globe-
	Span.
Pilot Request	Enable or disable request for pilot tone during training.
Last Failed Status	This value is reset to 0 each time a startup is attempted. If
	there is a failure, it indicates the reason for the failure.
Oper Status	Operational status of the transceiver.
	Values include Idle, Showtime/Data, Bootup Load,
	Startup HShake, Startup Trning, Framer Sync,
	Lcl Anlg Lpbk, Lcl Dig Lpbk, Spectrum Test.
Startup Progress	Detailed startup information to be used for debugging.
AC Mode item	This specifies the Annex C mode item
AC Ttr R Offset	This specifies the Annex C Ttr R Offset
AC Pilot Request	This specifies the Annex C Pilot Request.
EC Fdm Mode	This specifies the Echo Cancellation Fdm mode.

None.

See Also

modify dsl config

3.118 get dsl params

Description

Use this command to get DSL parameters

Command Syntax get dsl params

Parameters

- 1	N	_	_	_
	N	U	П	E.

Mode

Super-User.

Example \$ get dsl params

Output

Vendor ID : 00B5GSPN

Revision Number : R67.3.3

Serial number : 123456789abcdx

Self Test : Passed Framing Structure

: Framing-0

: T1.413 Standard Trellis Coding

: Disable

Local Tx. Power(dB) : 0.0 Remote Tx.

Power(dB): 0.0

Local Line Atten(dB) : 0.5 Remote Line

Atten(dB): 0.5

Local SNR Margin(dB) : 0.0 Remote SNR

Margin(dB): 0.0

Up SValue : 0 Down SValue

: 0

Up DValue Down DValue

: 0

DownFast	UpIntrlvd	UpFast	DownIntrlvd	
ASO(kbps):	-	-	128	96
AS1(kbps):	-	-	192	160
LSO(kbps):	576	544	-	-
LS1(kbps):	640	608	-	-

RValue : 0 0 0 0

Field	Description	
Vendor ID	Vendor ID	
Revision Number	OEM's product revision number	
Self Test	Indicates whether DSL line has passed self-test. Can be	
	passed or failed.	
Serial Number	Serial number of unit	
Local Line Atten	Local Line Attenuation - Indicates line attenuation where the	
	attenuation is the difference in dB between the power re-	
	ceived at the near-end and that transmitted from the far-end.	
	Received signal power in dBm is the sum of all data carrying	
	(i.e. b i >0) DMT subcarrier powers averaged over a one	
	second period. The attenuation ranges from 0 to 63.5 dB in	
	0.5 dB increments.	
Local SNR Margin	Local Signal to Noise Ration (SNR) Margin which represents	
	the amount of increased received noise (in dB) relative to the	
	noise power that the system is designed to tolerate and still	
	meet the target BET of 10 -7, accounting for all coding gains included in the design. The SNR ranges from -64.0 dB to	
	+63.5dB in 0.5 dB increments.	
NearSEF	Count of near-end severely errored frame defects	
NearLOS	Count of near-end loss of signal defects	
FarSEF	Count of far-end severely errored frame defects	
FarLOS	Count of far-end loss of signal defects	
NearFECInterleave	Count of near-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections	
	for the interleaved data stream	
NearFECFast	Count of near-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections	
	for the fast data stream	
FarFECInterleave	Count of far-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections for	
	the interleaved data stream	
FarFECFast	Count of far-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections for	
	the fast data stream	
NearCRCInterleave	Count of CRC near-end (cyclic redundancy check) anomalies	
	for the interleaved data stream	
NearCRCFast	Count of near-end CRC (cyclic redundancy check) anomalies	
	for the fast data stream	
FarCRCInterleave	Count of CRC far-end (cyclic redundancy check) anomalies	
	for the interleaved data stream	
FarCRCFast	Count of far-end CRC (cyclic redundancy check) anomalies	
	for the fast data stream	
NearNCDInterleave	Count of near-end no cell delineation for the interleaved data	
	stream. Counts until in synch for the first time.	
NearNCDFast	Count of near-end no cell delineation for the fast data stream.	
Familian to 1	Counts until in synch for the first time.	
FarNCDInterleave	Count of far-end no cell delineation for the interleaved data	
FamiCDFact	stream. Counts until in synch for the first time.	
FarNCDFast	Count of far-end no cell delineation for the fast data stream.	
NearHECInterleave	Counts until in synch for the first time. Near-end header error check counter for the interleaved data	
Wearurcincerieave	stream	
NearHECFast	Near-end header error check counter for the fast data stream	
TIGGETHECE 45 C	inear-end header endriched Counter for the last data stream	

FarHECInterleave	Far-end header error check counter for the interleaved data stream
FarHECFast	Far-end header error check counter for the fast data stream
NearOCDInterleave	Count of near-end out of cell delineation for the interleaved data stream. Counts if has been in synch, then becomes out of synch.
NearOCDFast	Count of near-end out of cell delineation for the fast data stream. Counts if has been in synch, then becomes out of synch.
Remote Line Atten	Remote Line Attenuation - Indicates remote line attenuation where the attenuation is the difference in dB between the power received at the near-end and that transmitted from the far-end. Received signal power in dBm is the sum of all data carrying (i.e. b i >0) DMT subcarrier powers averaged over a one second period. The attenuation ranges from 0 to 63.5 dB in 0.5 dB increments.
Remote SNR Margin	Remote Signal to Noise Ration (SNR) Margin which represents the amount of increased received noise (in dB) relative to the noise power that the system is designed to tolerate and still meet the target BET of 10 -7, accounting for all coding gains included in the design. The SNR ranges from -64.0 dB to +63.5dB in 0.5 dB increments.
Standard	Actual standard of the DSL line.
Trellis Coding	Actual Trellis Coding
Local Tx Power(dB)	Local Transmit Power.
Framing Structure	Actual framing structure.
Rvalue UpIntrlvd	Number of redundant bytes per ReedSolomon code word for the interleaved buffer in the upstream direction.
Rvalue UpFast	Number of redundant bytes per ReedSolomon code word for the fast buffer in the upstream direction.
Rvalue DownIntrlvd	Number of redundant bytes per ReedSolomon code word for the interleaved buffer in the downstream direction.
Rvalue DownFast	Number of redundant bytes per ReedSolomon code word for the fast buffer in the downstream direction.

None.

References

- modify dsl config command
- get dsl config command

3.119 get dsl stats cntrs

Description

Get DSL statistics error counters.

Command Syntax get dsl stats cntrs

Parameter:

None.

Mode

User and Super-User.

Example

\$ get dsl stats cntrs

Output

Verbose Mode On

Near SEF	: 0	Near LOS	:	0
Far SEF	: 0	Far LOS	:	0
Near FEC Interleave	: 0	Near FEC Fast	:	0
Far FEC Interleave	: 0	Far FEC Fast	:	0
Near CRC Interleave	: 0	Near CRC Fast	:	0
Far CRC Interleave	: 1	Far CRC Fast	:	0
Near NCD Interleave	: 0	Near NCD Fast	:	0
Far NCD Interleave	: 0	Far NCD Fast	:	0
Near HEC Interleave	: 0	Near HEC Fast	:	0
Far HEC Interleave	: 0	Far HEC Fast	:	0
Near OCD Interleave	: 0	Near OCD Fast	:	0

Verbose Mode Off

		•			_
Near SEF	:	0	Near LOS	:	0
Far SEF	:	0	Far LOS	:	0
Near FEC Interleave	:	0	Near FEC Fast	:	0
Far FEC Interleave	:	0	Far FEC Fast	:	0
Near CRC Interleave	:	0	Near CRC Fast	:	0
Far CRC Interleave	:	1	Far CRC Fast	:	0
Near NCD Interleave	:	0	Near NCD Fast	:	0
Far NCD Interleave	:	0	Far NCD Fast	:	0
Near HEC Interleave	:	0	Near HEC Fast	:	0
Far HEC Interleave	:	0	Far HEC Fast	:	0
Near OCD Interleave	:	0	Near OCD Fast	:	0

Field	Description
NearSEF	Count of near-end severely errored frame defects.
NearLOS	Count of near-end loss of signal defects.
FarSEF	Count of far-end severely errored frame defects.
FarLOS	Count of far-end loss of signal defect.
NearFECInterleave	Count of near-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections for the interleaved data stream.
NearFECFast	Count of near-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections for the fast data stream.
FarFECInterleave	Count of far-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections for the interleaved datastream.
FarFECFast	Count of far-end Reed-Solomon forward error corrections for the fast data stream.
NearCRCInterleave	Count of CRC near-end (cyclic redundancy check) anomalies for the interleaved datastream.

NearCRCFast	Count of near-end CRC (cyclic redundancy check) anoma-
	lies for the fast data stream.
FarCRCInterleave	Count of CRC far-end (cyclic redundancy check) anomalies
	for the interleaved datastream.
FarCRCFast	Count of far-end CRC (cyclic redundancy check) anomalies
	for the fast data stream.
NearNCDInterleave	Count of near-end no cell delineation for the interleaved data
	stream.
NearNCDFast	Count of near-end no cell delineation for the fast data
	stream.
FarNCDInterleave	Count of far-end no cell delineation for the interleaved data
	stream.
FarNCDFast	Count of far-end no cell delineation for the fast data stream.
NearHECInterleave	Near-end header error check counter for the interleaved data
	stream.
NearHECFast	Near-end header error check counter for the fast data
	stream.
FarHECInterleave	Far-end header error check counter for the interleaved data
	stream.
FarHECFast	Far-end header error check counter for the fast data stream.
<i>NearOCDInterleave</i>	Count of near-end out of cell delineation for the interleaved
	data stream.
<i>NearOCDFast</i>	Count of near-end out of cell delineation for the fast data
	stream.

None.

References

❖ reset dsl stats cntrs command

3.120 get dsl stats curr

Description

Get DSL current performance data.

Command Syntax
get dsl stats curr

Parameters

None.

Mode

User

Example

\$ get dsl stats curr

Output

Verbose mode on

No. of 15 Min. Valid Data Intervals	:	5
No. of 15 Min. Invalid Data Intervals	:	1
Current 15 Min. Elapsed Time (MM:SS)	:	5:10
Current 15 Min. Errored Seconds	:	0
Current 15 Min. Sev Errored Seconds	:	0
Current 15 Min. Unavailable Seconds	:	0
Current Day Elapsed Time (HH:MM:SS)	:	0:80:10
Current Day Errored Seconds	:	0
Current Day Sev Errored Seconds	:	0
Current Day Unavailable Seconds	:	0
Previous Day Monitored Time (HH:MM:SS)	:	0:0:0
Previous Day Errored Seconds		: 0
Previous Day Sev Errored Seconds	:	0
Previous Day Unavailable Seconds	:	0

Verbose Off

```
No. of 15 Min. Valid Data Intervals : 5
No. of 15 Min. Invalid Data Intervals : 0
Current 15 Min. Elapsed Time (MM:SS) : 5:10
Current 15 Min. Errored Seconds : 0
Current 15 Min. Unavailable Seconds : 0
Current Day Elapsed Time (HH:MM:SS) : 0:80:10
Current Day Errored Seconds : 0
Current Day Unavailable Seconds : 0
Previous Day Monitored Time (HH:MM:SS) : 0:0:0
Previous Day Unavailable Seconds : 0
Previous Day Unavailable Seconds : 0
```

Field	Description
No.of 15 Min. Valid Data	The number of previous 15-minute intervals for which
Intervals	data was collected.
No. of 15 Min Invalid	The number of intervals in the range from 0 to the val-
Data Interval	ue of "No. of 15 Min. Valid Data Intervals" for which no data is available. This value will typically be zero except in cases where the data for some intervals are not available
Current 15 Min. Elapsed	Total elapsed time in this interval.
Time (MM:SS)	
Current 15 Min. Errored Seconds	Count of errored seconds in the current 15-minute interval.
Current 15 Min.	Count of unavailable seconds in the current 15-minute
Unavailable Seconds	interval.
Current Day Elapsed Time (HH:MM:SS)	Time elapsed since the beginning of the current 1-day interval.
Current Day Errored Seconds	Count of errored seconds in the current 1-day interval.
Current Day Unavailable Seconds	Count of unavailable seconds in the current 1-day interval.
Previous Day Monitored Time (HH:MM:SS)	The amount of time in the previous 1-day interval over which the performance monitoring information is actually counted.
Previous Day Errored Seconds	Count of errored seconds in the previous 1-day interval.
Previous Day Unavailable Seconds	Count of unavailable seconds in the previous 1-day interval.
Current 15 Min. Sev	Count of severely errored seconds in the current 15-
Errored Seconds	minute interval.
Current Day Sev Errored Seconds	Count of severely errored seconds in the current 1-day interval
Previous Day Sev Errored Seconds	Count of severely errored seconds in the previous 1-day interval

None.

References

get dsl stats hist command

3.121 get dsl stats flrs

Description

Use this command to get DSL statistics failures.

Command Syntax get dsl stats flrs

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super User, User

Example
\$ get dsl stats flrs

Output

Verbose mode on/off

Local	LOS	Fail	:	10	Remote	LOS	Fail	:	30
Local	SEF	Fail	:	20	Remote	SEF	Fail	:	50
Local	NCD	Fail	:	5	Remote	NCD	Fail	:	10
Local	LCD	Fail	:	15	Remote	LCD	Fail	:	30

Output Field Description

Field	Description
Local LOS Fail	The count of near-end loss of signal. A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127.
Remote LOS Fail	The count of far-end, loss of signal. A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127.
Local SEF Fail	The count of near-end severely errored frames. A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127
Remote SEF Fail	The count of far-end, severely errored frames. A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127.
Local NCD Fail	The count of near-end, no cell delineation for data stream. Counts until in sync for the first time .A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127
Remote NCD Fail	The count of far-end, no cell delineation for data stream. Counts until in sync for the first time. A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127
Local LCD Fail	The count of near-end, loss of cell delineation for data stream. Counts loss of cell delineation after being in sync. A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127
Remote LCD Fail	The count of far-end, loss of cell delineation for data stream. Counts loss of cell delineation after being in sync. A DSL failure will occur if this counter surpasses 127

Caution

None.

References

reset dsl stats flrs command

3.122 get dsl stats hist

Description

Get DSL history (previous intervals) performance data

Command Syntax

get dsl stats hist [sintrvl start-interval-number] [nintrvl num-ofintervals]

Parameters

Name	Description
Sintvl start-interval-	First interval number from which data is to be dis-
number	played.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1 to 96
	Default value: 1
nintvl num-of-intervals	Number of intervals for which data is to be displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1 to 96
	Default value: 12

Mode

User

Example

\$ get dsl stats hist sintrvl 10 nintrvl 3

Output

Verbose mode on

IntrvlNo Valid Data		SevErroredSecs	UnavailSecs	
10 Valid	2	1	0	
11 Valid	0	0	0	

Verbose Off

IntrvlNo Valid Data		SevErroredSecs	UnavailSecs	
10 Valid	2	1	0	
11 Valid	0	0	0	
12 Invalid	0	0	0	

Output Field Description

Field	Description
Intrvl No	Performance history data interval number. Interval number
	1 is the most recent previous interval. Interval number 96
	is 24 hours ago.
Errored Secs	Count of errored seconds in this interval.
Sev Errored Secs	Count of severely errored seconds in this interval.
Unavail Secs	Count of unavailable seconds in this interval.
Valid Data	Indicates if the data for this interval is valid or invalid.

Caution

None.

References

get dsl stats curr command

3.123 get eoa intf

Description

Use this command to get information on a particular eoa interface or on all the eoa interfaces.

Command Syntax

get eoa intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-
		mation is desired. In case the field is not specified,
		then the information for all valid eoa interfaces is dis-
		played.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eoa-0 - *, etc.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get eoa intf ifname eoa-0

Output

Interface Sec Type : public Configured IP Address : 192.168.1.1 Mask : 255.255.255.0 Low IfName : aal5-0 NAT Direction : None Gateway : 172.25.12.1 Oper Status : Down Admin Status : Up UseDHCP : true

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the interface for which information is being displayed.
	IP address assigned to the eoa interface.
<i>IpAddress</i>	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
LowIfName	Specifies the lower interface.
NatDir	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: inside, outside
	or none.
OperStatus	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or
	Down
AdminStatus	The desired state of the interface. It may be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>
UseDhcp	Whether or not a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address
	for this interface from a DHCP server
Droute	Default Route
Interface Sec Type	Interface security type.

None.

References

- create eoa intf command
- delete eoa intf command
- modify eoa intf command
- eoa stats related commands
- interface stats related commands.

3.124 get ethernet inff

Description

Use this command to get information on a particular Ethernet interface or on all the interfaces.

Command Syntax

get ethernet intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-
	mation is desired. In case the field is not specified,
	then the information for all valid ethernet interfaces is
	displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, veth-2, veth-3

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ethernet intf ifname veth-0

Output

Interface : veth-0

Interface Sec Type : Public Configured IP Address : 192.168.1.1

Mask : 255.255.255.0 UseDhcp : False

Physical Interface : eth-0 Nat Direction : None

Duplex : half Speed : 10BT

Operational Status : Up Admin Status : Up

Field	Description	
Interface	The name of the interface which has been created.	
Interface Sec Type	Interface security type.	
Configured Ip	IP address assigned to the Ethernet port.	
Address	·	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.	
UseDhcp	Local: IP address for this interface is obtained from a local DHCP server	
	Remote: DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a remote DHCP server False: DHCP client is not used.	
Physical Interface	Valid only in case of virtual interfaces i.e. the Type is not <i>eth</i> . It can only be <i>eth-0</i>	
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: inside, outside or none.	
Duplex	The duplex mode used by the interface.	
Speed	Line speed used by Ethernet interface	
Operational Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>up</i> or down	
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either up or down	

None.

References

- create ethernet intf command
- delete ethernet intf command
- modify ethernet intf command
- ethernet stats related commands
- interface stats related commands

3.125 get ethernet stats

Description

Use this command to get statistics on a particular Ethernet interface or on all the Ethernet interfaces.

Command Syntax

get ethernet stats [ifname interface-name]

ifname	interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-
		mation is desired. In case the field is not specified,
		then the information for all valid ethernet interfaces
		should be displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ethernet stats ifname eth-0

Output

```
If Name : eth-0
Align Error count : 0 FCS Error count : 0
Single Collisn Frame count : 0 Two Collisn Frame Count : 30
SQE Test Errors count : 2 Deferred Transaction count : 0
Late Collisn count : 0 Excess Collisn count : 0
Internal MAC Rx Errs count : 5 Internal MAC Tx Errs count : 0
Carrier Sense Errs count : 0 Frame Too Long count : 0
Tx count : 0 Rx count : 0
Control Pause count : 0 Total Collisn count : 0
```

Field	Description			
If Name	The interface name			
Align Error count	This is a count of frames received on the interface that are not an integral number of octets in length and do not pass the FCS (Frame Check Sequence) check.			
FCS Error count	This is a count of frames received on the interface that are an integral number of octets in length but do not pass the FCS check.			
Single Collision Frame count	This is a count of successfully transmitted frames on the interface for which transmission is inhibited by exactly one collision.			
Two Collisn Frame Count	This is a count of successfully transmitted frames on the interface for which transmission is inhibited by two collisions.			
SQE Test Errors count	This is a count of times that the SQE TEST ERROR message is generated by the PLS sublayer for the interface. The SQE TEST ERROR message is defined in section 7.2.2.2.4 of ANSI/IEEE 802.3-1985 and its generation is described in section 7.2.4.6 of the same document. Ref. ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3-1985 Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications			
Deferred Transactions count	This is a count of frames for which the first transmission attempt on the interface is delayed because the medium is busy			
Late Collisions count	This is the number of times that a collision is detected on the interface later than 512 bit-times into the transmission of a packet			

Excess Collisions count	This is a count of frames for which transmission on the
	interface fails due to excessive collisions
Internal MAC Rx Errors	This is a count of frames for which reception on the
count	interface fails due to an internal MAC sublayer receive
	error
Internal MAC Tx Errors	This is a count of frames for which transmission on the
count	interface fails due to an internal MAC sublayer
	transmit error
Carrier Sense Errors	This is the number of times that the carrier sense
count	condition was lost or never asserted when attempting
	to transmit a frame on the interface
Frame Too Long	This is a count of frames received on the interface that
	exceed the maximum permitted frame size
Tx count	Count of Ethernet packets transmitted.
Rx count	Count of Ethernet packets received.
Control Paus count	TBD
Total Collision count	This is a count of frame collisions.

None.

References

- ethernet intf related commands
- interface stats command

3.126 get fwl blacklist

Description

Use this command to get information on a blacklisted host

Command Syntax

get fwl blacklist [ip <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>]

Parameters

Name	Description
ip	This specifies the IP address of the blacklisted host.
<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>	Type: Optional Valid values : 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255

Mode

User

Example \$ get fwl blacklist

Output

Verbose Mode on:

IP Address Left(sec)	Blacklist Reason	RuleId	Time
172.25.7.8	Ping of Death	1	20
172.25.45.7	Ping of Death	2	10
Verbose Mode of	f:		
IP Address Left(sec)	Blacklist Reason	RuleId	Time
172.25.7.8	Ping of Death	1	20
172.25.45.7	Ping of Death	2	10

Output field description

Field	Description
IP Address	This specifies the IP address of the blacklisted host.
Blacklist Reason	This specifies the reason for blacklisting the host.
RuleId	This specifies the firewall rule id which caused the blacklisting.
Time Left(sec)	This is a count of successfully transmitted frames on the interface for which transmission is inhibited by exactly one collision.

Caution

None.

References

* delete fwl blacklist command.

3.127 get fwl global

Description

Use this command to get global information of IP Firewall

Command Syntax get fwl global]

Parameters

None

Mode

User

Example \$ get fwl global

Output

Verbose Mode on:

Attack Protection : Disable Max Half Open TCP Conn (%) : 25

DOS Protection : Disable Max ICMP Conn (%)

: 25

Blacklist Status : Enable Max Single Host

Conn(%): 100

Blacklist Period (min): 10 Min Log Time(min)

:10

Log Destination : Email

E-Mail 1 : xyz@hotmail.com

E-Mail 2 : pqr@excite.com

E-Mail 3 : abc@hotmail.com

Verbose Mode off:

Attack Protection : Disable Max Half Open

TCP Conn (%) : 25

DOS Protection : Disable Max ICMP Conn (%) : 25

Blacklist Status : Enable Max Single Host

Conn(%): 100

Blacklist Period (min): 10 Min Log Time(min)

:10

Log Destination : Email

E-Mail 1 : xyz@hotmail.com

E-Mail 2 : pqr@excite.com

E-Mail 3 : abc@hotmail.com

Field	Description	
Attack Protection	This specifies the status of attack protection in firewall.	
DOS Protection	This specifies the status of DOS protection in firewall.	
Blacklist Status	This specifies the status of Blacklist protection in fire- wall.	
Blacklist Period (min)	It specifies the duration to blacklist an attacking host.	
Min Log Time (min)	It specifies the minimum time between logging of an individual attack.	
Max Half Open TCP Conn (%)	It specifies the % of total connections that can be in a TCP half open state.	
Max ICMP Conn (%)	It specifies the % of total connections that can be ICMP connections.	
Max Single Host Conn (%)	It specifies % of connections from a single host.	
Log Destination	This specifies the destination type for firewall logs.	
E-Mail 1	This field specifies the email address of the firewall administrator1	
E-Mail 2	This field specifies the email address of the firewall administrator2	
E-Mail 3	This field specifies the email address of the firewall administrator3	

None.

References

modify fwl global command.

3.128 get fwl stats

Description

Use this command to get firewall statistics.

Command Syntax get fwl stats

Parameters

None

Mode

User, Super-User

Example
\$ get fwl stats

Output

Verbose Mode on/off

Sessions Used : 13 ICMP Sessions : 3

Half Open TCP Sessions: 10

Attack type Time Stamp at last log After Log

Total

(Day Mon date HH:MM:SS YYYY) (count)

(count)

Tear Drop 12	Tue	Jan	01	01:00:06	2002	10
Ping of death	Wed	Jan	02	02:04:06	2002	10
IP Spoof 15	Thu	Jan	03	03:04:06	2002	12
Land Attack 14	Fri	Jan	04	02:00:06	2002	13
TCP SYN DOS	Fri	Jan	04	03:04:06	2002	15
ICMP DOS	Sat	Jan	06	02:04:06	2002	2
Sngl host DOS	Sun	Jan	07	01:01:06	2002	6
Smurf Attack	Mon	Jan	08	02:03:07	2002	6
Frag ScanTue	Jan	01 (01:0	00:06 200	2	10
TCP Sess Scan	Wed	Jan	02	02:04:06	2002	10
TCP SYN ACK Scan	Thu	Jan	03	03:04:06	2002	12
TCP ACK Scan	Fri	Jan	04	02:00:06	2002	13
TCP FIN Scan	Fri	Jan	04	03:04:06	2002	15
TCP RST Scan	Sat	Jan	06	02:04:06	2002	2
TCP NULL Scan	Sun	Jan	07	01:01:06	2002	6
TCP XMAS Scan	Mon	Jan	08	02:03:07	2002	4
UDP Scan	Sun	Jan	07	01:01:06	2002	7

ICMP Scan Mon Jan 08 02:03:07 2002

Output field description

Field	Description
Sessions Used	This specifies the number of sessions currently used.
ICMP Sessions	This specifies the number of ICMP sessions currently created
Half Open TCP Sessions	This specifies the number of Half open TCP sessions currently created
Attack type	This specifies the type of attack.
Time Stamp at last log	This is the time stamp taken when last time logging was done.
After Log	This specifies the total number of attacks since last time logging was done.
Total	This specifies the total number of attacks of this type.

Caution

None.

References

* reset fwl stats command.

3.129 get host info

Description

Use this command to get information about various IP sessions on the host

Command Syntax

get host info [ip <ipaddress>]

Name	Description
ip <ipaddress></ipaddress>	This parameter specifies the ip address of the host.
	Type: Optional
	Valid Values: valid ip address

Mode	•
------	---

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ get host info ip 102.11.11.11

Output

Verbose Mode on:

102.11.11.11

ipaddress Session Used

13

Output field description

Field	Description
ipaddress	This specifies the IP Address of host.
	This specifies the number of sessions currently used for this host.

Caution

None.

References

None.

3.130 get icmp stats

Description

Use this command to display ICMP statistics.

Command Syntax get icmp stats

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get icmp stats

Output

In Msgs	:	0	Out Msgs	:	0
In Errors	:	0	Out Errors	:	0
Dest Unreach Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Dest Unreach Msgs Sent	:	0
Time Exceeded Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Time Exceeded Msgs Sent	:	0
Param Problem Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Param Problem Msgs Sent	:	0
Source Quench Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Source Quench Msgs Sent	:	0
Redirect Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Redirect Msgs Sent	:	0
Echo Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Echo Msgs Sent	:	0
Echo Reply Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Echo Reply Msgs Sent	:	0
Timestamp Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Timestamp Msgs Sent	:	0
Timestamp Rep Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Timestamp Rep Msgs Sent	:	0
Addr Mask Req Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Addr Mask Req Msgs Sent	:	0
Addr Mask Rep Msgs Rcvd	:	0	Addr Mask Rep Msgs Sent	:	0

Field	Description
In Msgs	The total number of ICMP messages which the entity received
Out Msgs	The total number of ICMP messages which this entity attempted to send
In Errors	The number of ICMP messages which the entity received but determined as having ICMP-specific errors
Out Errors	The number of ICMP messages which this entity did not send due to problems discovered within ICMP such as a lack of buffers
Dest Unreach Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages received
Dest Unreach Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages sent
Time Exceeded Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages received
Time Exceeded Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages sent
Param Problem Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Parameter Problem mes- sages received.
Param Problem Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Parameter Problem messages sent.
Source Quench Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Source Quench messages received.
Source Quench Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Source Quench messages sent
Redirect Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Redirect messages received
Redirect Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Redirect messages sent. For a host, this object will always be zero, since hosts do not send redirects

Echo Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages received
Echo Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages
	sent
Echo Reply Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages re-
	ceived.
Echo Reply Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages sent
Timestamp Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) mes-
	sages received
Timestamp Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) mes-
	sages sent
Timestamp Rep Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Timestamp (reply) messages
	received
Timestamp Rep Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Timestamp Reply messages
	sent
Addr Mask Req Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Address Mask Request
	messages received
Addr Mask Req Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Address mask Request
	messages sent
Addr Mask Rep Msgs Rcvd	The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply mes-
	sages received
Addr Mask Rep Msgs Sent	The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply mes-
	sages sent

None.

References

- ❖ TCP and UDP commands
- \diamond get ip stats command

3.131 get igmp intf

Description

Use this command to get information on an IGMP interface for a given interface or for all interfaces.

Command Syntax

get igmp intf [ifname <interface-name>]

Name	Description
ifname <interface-< th=""><th>This identifies the interface on which IGMP related</th></interface-<>	This identifies the interface on which IGMP related
name>	information is required.
Type:	Type: Optional
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, ppp-0 - *, eoa-0 - *,

usb-0, ipoa-0-*
Default value: none

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get igmp intf ifname eth-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

IfName : eth-0 Type : Host

Version : igmpv1 Query Interval(sec) : 150

Query Max Resp Time(sec) : 10 Last Memb QueryIntvl(sec) : 2

Robustness : 10 Join Requests : 10

Current Groups : 8

Verbose Mode Off

Output field description

Field	Description	
Query Interval(sec)	This is the periodic interval at which host-query mes-	
	sages (queries) are transmitted on this interface	
Version	This field specifies the version of IGMP.	
Query Max	This field specifies the query max response time (in	
ResponseTime(sec)	secs)	
Last Memb QueryIntvl(sec)	This field specifies the Last Member Query Interval (in	
	secs).	
Join Requests	This is the number of times a group membership has	
	been added to this interface	
Current Groups	This is the current number of entries for this interface	
	in the IGMP Group Table.	

Caution

None.

References

- delete igmp intf command
- get igmp groups command
- create igmp intf command

3.132 get igmp groups

Description

Use this command to list information on all IP multicast groups.

Command Syntax

get igmp groups [grpaddr <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>]
[ifname <interface-name>]

Parameters

Name	Description
Grpaddr	This is the IP multicast group address for which infor-
<ddd .="" ddd=""></ddd>	mation is required.
	Type: Optional
ifname <interface-< th=""><th>This identifies the interface for an IP multicast group</th></interface-<>	This identifies the interface for an IP multicast group
	for which information is required.
mame/	Type: Optional

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get igmp groups grpaddr 224.25.2.1 ifname eth-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

Group Address	IfName	Expiry Time (sec)
224.25.2.1	eth-0	200

Verbose Mode Off

Group Address	IfName	Expiry Time (sec)
224.25.2.1	eth-0	200

Field	Description
Group Address	This is the IP multicast group address for which information is required.
Ifname	This identifies the interface for an IP multicast group for which information is required.
Expiry Time (sec)	The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will be aged out.

None.

References

- delete igmp intf command
- get igmp intf command
- create igmp intf command.

3.133 get ilmi access protocol

Description

Use this command to get the protocol which has been configured by ILMI based auto configuration for a particular ATM VC

Command Syntax

get ilmi access protocol [ifname interface-name] [vpi vpi- num]
[vci vci-num]

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This specifies the ATM port for the VC(s) for which the
name	access protocol is to be displayed. In case the field is not specified, then the information for all configured VCs is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: atm-0.
vpi vpi-number	VPI of the VC(s) for which the access protocol is to be
	displayed. This can be specified only if <i>ifname</i> has also
	been specified.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-255
	Default value: 0
vci vci-number	VCI of the VC for which the access protocol is to be dis-
	played. This can be specified only if <i>ifname</i> and <i>vpi</i> have
	also been specified.
	Type: Optional

Valid values: 0-65535
Default value: 16

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ilmi access protocol ifname atm-0 vpi 10 vci 5

Output

: atm-0 : 10 : PPPoA VPI Interface -U VPI Access Protocol VCI

Output field description

Field	Description
Interface	The ATM port of the VC for which information is being displayed.
VPI	VPI of the VC for which information is being displayed.
VCI	VCI of the VC for which information is being displayed.
	Protocol which has been configured by ILMI based auto configuration for the shown VC.

Caution

None

References

None.

3.134 get ilmi inff

Description

Use this command to get ILMI based auto configuration information on a particular ATM port or on all ATM ports.

Command Syntax

get ilmi intf [ifname interface-name]

Name	Description
	It specifies the ATM port for which ILMI based auto config-
name	uration information is desired. In case the field is not specified, then the information for all valid ATM ports will be displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: atm-0.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ilmi intf ifname atm-0

Output

```
Interface : atm-0
Status : Enable
VPI : 10
VCI : 5
Timeout(sec) : 3
Keep Alive (sec)
Max Retries : 11
Version : 4.0
```

Output field description

Field	Description
Interface	It specifies the ATM port for which ILMI based auto configuration
	information is being shown.
Status	Whether ILMI based auto configuration is enabled or not on this
	interface.
VPI	VPI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
VCI	VCI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
Timeout	Timeout value for SNMP Get/ Set messages exchanged between peer Interface Management Entities (IMEs).
Keep Alive	The time-interval, ILMI should use to poll for peer ILMI's availability.
Max Retries	Number of times ILMI should retry before declaring ILMI connec-
	tivity as lost.
Version	The version of ILMI

Caution

None.

References

- create ilmi intf command
- modify ilmi intf command

- modify ilmi trigger command
- trigger ilmi command
- get ilmi access protocol command

3.135 get interface stats

Description

Use this command to view statistics for one interface or all the interfaces.

Command Syntax

get interface stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Description
This uniquely identifies the Interface whose information is to be retrieved. If this is not specified then information for all interfaces is displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: aal5-0 - *, eth-0, veth-0 to veth-3, ppp-0
- *, atm-0, eoa-0 - *, dsl, dsli, dslf, usb-0, ipoa-0-* - , l2t-*

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get interface stats ifname eth-0

Output

Interface		:	atm-0				
Description		:	atm-0				
Type		:	ATM	Mtu	:	:	48
Bandwidth		:	1696000	Phy Adddr	:	:	
00:00:00:00:00							
Admin Status		:	Up	Operational Status	:	:	Up
Last Change(sec)		:	35	Time since Last Change(sec)	:	:	3
In Octets		:	0	Out Octets	:	:	0
In Discards	:	0		Out Discards	:	:	0
In Errors	:	0		Out Errors	:	:	0
In Ucast Pkts		:	0	Out Ucast Pkts	:	0	
Non-Ucast Pkts		:	0	Out Non-Ucast Pkts	:	:	0
Out Q Len		:	0	Unknown Prot Pkts	:	:	0

Field	Description
Interface	This uniquely identifies the Interface whose information is being
	displayed. It may be:
	aal5-0 - *, eth-0, veth-0 to veth-3, ppp-0 - *, atm-0, dsl, dsli, dslf,
	usb-0, be l2t-*, ipoa-0-*,
Description	This is general information about the interface.
Type	The type of interface, distinguished according the physical/link/
	network protocol immediately below the IP layer. It may be:
	ATM, ETHERNET, PPP, AAL5, IPOA, TUNNEL
Mtu	The size (in bytes) of the largest IP datagram which can be sent/
	received on this interface
Bandwidth	The current bandwidth of the interface in bps
Phy Addr	Interface's address immediately below the IP layer
Admin Status	This is the Desired state of the interface. It may be: <i>Up, Down</i>
Operational	This is the current operational state of the interface. It may be: <i>Up</i> ,
Status	Down
Last Change	Value of System UpTime (in seconds) at the time the interface
	entered its current operational state.
Time since Last	Value of time (in seconds), since last status change of the inter-
Change (sec)	face.
In Octets	The total number of octets received on the interface, including the
	framing characters
Out Octets	The total number of octets transmitted out of the interface includ-
	ing framing characters
In Discards	The number of inbound packets which were discarded though no
	errors were detected
Out Discards	The number of outbound packets chosen to be discarded even
	though there were no errors.
In Errors	The number of inbound packets which were not delivered to upper
	layers because of errors.
Out Errors	The number of outbound packets chosen to be discarded because
	there were errors
In Ucast Pkts	The number of unicast packets delivered to a higher layer proto-
	col.
Out Ucast Pkts	The total number of packets requested to be sent to unicast ad-
	dresses, by upper layer protocols.
Non-Ucast Pkts	The total number of packets requested to be sent to non-unicast
	addresses, by upper layer protocols.
Out Non-Ucast	The total number of packets requested to be sent to non-unicast
Pkts	addresses, by upper layer protocols
Out Q Len	The length of the output packet Q (in packets.)
Unknown Prot Pkts	The number of packets received via the interface which were dis-
	carded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol.

None.

References

get ip stats command

3.136 get ip address

Description

Use this command to display either the full IP address table or a single entry in the address table.

Command Syntax

get ip address [ip ip-address]

Parameters

Name	Description
	IP Address whose information is to be displayed. If no IP address is specified then all entries in the address table are displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: 0.0.0.1- 255.255.255.255

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ip address

Output

Ip Address	Mask	If Name	BCast Addr	MaxReasm
192.168.1.1	255.255.0.0	eth-0	1	65535
127.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	10-0	1	65535

Field	Description
Ip Address	The IP address to which this entry's addressing infor-
	mation pertains
Mask	The subnet mask associated with the IP address of
	this entry
If Name	The interface to which this entry is applicable. It may
	be: <i>eth-0</i> ,
BCast Addr	The value of the least significant bit in the IP broadcast
	address used for sending datagrams on the interface
	associated with the IP address of this entry
MaxReasm	The size of the largest IP datagram which this entity
	can re-assemble from incoming IP fragmented data-
	grams received on this interface

None.

References

- ip stats related commands
- ip route related commands
- ip cfg related commands
- arp related commands

3.137 get ip cfg

Description

Use this command to get information about IP Stack Configuration Parameters.

Command Syntax get ip cfg

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ip cfg

Output

Forwarding : Disabled TTL : 64

Field	Description
Forwarding	This indicates whether this entity is acting as an IP gateway in respect to the forwarding of datagrams
	received by, but not addressed to, this entity. It may
	be: Enabled, Disabled
TTL	The default value inserted into the Time-To-Live field
	of the IP header of datagrams originated at this entity,
	whenever this is not supplied by the transport layer
	protocol. Here it will always be 64.

Caution	
	None.
References	
	modify ip cfg command
	<pre>ip stats related commands</pre>
	<pre>ip route related commands</pre>
	<pre>ip address related commands</pre>
	arp related commands
3.138 get ipf global	
Description	
	Use this command to get IP Filter global configuration.
Command Syntax get ipf global	
Parameters	
	None
Mode	
	User.
Example get ipf global	
Output	
	Verbose mode on:
	Security Level : None DMZ Default Action : Deny
	Public Default Action : Deny Private Default Action : Accept
	Verbose mode off:

Security Level : None DMZ Default Action

Deny

Public Default Action : Deny Accept

Private Default Action :

Output Field description:

Field	Description
Security Level	This specifies the service protection level applied to
	the system.
Public Default Action	Specifies the default action when a packet does not
	match any of the Security rules on a public interface.
Private Default Action	Specifies the default action when a packet does not
	match any of the Security rules on a private interface.
DMZ Default Action	Specifies the default action when a packet does not
	match any of the Security rules on a DMZ interface.

Caution

None

References

3.139 get ipf rule entry

Description

This command is used for getting information of an IP filter rule.

Command Syntax

get ipf rule entry [ruleid rule-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
	An index given by the caller to identify the rule entry. Type : Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

User.

Example

\$ get ipf rule entry ruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On

: 1 Interface : eth-0 Rule Admin status : Disable Rule Oper Status : Disable In interface : ALL Direction : Out Security Level : High : Enable Blacklist Status Logging : Disable Action : Accept Log Tag IP Opt Pkt : Enable
 Src Addr
 : Equal
 172.25.8.76

 Dest Addr
 : Range
 172.25.8.70
 Dest Addr : Kange Src Port : Out Of Range 10 Dest Port : Not Equal 3 Not Equal 10 172.25.8.70 172.25.8.90 10 20 ICMP Code : Not Equal ICMP Type : Equal unreach TransProt : Equal TCP 10 IP Pkt Size : Less Than TOD Rule : Enable Between 01:02:30 02:01:30

Verbose Mode Off

: 1 Interface : eth-0 Rule id Rule Admin status : Disable Rule Oper Status : Disable In interface : ALL Direction : Out Security Level : High Blacklist Status : Enable : Disable Action : Accept Logging Log Tag : -IP Opt

Store State

Src Addr : Equal 172.25.8.76

Dest Addr : Range 172.25.6

Src Port : One 172.25.6 IP Frag Pkt : Yes IP Opt Pkt : Enable 172.25.8.90 Src Port : Out Of Range 10 20 : Not Equal Dest Port 3 : Not Equal : Equal ICMP Code 10 ICMP Type unreach TransProt : Equal TCP IP Pkt Size : Less Than 10 TOD Rule : Enable Between 01:02:30 02:01:30

Field	Description	
Rule id	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry.	
Rule Admin Status	Specifies the administrative status of the rule entry.	
Interface	Specifies the IP-enabled physical interface to be associated to this rule. <i>All</i> indicates that rule is to be associated to all interfaces.	
In Interface	Specifies the input interface ID which may be used to dictate the rules like deny/accept all traffic from a specific interface. So, this field can be specified only if direction is <i>out</i> .	

Direction	Specifies the direction of Data flow on which filtering is to be applied.
Action	Specifies the action to be taken when a packet matches a rule.
Logging	This flag controls the logging of matched packets. Each log will contain IP Header and TCP/UDP header or ICMP fields, if available.
Log Tag	This specifies the Filter logging tag, which will be added to all the logs generated due to the rule
Src Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for source IP Address along with the source IPAddress value and the destination IPAddress value. The source or destination or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or self.
Dest Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for destination IP Address along with the start destination IPAddress value and end destination IPAddress value. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or self.
Src Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for source port along with the start of src port and the end of src port. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or bcast.
Dest Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for destination Port along with the start dest port and the end dest port. The start or end or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range, erange, any or bcast.
ICMP Code	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP code value along with the code field in ICMP header in case of ICMP packets.
ICMP Type	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP Type along with the type field in ICMP header in case of ICMP packets.
TransProt	This field specifies the matching criteria for transport protool field along with the transport layer protocol number as per IANA.
TCP Flag	This specifies filtering criteria for TCP packet types.
Store State	This specifies whether stateful filtering is done or not
Security Level	This specifies the association of rule with system wide service protection level.
Blacklist Status	This specifies whether source of the packet should be put in blacklist if it matches with the rule. It will be applicable to deny kind of rules
IP Frag Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to fragmented packets, non fragmented packets or in both cases.
IP Opt Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to IP packet with or without IP options or in both cases.
IP Pkt Size	This field specifies the matching criteria for IP Pkt Size along with IP packet filtering attribute. It should be compared against the packet size value in IP header.
ToD Rule	This field specifies whether the rule should be applied for the duration specified. "Enable Between" indicates that the rule is applied between the specified time duration. "Disable Between" indicates that rule is not applicable between the specified duration, but it is applicable for remaining time of the day.
Rule Oper Status	A rule will be operationally enabled if and only if it is administratively enabled, its Time of Day status as per current time is Enable, and if the rule's security level matches the global security level as shown by get ipf global.

None.

References

- create ipf rule entry command
- delete ipf rule entry command
- modify ipf rule entry command

3.140 get ipf rule stats

Description

This command is used for getting IP filter rule statistics for a rule.

Command Syntax

get ipf rule stats [ruleid rule-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

User.

Example

\$ get ipf rule stats

Output

Verbose Mode On

Rule id		Packets	count
			_
1	Δ		

Verbose Mode Off

Rule id Packets count
-----1 4

Output field description

Field	Description
Rule id	This specifies IP filter rule for which statistics is to be collected.
Packets count	This specifies total number of packets matching the IP filter rule

Caution

None.

References

- reset ipf rule stats command
- get ipf stats command
- \diamond reset ipf stats command

3.141 get ipf session

Description

Use this command to get all IP filter Sessions information.

Command Syntax

get ipf session

Parameters

None

Mode

User

Example

\$ get ipf session

Output

Verbose Mode On and Verbose Mode Off

Session Index : 1
Time To Expire (sec) : 200

Protocol

: TCP

If-Name-1 : eth-0 If-Name-2

ppp-0

IP Address-2 : 202.1.1.10

PPF 0

IP Address-1 : 172.25.8.9

Port 1 : 1245

IN RuleID on IfName-1 : 10

IN Action on IfName-1 : accept Port 2 : 23 Port 2 : 23
IN RuleID on IfName-2 : 20
IN Action on IfName-2 : accept
OUT RuleID on IfName-2 : 40
OUT Action on IfName-2 : accept OUT RuleID on IfName-1 : 30 OUT Action on IfName-1 : accept

Field	Description
Session Index	This is the index for display of session information
Time To Expire (sec)	Time remaining before the session is deleted.
Protocol	This field specifies the protocol type for which session is created.
IfName-1	This specifies the first physical interface associated with this session. This is the interface due to which session creation is initiated.
IfName-2	This specifies the second physical interface associated with this session. This interface is the one on which packet is routed.
IP Address-1	This specifies the IP address associated with ifName- 1. If the packet originates from ifName-1, then this will be the source IP address and if the packet is arriving at ifName-1, then this will be the destination address.
IP Address-2	This specifies the IP address associated with ifName-2. If the packet originates from ifName-2, then this will be the source IP address and if the packet is arriving at ifName-2, then this will be the destination address.
Port-1	This specifies port associated with IP Address-1. If the packet originates from ifName-1, then this will be the source port and if the packet is arriving at ifName-1, then this will be the destination port.
Port-2	This specifies port associated with IP Address-2. If the packet originates from ifName-2, then this will be the source port and if the packet is arriving at ifName-2, then this will be the destination port.
IN RuleID on IfName-1	This specifies the matching rule id (i.e. the first rule that matches the packet selectors) on IfName-1 for incoming direction.
IN RuleID on IfName-2	This specifies the matching rule id on interface If- Name-2 for incoming direction.
IN Action on IfName-1	This specifies the action defined in IN RuleID on If- Name- 1.
IN Action on IfName-2	This specifies the action defined in IN RuleID on If-Name-2.
OUT RuleID on IfName-1	This specifies the matching rule id on interface If- Name-1 for outgoing direction.
OUT RuleID on IfName-2	This specifies the matching rule id on interface If- Name-2 for outgoing direction.
OUT Action on IfName-1	This specifies the action defined in OUT RuleID on If-Name-1.
OUT Action on IfName-2	This specifies the action defined in OUT RuleID on If- Name-2.

Session information will be displayed only if IP filter is enabled.

References

 \diamond reset ipf session command

3.142 get ipf stats

Description

Use this command to get global statistics of IP filter.

Command Syntax get ipf stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

User.

Example

\$ get ipf stats

Output

Verbose Mode On

Packets count : 0

Verbose Mode Off

Packets count : 0

Output field description

Field	Description
Packets count	This field tells the total packets given to the IP filter.

Caution

None.

References

- reset ipf stats command
- get ipf rule stats command
- reset ipf rule stats command

3.143 get ipoa intf

Description

This command is used for getting information on a particular IPoA interface or on all the IPoA interfaces.

Command Syntax

get ipoa intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This parameter specifies the interface for which information is desired. In case the field is not specified, then the information for all valid IPoA interfaces should be displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: ipoa-0-*

Mode

Example

\$ get ipoa intf ifname ipoa-0

Output

: ipoa-0 UseDHCP IfName

: true

Type Public

Configured IP Address: 172.25.12.74 Mask

255.255.0.0

: False Gateway DRoute

0.0.0.0

NAT Direction : OUT Oper Status :

Down

Output field description

Field	Description
If-Name	The name of the IPoA interface.
UseDHCP	This specifies whether a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP ad-
	dress for this interface from a DHCP server, or not.
Type	This specifies the type of IPoA interface.
Interface sec	Interface security type
Type	
Configured Ip	IP address assigned to the IPoA interface.
Address	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
Droute	Default Route
Gateway	Gateway IP address
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside or
	none.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>

Caution

None.

References

*	create ipoa intf command
*	delete ipoa intf command
*	command
*	command
*	command

3.144 get ipoa map

Description

Use this command to get the association of IPoA (IP over ATM) interface with lower aal5 interfaces.

Command Syntax

get ipoa map [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
Ifname interface-name	The name of the IPoA interface for which the association with lower interface has to be deleted.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: ipoa-0,ipoa-1 etc.,.
Lowif low-interface-name	This parameter specifies the lower interface (ATM VC
	interface) of the IPoA interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid Values: aal5-0, aal5-1 etc.,.

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Super-User.

Example

\$ delete ipoa map ifname ipoa-0 lowif aal5-0

Output

Verbose mode on:

IfName	LowIfName	Peer	ΙP	Address
ipoa-0	aa15-0	172.2	25.	1.130

Entry Deleted

Verbose mode off:

Entry Deleted

Output Field description:

Field	Description
IfName The name of the IPoA interface for which the a	
	ciation with the lower interface has been deleted.
LowIfName	Specifies the lower (ATM VC) interface.
Peer IP Address	IP address of peer.

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None

References:

3.145 get ip route

Description

Use this command to get the listing of all routing table entries or for a specific entry.

Command Syntax

get ip route [ip dest-ip-address] [mask net-mask]

Name	Description
address	Destination IP address of the route which is to be displayed. If no IP address is specified then all known routes are displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
mask net-mask	The Mask of the destination IP Address. Type: Optional Valid values: 0.0.0.1 – 255.255.255.255

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ get ip route ip 192.168.2.40 mask 255.255.255.0

Output

Destination	Mask Gat	eway If-	name 1	RouteType	RouteOrig	Age(sec)
192.168.2.40	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	veth-0	IND	NET	0

Output field description

Field	Description		
Destinatio n	Destination IP address of this route		
Mask	The Mask of the destination IP Address		
Gateway	The IP address of the next hop for this route		
If-Name	The local interface through which the next hop of this route will be reached		
Route Type	The type of route. It may be: <i>Dir</i> (for Direct), <i>Ind</i> (for Indirect), or <i>inv</i> (for invalid route)		
Route Orig	The routing mechanism through which this route was learned. It may be: NET (for Network Management), LCL (for Local), RIP, ICMP, DYI (Dynamic through Interface creation)		
The number of seconds since this route was last updated or otherwis determined to be correct			

Caution

None.

References

- create ip route command
- delete ip route related commands
- ip stats related commands

- ip cfg related commands
- ip address related commands
- arp related commands

3.146 get ip stats

Description

Use this command to display the global statistics for the IP Layer.

Command Syntax get ip stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example \$ get ip stats

Output

Rx Pkts count	: 10	Rx Hdr Errors count	: 0
Fwd Datagram count	: 0	Unknown Proto count	: 0
Rx Discards count	: 0	Rx Delivered count	: 10
Tx Requests count	: 10	Tx Discards count	: 0
Tx No Routes count	: 0	IP Reasm Reqd count	: 0
IP Reasm OK count	: 0	IP Reasm Failed count	: 0
IP Frag OK count	: 0	IP Frag Failed count	: 0
IP Frag Created count	: 0	Routing Reject count	: 0
In Addr Err count	: 0	Reasm Timeout(sec)	: 60

Field	Description
Rx Pkts count	This defines number IP packets received
Rx Hdr Errors count	This defines number of IP packets received with header errors
Fwd Datagram count	This defines number of datagrams forwarded by it.
	This defines The number of locally-addressed datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol
Rx Discards count	The number of input IP datagrams for which no problems were encountered to prevent their continued processing, but which were discarded. This does not include any datagrams discarded while awaiting reassembly.
Rx Delivered count	The total number of input datagrams successfully delivered to IP user-protocols (including ICMP)
Tx Requests count	The total number of IP datagrams which local IP user-protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for transmission.

	This counter does not include any datagrams counted in Fwd Datagram.
Tx Discards count	The number of output IP datagrams for which no problem was encountered to prevent their transmission to their destination, but which were discarded. This counter would include datagrams counted in Fwd Datagram if any such packets met this (discretionary) discard criterion
Tx No Routes count	The number of IP datagrams discarded because no route could be found to transmit them to their destination
IP Reasm Reqd count	The number of IP fragments received which needed to be reassembled at this entity.
IP Reasm OK count	The number of IP datagrams successfully re-assembled
IP Reasm Failed count	The number of failures detected by the IP re-assembly algorithm. This is not necessarily a count of discarded IP fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in RFC 815) can lose track of the number of fragments by combining them as they are received.
IP Frag OK count	The number of IP datagrams that have been successfully fragmented at this entity.
IP Frag Failed count	The number of IP datagrams that have been discarded because they needed to be fragmented at this entity but could not be, e.g., because their Don't Fragment flag was set
IP Frag Created count	The number of IP datagram fragments that have been generated as a result of fragmentation at this entity
Routing Reject count	The number of IP datagrams discarded because no route could be found to transmit them to their destination.
In Addr Err count	This defines number of packets received with wrong address information
Reasm Timeout	The maximum number of seconds for which received fragments are held while they are awaiting reassembly at this entity.

None.

References

- ip address related commands
- ip route related commands
- ip cfg related commands
- arp related commands

3.147 get l2tp global config

Description

Use this command to to get l2tp tunnel global configuration.

Command Syntax get 12tp global config

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User, Super-User.

Example

\$ get 12tp global config

Output

Response Timeout (secs) : 300

Output Field description:

Field	Description
	Defines the period of time (in secs) that a peer will wait for the response. A value of "Infinite" indicates an infinite wait.

Caution

None.

References

3.148 get l2tp global info

Description

Use this command to get L2TP global information.

Command Syntax get 12tp global info

Mode

User, Super-User.

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\$ get 12tp global config

Output

Proto Version: 0X200

Vendor Name : GlobespanVirata

Output Field description:

Field	Description
Proto version	First octet identifies the version, second the revision
Vendor name	This field identifies the Vendor name of the L2TP
	protocol stack.

Caution

None.

References

None

3.149 get l2tp session stats

Description

Use this command to get I2tp session status for a particular PPP/PPPoE session interface or on all I2tp sessions.

Command Syntax

get 12tp session stats [pppifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
Name	Description

	Identifies the PPP interface name from which PPP packets are being tunneled Type: Optional Valid values: ppp-0, ppp-*
Vendor name	This field identifies the Vendor name of the L2TP protocol stack.

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

get 12tp session stats pppifname ppp-0

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off

PPP If Name	: ppp-0	Tunnel If Name: 12t-0
Session State established	: connect	Sess FSM state:
Local Session Id	: 100	Remote Session Id: 200
Tx Connect Speed	: 10000	Rx Connect Speed: 10000
Bearer Type	: digital	Framing Type: sync
Phy Channel Id	: 12	Sequence State: local
Send Sequence Coun 1000	t: 999	Recv Sequence Count:
Last Result code	: 23	Last Error code: 22
ReAss Timeout Coun	t: 0	Recv Out of Seq: 23
Last Start Time 03:02:02	: 02:03:02	Last Stop time:

Call S. No : 2

DNIS : 4392849

Calling Id : 2000

SubAddress : 100001

Pvt Grp Id : 1000234

Remote User Name : GlobespanVirata

Last Error Msg : Tunnel is being stopped.

Output Field description:

Field	Description
PPP If Name	The ifindex of the interface from which PPP packets are being tunneled.
If Name	This object identifies the session's associated L2TP tunnel ifIndex value.
Call S. No	This object defines the serial number that has been assigned to this session.
Local Session Id	This object contains the local assigned session identifier for this session.
Remote Session Id	This object contains the remote assigned session identifier for this session.
Remote User Name	This object identifies the peer session name on this interface.
Session State	This object contains the current state of the session.
DNIS	This object identifies the Dialed Number Information String that the LAC obtained from the network for the session.
Tx Connect Speed	This object returns the last known transmit baud rate for this session.
Rx Connect Speed	This object returns the last known receive baud rate for this session established.
Bearer Type	This object describes the bearer type of this session.
Framing Type	This object describes the framing type of this session.
Phy Channel Id	This object contains the physical channel identifier for the session.
Sequence State	This object defines which tunnel peers have requested payload sequencing.
Send Sequence count	This object contains the next send sequence number for this session.
Recv Sequence count	This object contains the next receive sequence number expected to be received on this session.
Last Result code	This object contains the last value of the result code as described in the Result Code AVP which caused the Session to disconnect.
Last Error code	This object contains the last value of the error code as described in the Result Code AVP that caused the Session to disconnect.

Sess FSM state	This object contains the current state of the session FSM.
Reassembly Timeout Count	This object returns the number of reassembly timeouts that have occurred for this session.
Last Start Time	This is the time stamp at which the session was started last.
Last Stop time	This is the time stamp at which the session was stopped last.
Calling Id	This object identifies the Calling Line ID that the LAC obtained from the network for the session.
SubAddress	This object identifies the Sub Address that the LAC obtained from the network for the session.
Pvt Grp Id	This object identifies the Private Group Identifier used for this tunneled session.
Last Error Msg	This object contains the last value of the optional message as described in the Result Code AVP which caused the session to disconnect.

None.

References

reset 12tp session stats command

3.150 get l2tp tunnel config

Description

Use this command to to get information on a particular I2tp tunnel or on all I2tp tunnels.

Command Syntax

get 12tp tunnel config [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer. Type: Optional
	Valid values: I2t-0-I2t-*.

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ get 12tp tunnel config ifname 12t-0

Output

Verbose mode on/off:

If Name : 12t-0

Admin Status : Up Oper Status : Up

Local IP-address : 178.10.10.10 Remote IP-address :

178.10.11.10

100

Max Retx Attempt : 10 Max Retx Timeout : 10

Initiator : local Payload Sequencing:

always

udpip

Control RWS : 5

Shared Secret : passwd

Local Host name : titanium

Remote Host name : Columbia

Entry Deleted

Output Field description:

Field	Description
If-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
Local IP-address	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel
Local Host name	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel
Remote IP-address	This field specifies the address of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab- lished.
Admin Status	This field specifies the adminstatus of the of the l2tp interface.
Oper Status	This field specifies the Operstatus of the of the I2tp interface.
Remote Host name	This field specifies the hostname of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab- lished.
Hello Interval	Defines the interval (in sec) in which Hello packets are to be sent to the tunnel peer
Idle Timeout	Defines the period of time (in seconds) that an established tunnel with no sessions will wait before disconnecting the tunnel.
Control RWS	Defines the control channel receive window size
Max Retx Timeout	Defines the maximum retransmission timeout interval that the tunnel will wait before retransmitting a control packet that has not been acknowledged.
Initiator	This indicates whether the tunnel will be initiated lo- cally or not.
Payload Sequencing	This object determines whether or not session payload packets will be requested to be sent with sequence numbers from tunnel peer's. The value never(2) indicates that L2TP will never initiate sequencing but will do sequencing if asked. The value always(3) indicates that L2TP will send the sequencing Required AVP during session establishment
Authentication Type	Describes how L2TP tunnel peers are to be authenticated
Transport	Defines the underlying transport media that is in use for this tunnel entry.
Shared Secret	Shared secret is used during the tunnel authentication phase of tunnel establishment if authtype is challenge
Max Retx Attempt	Defines the number of retransmissions, which the tunnel will attempt before assuming that the peer is no longer responding.

None.

3.151 get l2tp tunnel stats

Description

Use this command to get I2tp tunnel status and statistics for a particular tunnel interface or on all the I2tp tunnels.

Command Syntax

get 12tp tunnel stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer. Type : Optional
	Valid values: I2t-0-I2t-*.

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ get 12tp tunnel stats ifname 12t-0

Output

Verbose mode on/off:

If name	: 12t-0	
Tunnel State	: idle	Tunnel FSM State: idle
Local Tunnel Id	: 2	Remote Tunnel Id: 3
Control Pkts Recv	: 10	Remote RWS: 5
Control Recv ZLB	: 10	Remote IntialWindow: 2
Control Out of Seq	: 20	Remote Bearer Cap: none
Control Out of Window	: 20	Remote Framing Cap: sync
Control Send Packets	: 20	Remote Proto Ver: 0200

Control Send ZLB : 20 Number Ack Timeout : 100

Send Sequence : 22 Recv Sequence: 26

Send Sequence Ack: 23 Recv Sequence Ack: 24

Total Sessions : 100 Total fail session: 2

Active Sessions : 1000 Remote FirmwareRev: 03

Last Result code : 23 Last Error code: 25

Last Start Time : 03:04:02 Last Stop time: 04:05:02

Last Error Msg : Tunnel is being stopped.

Remote Vendor name : GlobespanVirata

Output Field description:

Field	Description
ifname	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
Tunnel State	This field contains the current state of the control tunnel.
Local Tunnel Id	This object contains the local tunnel Identifier.
Remote Tunnel Id	This object contains the remote tunnel Identifier.
Remote FirmwareRev	This object contains the tunnel peer's firmware revision number
Remote RWS	This object contains the current remote peers receive window size.
Remote Intial Window	This object contains the initial remote peers receive window size as indicated by the tunnel peer during the tunnel establishment phase
Remote Bearer Cap	This object describes the Bearer Capabilities of the tunnel peer.
Remote Framing Cap	This object describes the Framing Capabilities of the tunnel peer.
Control Packets Recv	This object contains the number of control packets received on the tunnel.
Control Recv ZLB	This object returns a count of the number of Zero Length Body control packet that were received.
Control Out of Seq	This object returns a count of the number of control

	packets that were not received in the correct order (as per the sequence number) on this tunnel.
Control Out of Window	This object contains the number of control packets
	that were received outside of the offered receive
	window.
Control Send Packets	This object contains the number of control packets
	that were transmitted to the tunnel peer.
ZLB Sent	This object contains the number of Zero Length Body
	control packets transmitted to the tunnel peer.
Number Ack Timeout	This object returns a count of the number of control
	packet timeouts due to the lack of a timely acknowl-
	edgement from the tunnel peer.
Remote Proto Ver	This object describes the protocol version and revi-
	sion of the tunnel peers implementation.
Send Sequence	This object contains the next send sequence number
-	for the control channel.
Send Sequence Ack	This object contains the send sequence number that
	the tunnel peer has acknowledged for the control
	channel.
Recv Sequence	This object contains the next receive sequence
	number expected to be received on this control
	channel.
Recv Sequence Ack	This object contains the last receive sequence num-
	ber that was acknowledged back to the tunnel peer
	for the control channel.
Total Sessions	This object contains the total number of sessions that
	this tunnel has successfully connected through to its
	tunnel peer since this tunnel was created.
Total fail session	This object contains the total number of sessions that
	were initiated but failed to reach the established
	phase.
Active Sessions	This object contains the total number of sessions in
Took Book to and	the established state for this tunnel.
Last Result code	This object contains the last value of the result code
Took Bureau anda	as described in the Result Code
Last Error code	This object contains the last value of the error code as described in the Result Code AVP which caused
	the tunnel to disconnect.
Last Start Time	This is the time stamp at which the tunnel was started
Last Start Time	last.
Last Stop time	This is the time stamp at which the tunnel was
Last Stop time	stopped last.
Tunnel FSM State	This field contains the current state of the control
	tunnel FSM.
Last Error Msq	This object contains the last value of the optional
	message as described in the Result Code AVP which
	caused the tunnel to disconnect
Remote Vendor name	This object identifies the vendor name of the peer's
	L2TP implementation.

References

reset 12tp tunnel stats command

3.152 get l2tp udp stats

Description

Use this command to get the I2tp udp statistics.

Command Syntax

get 12tp udp stats [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description	
ifname interface-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: I2t-0-I2t-*.	

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ get 12tp udp stats ifname 12t-0

Output

Verbose mode on/off:

Ιf	name	Peer	Port	Local	Port
101	0	1000		0000	
12t	5-0	1000		2000	

Output Field description:

Field	Description
If-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
Peer port	This object reflects the peer's UDP port number used for this tunnel.
Local port	This object reflects the local UDP port number that this tunnel is bound to.

Ca	

None.

References

None

3.153 get l2wall cfg

Description

Use this command to get L2WALL configuration information.

Command Syntax get 12wall cfg

Parameters

None

Mode

User, Super-User

Example

\$ get 12wall cfg

Output

Status : on Inactive Time(min) : 5

Output field description

Field	Description
Status	Status of the L2wall configuration.
Inactive Time(min)	Time since last recorded activity in minutes.

None

References

modify 12wall cfg

3.154 get nat global

Description

Use this command to get NAT global info.

Command Syntax get nat global

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get nat global

Output

TCP Idle Timeout(sec): 86400

TCP Def Timeout(sec): 60

ICMP Timeout(sec): 60

ESP Timeout(sec): 300

NAPT Port Start: 40000

Admin Status: Disable

Output field description

Field	Description		
TCP Idle Timeout	The Time out (in seconds) which is used to expire out Idle TCP Nat Translations		
TCP Close Wait	The Wait time (in seconds) after which a TCP connection is closed		
TCP Def Timeout	The default timeout (in seconds) in case of errors.		
UDP Timeout	The time (in seconds) for UDP timeout		
ICMP Timeout	The time (in seconds) for ICMP timeout		
GRE Timeout	The time (in seconds) for GRE timeout		
ESP Timeout	The time (in seconds) for ESP timeout		
Default Nat Age	The default NAT Time Out (in seconds).		
NAPT Port Start	The port value from which the port range can start		

NAPT Port End	The port value at which the port range ends.
Admin Status	The current NAT Status. It may be: Enable, Disable

None.

References

- modify nat global command
- nat rule status related commands
- nat rule stats related commands
- nat rule entry related commands

3.155 get nat rule entry

Description

Use this command to get the full NAT Rule table or one entry.

Command Syntax

get nat rule entry [ruleid rule-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the NAT rule, information pertaining to which is to
	be displayed. If this is not specified then information for all rules is
	displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get nat rule entry ruleid 1

Dest Port From : 0

Output

Rule Id	:	1	Flavor	:	NAPT
Interface	:	ALL	Protocol	:	ANY
Local Addr From	:	0.0.0.0	Local Addr To	:	0.0.0.0
Dest Addr From	:	0.0.0.0	Dest Addr to	:	0.0.0.0
Global Addr From	:	0.0.0.0	Global Addr To	:	255.255.255.255

Dest Port To : 0

Local Port

Output field description

Field	Description
Rule Id	This identifies the NAT rule, information pertaining to which is being displayed.
Flavor	This specifies the type of rule. It may be: BASIC, FILTER, NAPT, BIMAP, REDIRECTION (for RDR) and PASS.
Interface	This specifies the Interface or the outgoing device on which this Nat Rule would apply. It may be: eth-0, veth-0 - *, eoa-0 - *, , ppp- 0 - *,
Protocol	This specifies the protocol type for which the rule is meant. It may be: Any, TCP, UDP, ICMP or IANA specified protocol between 0 to 255.
Local Addr From	This is the starting address when a range of private IP addresses are mapped
Local Addr To	This is the last IP address of the range of private IP addresses mapped by this rule.
Dest Addr From	This specifies the start of the range of destination IP address of the packet to matched.
Dest Addr To	This specifies the end of the range of destination IP address to be matched
Dest Port From	This specifies the start of the range of the destination port numbers to be matched.
Dest Port To	This specifies the end of the range of destination port numbers to be matched.
Global Addr From	This specifies the first globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses being mapped.
Global Addr To	This specifies the last globally unique IP address of the range of IP addresses used in the mapping.
Local Port	This is the translated port number to be used .

Caution

None.

References

- \diamond create nat rule entry command
- delete nat rule entry command
- nat global info related commands
- nat rule statistics related commands
- nat rule status related commands

3.156 get nat rule stats

Description

Use this command to display statistics for the specified rule or for all the active rules in the system.

Command Syntax

get nat rule stats [ruleid rule-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This identifies the NAT rule, statistics pertaining to
	which are to be displayed. If this is not specified then
	statistics for all rules are displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get nat rule stats ruleid 1

Output

RuleId	Hits	Inbound Packets	Outbound Packets
1	0	0	0

Output field description

Field	Description
Rule Id	This identifies the NAT rule, statistics pertaining to which is being displayed.
Hits	The number of time this rule was used to create translations

Caution

None.

- reset nat rule stats command
- nat rule status related commands
- nat rule entry related commands

3.157 get nat rule status

Description

This command displays NAT rule status information.

Command Syntax

get nat rule status [ruleid rule-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This identifies the NAT rule, pertaining to which status
	information is to be displayed. If this is not specified
	then status for all rules is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get nat rule status

Output

RuleId Active Translations

Output field description

Field	Description
RuleId	This identifies the NAT rule, Status information pertaining to which is being displayed
Active Translations	The current number of active translations using this rule

Caution

None.

References

reset nat status command

* nat stats related commands

3.158 get nat stats

Description

Use this command to display global NAT statistics.

Command Syntax get nat stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example \$ get nat stats

Output

```
OutputTranslation Sess: 10Translation Misses: 0Translated In Pkts: 412Translated Out Pkts: 400FTP ALG Sess: 0SNMP ALG Sess: 3RMCD ALG Sess: 2
                                                                                                 Translation Misses : 0
RA ALG Sess : 5 RMCD ALG Sess : 2 L2TP ALG Sess : 2 MIRC ALG Sess : 5 CUSEEME UDP ALG Sess : 2 CUSEEME TCP ALG Sess : 2 H323 Q931 ALG Sess : 4 H323 RAS ALG Sess : 5 H323 RTP ALG Sess : 3 H323 245 ALG Sess : 4 PPTP ALG Sess : 3 RTSP ALG Sess : 5 TIMBUKTU ALG Sess : 3 T120 ALG Sess : 4 SGICompCore ALG Sess : 2 Fragments Processed : 40 LDAP ALG Sess : 4
 LDAP ALG Sess : 4
IKE ALG Sess : 20 ESP ALG Sess
                                                                                             MSN MSGR ALG Sess
                                                                                                                                                                       : 4
                                                                                                                   : 10
```

Output field description

Field	Description
Translation Sessions	This gives the total number of translation sessions which have been established so far
Translation Misses	This gives the number of times for a packet a Nat Rule could not be matched i.e that packet went from IN to OUT or OUT to IN without translation
Translated In Pkts	This is the number of inbound packets translated so far.
Translated Out Pkts	This is the number of outbound packets translated so far.
FTP ALG Sessions	The number of translation sessions for FTP ALG.
SNMP ALG Sessions	The number of translation session for SNMP ALG
RA ALG Sessions	The number of translations for Real Audio ALG
RMCD ALG Sessions	The number of translations for Rcmd ALG
L2TP ALG Sessions	Total number of L2TP session that would be running for it.
MIRC ALG Sessions	The number of MIRC Sessions.

CUSEEME UDP ALG Sess	Total number of CUSEEME Udp Sessions
CUSEEME TCP ALG Sess	Total number of CUSEEME Tcp Sessions
H323 Q931 ALG Sess	Total number of H323 Q931 Sessions
H323 RAS ALG Sess	Total number of H323 RAS Sessions
H323 RTP ALG Sess	Total number of H323 RTP Sessions
H323 245 ALG Sess	Total number of H323 245 Sessions
Fragments Processed	The number of fragments processed
TIMBUKTU ALG Sess	Total number of TIMBUKTU Sessions
T120 ALG Sess	Total number of T120 Sessions
LDAP ALG Sess	Total number of LDAP ALG Sessions
SGICompCore ALG Sess	Total number of SGICompCore ALG Sessions
MSN MSGR ALG Sess	Total number of MSN Messenger Sessions
IKE ALG Sess	Total number of IKE ALG sessions
ESP ALG Sess	Total number of ESP ALG sessions

None.

References

- reset nat stats related commands
- nat status info related commands

3.159 get nat status

Description

Use this command to display NAT status information.

Command Syntax get nat status

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get nat status

Output

Active Translations	: 47	Active Rules		:	3
FTP ALG Sess	: 4	SNMP ALG Sess	:	2	
RA ALG Sess	: 0	RMCD ALG Sess	:	0	
L2TP ALG Sess	: 2	MIRC ALG Sess	:	5	
CUSEEME UDP ALG Sess	: 2	CUSEEME TCP ALG Sess		:	2

```
H323 Q931 ALG Sess : 4 H323 RAS ALG Sess : 5 H323 RTP ALG Sess : 3 H323 245 ALG Sess : 4 PPTP ALG Sess : 1 RTSP ALG Sess : 4 TIMBUKTU ALG Sess : 3 T120 ALG Sess : 4 LDAP ALG Sess : 3 SGICompCore ALG Sess : 2 MSN MSGR ALG Sess : 3 IKE ALG Sess : 2 ESP ALG Sess : 3
```

Output field description

Field	Description
Active Translations	The current number of active translation Sessions
Active Rules	The current number of rules which are activated
FTP ALG Sessions	Number of sessions using FTP ALG
SNMP ALG Sessions	Number of sessions using SNMP ALG
RA ALG Sessions	Number of sessions using Real Audio ALG
RMCD Sessions	Number of sessions using Remote Command ALG
L2TP ALG Sessions	Number of sessions using L2TP ALG
MIRC ALG Sessions	Number of sessions using MIRC ALG
	Number of sessions using CUSEEME UDP ALGCurrent
	number of H323 Sessions.
	Number of sessions using CUSEEME TCP ALG
H323 Q931 ALG Sess	Number of sessions using H323 Q931 ALG
H323 RAS ALG Sess	Number of sessions using H323 RAS ALG
H323 RTP ALG Sess	Number of sessions using H323 RTP ALG
H323 245 ALG Sess	Number of sessions using H323 245 ALG
TIMBUKTU ALG Sess	Number of sessions using TIMBUKTU ALG
T120 ALG Sess	Number of sessions using T120 ALG
LDAP ALG Sess	Total number of LDAP ALG Sessions
SGICompCore ALG Sess	Total number of SGICompCore ALG Sessions
MSN MSGR ALG Sess	Total number of MSN Messenger Sessions
IKE ALG Sess	Total number of IKE ALG sessions.
ESP ALG Sess	Total number of ESP ALG sessions

Caution

None.

References

- reset nat stats related commands
- nat stats related commands

3.160 get nat translation

Description

Use this command to display all the active translations in the system.

Command Syntax get nat translation

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get nat translation

Output

Interface : eth-0 Translation index : 1 : TCP NAT Direction Protocol : OUT : 10 Rule id Alg Type : FTP Translated In Pkts : 1400 Translated Out Pkts : 1300 : 202.5.6.1 Out Addr Out Port : 21 Translated In Addr In Addr : 192.168.1.3 : 202.1.1.1 In Source Port : 1025 Translated In Port : 40012 Entry Age(sec) : 86400

Output field description

Field	Description
Interface	The Outside Interface on which the translation is working. It
	may be:
	eth-0, veth-0 - *, eoa-0 - *, ppp-0 - *,
Translation index	This specifies the index of this active translation.
Protocol	This specifies the protocol for which this translation is work-
	ing. It may be:
	Any, TCP, UDP, GRE, ICMP, or IANA specified protocol be-
	tween 0 to 256.
NAT Direction	This tells the translation direction.
Alg Type	This specifies the Alg Type in use. The value 0 means no
	ALG is in use.
Rule id	Rule identifier of the rule that has created this session entry.
Translated In Pkts	The number of inbound packets translated by this rule.
Translated Out Pkts	The number of Outbound packets translated by this rule.
Out Addr	The IP Address of the remote End.
Out Port	This specifies the remote port.
In Addr	The Inside IP address.
Translated In Addr	The translated Inside IP address.
In Source Port	The inside source port for the translations.
Translated In Port	The translated inside port.
Pkts Translated	The number of packets translated by this rule.
Entry Age	The age of the entry in seconds.

This command can be executed only when NAT Admin Status is enabled. Please refer to the <code>modify nat global</code> command.

References

nat related commands

3.161 get nbsize

Description

Use this command to see the sizing parameters whose modification takes effect after the next reboot.

Command Syntax get nbsize

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get nbsize

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off:

Max IP Session: 100 HTTP Port: 80
Telnet Port: 23 FTP Port: 21
Serial Auth: Enable

Output field description

Field	Description
Max IP Session	This specifies the maximum number of active IP sessions.
HTTP Port	This specifies the HTTP port
Telnet Port	This specifies the telnet port
FTP Port	This specifies the FTP port
Serial Auth	This specifies whether Serial Port Authentication is enabled or disabled.

None.

References

modify nbsize commands

3.162 get oam cc vc

Description

Use this command to to get the OAM F5 end to end continuity check configuration and status parameters.

Command Syntax

get oam cc vc [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This parameter specifies the VC interface for which information is desired. In case the field is not specified, then the information for all valid interfaces is displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: aal5-*

Mode

User, Super-User

Example

\$ \$ get oam cc vc ifname aa15-0

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Ifname	Mode	SourceOperStatus	EtherCheck SinkOperStatus		Initiator	
aa15-0	auto	activated	enable	LOC	Peer	

Verbose Mode Off:

Ifname	Mode	SourceOperStatus	EtherCheck	SinkOperStatus	Initiator
aa15-0	auto	activated	enable	LOC	Peer

Output field description

Field	Description
Ifname	This parameter specifies VC interface.
Mode	This specifies the mode of activation/deactivation of continuity check.
SourceOperStatus	This field specifies the current operational state of source point of the VCC.
EtherCheck	This field specifies whether ethernet device status should be checked before transmitting a CC cell.
SinkOperStatus	This field specifies the current operational state of sink point of the VCC.
Initiator	This field is valid only in auto mode and it specifies the current initiator of CC Activation/Deactivation.

Caution

None.

References

❖ modify oam cc vc commands

3.163 get oam lpbk vc

Description

Use this command to display result of previous OAM loopback command.

Command Syntax

get oam lpbk vc ifname interface-name

Parameters

	Description	
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-	
	mation is desired. In case the field is not specified,	
	then the information for all valid interfaces should be	
	displayed.	
	Type: Mandatory	
	Valid values: aal5-0 - *	

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ get oam lpbk vc ifname aal5-0

Output

: aal5-0 VPI : 1 If-Name : 1 VCI LB Type

: e2e

Output field description

Field	Description	
If-Name	The name of the aal5 (aal5-0 etc.) interface whose	
	statistics are to be retrieved.	
VPI	This is the Virtual Port Identifier	
VCI	This is the Virtual Circuit Identifier	
LB Type	This specifies the loop back type used. It may be: e2e	
	or seg	
OAM Location Id	This defines the loop back site which was used to	
	loopback the cell.	
OAM LB Result	This specifies the result of the loop back test. It may	
	be Result Unavailable, Seg Succeeded, Seg Failed,	
	E2e Succeeded, E2e Failed, Test Aborted, or Test In	
	Progress	

Caution

None.

References

- * atm trfdesc related commands
- * atm vc related commands
- * modify oam lpbk command
- * $\textit{atm port } \textbf{and} \; \textit{statistics} \; \textbf{related} \; \; \textbf{commands}$

3.164 get pfraw block

Description

Use this command to get the pfraw block status for a given protocol.

Command Syntax

get pfraw block protocol

IPV6MCAST | 8021Q | ARP | BPDU | IPX | NETBEUI | APPLETALK | RARP | IPMCAST | PPE | L2WALL

Parameters

Name	Description
protocol	This object specifies the protocol for which pfraw rule
IPV6MCAST 8021Q ARP BPD	needs to be blocked/unblocked.
U IPX NETBEUI APPLETALK	
RARP IPMCAST PPE L2WALL	

Mode

Super-User and User

Example

\$ get pfraw block protocol L2WALL

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Protocol : 12wall Rule status : Enable

Verbose Mode Off:

Protocol : 12wall Rule status : Enable

Output field description

Field	Description
Protocol	This field indicates which pfraw protocol is to be
	blocked.
Rule Status	This field indicates the rule is enabled or disabled.

Caution

None.

References

modify pfraw block command.

3.165 get pfraw global

Description

Use this command to get global parameters of raw filter.

Command Syntax get pfraw global

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User and User

Example

\$ get pfraw global

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Status : Disable Default action : Deny

Verbose Mode Off:

Status : Disable
Default action : Deny

Output field description

Field	Description
Status	This field indicates whether the raw filter is enabled or disabled.
Default action	This field indicates the default action to be taken if the packet does not match any of the specified rules.

Caution

None.

References

modify pfraw global command..

3.166 get pfraw rule info

Description

Use this command to get the attributes of rules and sub-rules based on interface and direction.

Command Syntax

get pfraw rule info [ifname interface-name] [dir in|out] [ruleid
rule-id] [subruleid subrule-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-	This specifies the interface name for which the rule info is
name	sought.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0, veth-1, ppp-0 - *,,
	eoa-0 - *1, veth-2, veth-3
dir in out	This specifies the direction for which the applicable rule in-
	formation is sought.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: in or out
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index of the rule for which information
	is sought.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.
subruleid sub-	This specifies the sub-rule index of the sub-rule for which in-
rule-id	formation is sought.
Luie-ia	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 - 254
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.

Mode

Super-User and User

Example

\$ get pfraw rule info ifname eth-0 dir in

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Rule id	: 2	Rule status	: Enable
Sub Rule id	: 1	Sub Rule status	: Enable
Interface	: ppp-0	In interface	: eth-0
Direction	: Out	Offset from	: Linkh
Offcot			

Offset : 6
Comp operation : Range

Low value : 0x0000000FF000000
High value : 0x0000000FFCD0000
Mask : 0x00000000FFFF0000

Action : Accept Logging : Match

Verbose Mode Off:

Rule id	: 2	Rule status	: 1	Enable
Sub Rule id	: 1	Sub Rule status	: 1	Enable
Interface	: ppp-0	In interface	: (eth-0
Direction	: Out	Offset from	:	Linkh

Offset : 6
Comp operation : Range

Low value : 0x00000000FF000000

High value : 0x0000000FFCD0000

Mask : 0x0000000FFFF0000

Action : Accept Le

Logging : Match

Output field description

Field	Description	
Rule id	This identifies the rule index of the rule.	
Rule Status	This specifies whether this rule is enabled or disabled	
Sub Rule id	This specifies the sub-rule index of the sub-rule.	
Sub Rule status	This specifies whether this subrule is enabled or disabled.	
Interface	This specifies the interface name for a rule.	
In Interface	This specifies the incoming interface for the given outgoing interface.	
Direction	This specifies the filtering direction to which this rule is applied.	
Offset from	This specifies the start position in the packet for an offset. The start position can be the beginning of the header or data portions of various protocols.	
Offset	This specifies the offset with in the header or data part of the packet.	
Comp Operation	This specifies the type of comparison that is done on the extracted data and the comparison value(s)	
Low Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Range.	
High Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Range.	
Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Relational.	
Mask	This is hexadecimal pattern which specifies the mask	
Action	This specifies the action taken when a packet matches this rule	
Logging	This specifies the log option of this rule	

	ion

None.

References

pfraw related commands.

3.167 get pfraw rule stats

Description

Use this command to get raw filter stats for a given rule id or for all the rule-ids.

Command Syntax

get pfraw rule stats [ruleid rule-id]

Parameters

Field	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index for which the statistics
	should be shown.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.

Mode

Super-User and User.

Example

\$ get pfraw rule stats ruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Rule	id	Packets	count
1		4	

Verbose Mode Off:

```
Rule id Packets count

1 4
```

Output field description

Field	Description	
Rule id	This field indicates whether the raw filter status is en-	
	abled or disabled.	
Packets count	This field indicates the number of packets matching	
	this rule.	

Caution

None.

References

get pfraw stats command

3.168 get pfraw stats

Description

Use this command to get global statistics of raw filter.

Command Syntax get pfraw stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User and User

Example

\$ get pfraw stats

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Total rules : 0
Packets count : 0

Verbose Mode Off:

Total rules : 0 Packets count : 0

Output field description

Field	Description	
Packets count	This field tells the total packets given to the raw filter.	
Total rules	This field tells the existing number of rules.	

Caution

None.

References

get pfraw rule stats command

3.169 get ppe acserv

Description

Use this command to get the Service names supported by the Access Concentrators on the specified interface.

Command Syntax

get ppe acserv ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the Interface on which VC on which the
		AC Name – Service Name query is to be sent.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: aal5-0 - *, ppp-0 to ppp-63

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppe acserv ifname aa15-0

Output

If-name : aal5-0
AC Name : AC1
Service Name : Srv1

Output field description

Field	Description	
If-Name	This specifies the VC on which the AC Name – Ser-	
	vice Name query was sent.	
AC Name	This specifies the Access Concentrator name	
Service Name	This specifies the service name supported by the Access Concentrator	

Caution

None.

ppe pconf related commands

3.170 get ppe cfg

Description

Use this command to get PPPoE global configuration parameters.

Command Syntax get ppe cfg

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppe cfg

Output

Max PADI Attempts : 3 Max PADR Attempts : 3 Max Disc Attempts : 3 Initial PADI Time Diff(sec) : 2 Initial PADR Time Diff (sec) : 2 AC Selection Policy : first-come

Output field description

Field	Description
Max PADI Attempts	This specifies the maximum number of PADI attempts that shall be made by PPPoE.
Max PADR Attempts	This specifies the maximum number of PADR attempts that shall be made by PPPoE
Max Disc Attempts	This specifies the maximum number of discovery attempts that shall be made by PPPoE
Initial PADI Time Diff (Secs)	This specifies the initial PADI time difference (in seconds) for retries.
Initial PADR Time Diff (Secs)	This specifies the initial PADR time difference (in seconds) for retries.
AC Selection Policy	This specifies the default AC selection policy used by PPPoE. It may be: <i>first-come</i> , <i>serv-to-ac</i>

Caution

None.

- modify ppe cfg command
- ppe pconf related commands
- ppe stats global related commands
- ppe stats session related commands

3.171 get ppe pconf

Description

This command is used for getting information on all the configured policy table entries.

Command Syntax get ppe pconf

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppe pconf

Output

Ac Name : AC1 Service Name : Srv1

Output field description

Field	Description	
ACName	This specifies the Access Concentrator name	
ServiceName	This specifies the service name	

Caution

None.

- delete ppe pconf command
- create ppe pconf command
- ppe cfg related commands

- get ppe stats global command
- get ppe stats session command

3.172 get ppe stats global

Description

Use this command to get global PPPoE statistics.

Command Syntax get ppe stats global

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppe stats global

Output

Session Reqs	: 100	Sessions Term	: 56
Sessions Estd	: 60	Sessions Not Estd	: 40
PADI Msgs Sent	: 100	PADO Msgs Rcvd	: 100
PADR Msgs Sent	: 65	PADS Msgs Rcvd	: 60
PADT Msgs Sent	: 40	PADT Msgs Rcvd	: 16
Data Msgs Sent	: 6000	Data Msgs Rcvd	: 4000

Output field description

Field	Description
Session Reqs	This specifies the number of session requests received.
Sessions Estd	This specifies the number of sessions established
Sessions Not Estd	This specifies the number of sessions could not be estab-
	lished
Sessions Term	This specifies the number of sessions terminated
PADI Msgs Sent	This specifies the number of PADI messages sent
PADO Msgs Rcvd	This specifies the number of PADO messages received
PADR Msgs Sent	This specifies the number of PADR messages sent
PADS Msgs Rcvd	This specifies the number of PADS messages received
PADT Msgs Sent	This specifies the number of PADT messages sent
PADT Msgs Rcvd	This specifies the number of PADT messages received
Data Msgs Sent	This specifies the number of session data messages sent
Data Msgs Rcvd	This specifies the number of session data messages re-
	ceived

None.

References

- ppe pconf related commands
- \diamond ppe stats session related commands
- ppe cfg related commands

3.173 get ppe stats session

Description

Use this command to get PPE statistics per session.

Command Syntax

get ppe stats session [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the Interface on which PPP is running. If
		this is not specified then information for all interfaces is
		displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: ppp-0 - *,

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppe stats session ifname ppp-0

Output

If-Name : ppp-0

PADI Msgs Sent : 10 PADO Msgs Rcvd : 10
PADR Msgs Sent : 4 PADS Msgs Rcvd : 3
Data Msgs Sent : 60 Data Msgs Rcvd : 40

Output field description

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies the PPPoE interface for which session
	stats are being shown.
PADI Msgs Sent	This specifies the number of PADI messages sent

PADO Msg Rcvd	This specifies the number of PADO messages received
PADR Msgs Sent	This specifies the number of PADR messages sent
PADS Msgs Rcvd	This specifies the number of PADS messages received

None.

References

- ppe cfg related commands
- ppe stats global related commands
- ppe pconf related commands

3.174 get ppp global

Description

Use this command to get PPP global information!

Command Syntax get ppp global

Parameters

None

Mode

User

Example

\$ get ppp global

Output

PPP Inactivity Timeout : 0 Ignore WAN to LAN traffic : False

Field	Description
PPP Inactivity Timeout	
	This specifies the
	Inactivity timeout
	for PPP sessions.

Ī	Ignore	WAN	to	LAN	Flag indicating whether to ignore WAN to LAN traffic
					for PPP Session timeout.

None

References

modify ppp global command

3.175 get ppp intf

Description

Use this command to get information on a particular PPP interface or on all PPP interfaces

Command Syntax

get ppp intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname	This specifies the Interface for PPP Links. If this is not specified then information for all interfaces is displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: ppp-0 - *,

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppp intf ifname ppp-0

Output

Entry Created

If-Name : ppp-0 L2TP Call type : inlac Interface Sec Type : Public Phy Interface : aal5-0 Configured IP Address : 0.0.0.0 NAT Direction : OUT Init MRU : 1500 Magic : False

Encapsulation : PPPOA Service Name : UseDhcp : False UseDns : False
DRoute : False Status : Start
Gateway IP Address : 202.1.1.2 Associated Num If-Name : eth-0
Use Gateway : remote

Output field description

Field	Description	
If-Name	This specifies the PPP interface for the PPP Links: It may be:	
	ppp- 0, ppp-1	
L2TP Call Type	This field specifies the l2tp call type.	
Interface Sec	Interface security type.	
Type		
Phy Interface	This specifies Name of the lower interface on which PPP is run-	
	ning. It may be: aal5-0, aal5-1	
Configured IP	This specifies the IP Address for the PPP Link.	
Address		
NAT Direction	This variable specifies whether this interface's address is inside or outside. It may be: <i>inside</i> , <i>outside</i> , <i>none</i>	
Init MRU	The initial Maximum Receive Unit (MRU) that the local PPP entity will advertise to the remote entity	
Magic	This specifies whether the local node will attempt to perform Magic Number negotiation with the remote node. It may be: <i>True</i> , <i>False</i>	
Encapsulation	This specifies the lower layer protocol used below this PPP Link. It may be: <i>PPPOA, PPPOE</i>	
Service Name	This specifies the service name used for PPPoE. It is generally the name of the ISP.	
UseDhcp	This specifies whether DHCP is to be used for address negotiation. It may be either True or False	
UseDns	This specifies whether DNS server addresses are to be obtained using IPCP or not.	
Droute	Default Route	
Status	This shows whether PPP session on this interface is active. It may be: Start, Stop, StartOnData.	
Gateway IP	This specifies the IP Address of the Gateway.	
Address	·	
Associated Num	This specifies the interface name of the associated numbered in-	
If-Name	terface. A "-" indicates that this ppp interface is not associated with any numbered interface.	
Use Gateway	This specifies whether local or remote gateway is to be used.	

Caution

None.

References

- * delete ppp intf command
- * create ppp intf command
- * modify ppp intf command
- * ppp lstatus related commands

ppp security related commands

3.176 get ppp ipinfo

Description

Use this command to get PPP IP status on a particular PPP interface or on all the PPP interfaces.

Command Syntax

```
get ppp ipsinfo [ifname interface-name]
```

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	Identifies the interface. If no interface name is speci-
		fied then information for all interfaces is retrieved.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: ppp-0 - *, ppp-1

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppp ipinfo

Output

If-name	:	ppp-0	Status	:	Opened
Self Ip Address	:	172.25.2.100	Peer Ip Address	:	175.30.2.100
Prim DSN Server	:	123.24.1.100	Sec DNS Server	:	125.60.2.200

Output field description

Field	Description
Self Ip Address	Self IP address of the PPP interface
Peer Ip Address	Remote IP Address of the PPP interface
Prim DNS Server	Primary DNS Server address.
Sec DNS Server	Secondary DNS Server address

Caution

This command can be executed only when a valid PPP Interface exists.

References

- create ppp intf command
- get ppp lstatus command

3.177 get ppp Istatus

Description

Use this command to get link status on a particular PPP interface or on all the PPP interfaces.

Command Syntax

get ppp lstatus [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	Identifies the interface. If no interface name is spec-
		ified then information for all interfaces is retrieved.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: ppp-0 - *,

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppp lstatus

Output

If-name : ppp-0 Lower-If : aal5-0

Local MRU : 1500 Remote MRU : 1500

L2R Protocol Comp : Enable R2L Protocol Comp : Enable

L2R AC Comp : Enable R2L AC Comp : Enable

Operational Status : Down $\ \$ Last Fail Cause : No Valid PADO recvd

Field	Description
If-name	The Interface of PPP on which IPCP is running. It may be:
	ppp-0 - *,
Lower-If	This identifies the lower-level interface over which this PPP
	Link is operating. It may be:
	aal5-0 - *
Local MRU	The current value of the MRU for the local PPP Entity. This value is the MRU that the remote entity is using when sending
	packets to the local PPP entity. The value of this object is
	meaningful only when the link has reached the open state, i.e.,
	Oper Status as shown by get interface
	stats is Up
Remote MRU	The current value of the MRU for the local PPP Entity. This
	value is the MRU that the remote entity is using when sending
	packets to the local PPP entity. The value of this object is
	meaningful only when the link has reached the open state, i.e.,
	Oper Status as shown by get interface
	stats is <i>Up</i>
L2R Protocol Comp	Indicates whether the local PPP entity will use Protocol Com-
	pression when transmitting packets to the remote PPP entity.
	The value of this object is meaningful only when the link has
	reached the open state, i.e., Oper Status as shown
	by get interface stats is Up
DOT Durch and I Game	It may be: Enable, Disable
R2L Protocol Comp	Indicates whether the remote PPP entity will use Protocol Compression when transmitting packets to the local PPP en-
	tity.
	The value of this object is meaningful only when the link has
	reached the open state, i.e., Oper Status as shown
	by get interface stats is Up
	It may be: Enable, Disable
L2R AC Comp	Indicates whether the local PPP entity will use Address and
	Control Compression when transmitting packets to the remote
	PPP entity.
	The value of this object is meaningful only when the link has
	reached the open state, i.e., Oper Status as shown
	by get interface stats is Up
-00	It may be: Enable, Disable
R2L AC Comp	Indicates whether the remote PPP entity will use Address and
	Control Compression when transmitting packets to the local PPP entity.
	The value of this object is meaningful only when the link has
	reached the open state, i.e., Oper Status as shown
	by get interface stats is Up
	It may be: Enable, Disable
Operational Status	The operational status of the interface. Values can be Up,
	Down, Lcp, Auth, Ncp, Dhcp.
Last Fail Cause	This gives the reason for last failure of PPP Link.It may be: -
	No Valid PADO recvd, No Valid PADS recvd, Stopped by
	User, No Activity, Auth Failure, Internal failure

This command can be executed only when a valid PPP Interface exists.

References

- create ppp intf command
- get ppp iptatus command

3.178 get ppp security

Description

Use this command to get information on a particular ppp security secrets entry or for all entries.

Command Syntax

get ppp security [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security
		entry is to be displayed. If this is not specified then
		information for all PPP interfaces is displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: ppp-0 - *,, default

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get ppp security ifname ppp-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

IfName : ppp-0 Protocol : PAP
Login : abc

Verbose Mode Off

Entry Created

Field	Description
IfName	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security entry has been displayed. It may be: ppp -0 - *, default. The default entry gets used in case there is no specific entry for that interface.
Protocol	This is the protocol used for authentication It may be: PAP, CHAP
Login	This is the login name

None.

References

- delete ppp security command
- create ppp security command
- modify ppp security command
- ppp 1status related commands
- ppp intf related commands

3.179 get rip global

Description

Use this command to get the global parameters of RIP.

Command Syntax get rip global

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User and User

Example get rip global

Output

Verbose Mode On

RIP status : enable
RIP route update time(sec) : 30
RIP route age time(sec) : 180

Verbose Mode Off

RIP status : enable
RIP route update time(sec) : 30
RIP route age time(sec) : 180

Output field description

Field	Description
RIP status	This tells whether RIP is enabled or disabled
RIP route update time	This tells the timer frequency at which the RIP would broadcast its routes to all its neighbors
RIP route age time	This tells the timer frequency at which RIP would age a route, if an update is not received for this duration.

Caution

None.

References

- get rip intf command
- modify rip global
- create rip intf command

3.180 get rip intf

Description

Use this command to get RIP protocol parameters on the specified IP Interface.

Command Syntax

get rip intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	Specifies the IP Interface name on which RIP is to be
		started.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: veth-0-*, ppp-0,ppp-0-*, eoa-0-*, ipoa-
		0-*, usb-0

Mode

Super-User and User

Example

get rip intf ifname ppp-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

	VCIDOSC IVIOGC OII	
IP Interface Name	: ppp-0	RIP Interface Metric : 1
RIP Send Mode	: rip1	RIP Receive Mode : rip1
RIP Send Def Route Disable	: Enable	RIP Recv Def Route :
RIP packet auth	: None	
	Verbose Mode Off	
IP Interface Name	: ppp-0	RIP Interface Metric : 1
RIP Send Mode	: rip1	RIP Receive Mode : rip1
RIP Send Def Route Disable	: Enable	RIP Recv Def Route :
RIP packet auth	: None	

Field	Description
RIP Interface Name	This tells the name of the IP Interface, or on all RIP
	interfaces, on which information is requested.
RIP Interface Status	This tells whether the RIP Interface is enabled or dis-
	abled.
RIP Interface Metric	This tells the metric value attached to the interface.
	The metric is used by RIP in deciding which among
	alternate routes is the most optimal
RIP Send Mode	This tells the packet format used for sending RIP up-
	dates and requests
RIP Receive Mode	This tells the packet format accepted while receiving

	RIP updates and requests and responses	
	This tells whether default route is to be included in the updates sent on the interface, or not.	
	This tells whether default route is to be processed in	
	the updates received on the interface or not.	
RIP packet auth	This tells whether RIP authentication is enabled or not	

None.

References

- get rip global command
- create rip intf command

3.181 get rip stats

Description

Use this command to view RIP stats.

Command Syntax get rip stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User and User

Example get rip stats

Output

Verbose Mode On

Requests sent : 20	: 10	Responses sent
Request pkts received: 10	: 30	Pkts with bad RIP version
Pkts with bad addr family: 5	: 3	Pkts with bad req format
Pkts with bad metrics : 3	: 10	Pkts with bad resp format
Resp from non-RIP port : 7	: 5	Pkts rejected
Response packets received: 15	: 70	Unrecognized packets

Pkts from non-neighbors : 3 Failed authentication

: 2

Route changes made by RIP : 7

Verbose Mode Off

Requests sent : 10 Responses sent

: 20
Request pkts received : 30

Pkts with bad RIP version

: 10
Pkts with bad addr family : 3
Pkts with bad req format

Pkts with bad addr family : 3 : 5

Pkts with bad metrics : 10 Pkts with bad resp format

: 3

Resp from non-RIP port : 5 Pkts rejected

: 7

Response packets received : 70 Unrecognized packets

: 15

Pkts from non-neighbors : 3 Failed authentication

: 2

Route changes made by RIP : 7

Output field description

Field	Description
Requests sent	Number of RIP requests sent
Responses sent	Number of RIP responses sent
Request pkts received	Number of RIP packets received for request
Pkts with bad RIP version	Number of RIP packets received with invalid version
Pkts with bad address family	Number of packets received with incorrect address family
Pkts with bad request format	Number of request packets received with invalid format
Pkts with bad metrics	Number of packets received with metric value not between 1 to 15
Pkts with bad response	Number of response packets received with invalid
format	format
Resp from non-RIP port	Number of packets received from a port other than specified RIP port
Pkts rejected	Number of packets rejected
Response packets received	Number of RIP packets received for response
Unrecognized packets	Number of unrecognizable packets
Pkts from non-neighbors	Number of packets received from non-neighbor nodes
Failed authentication	Number of requests for which packet authentication has failed
Route changes made by RIP	Number of times the routing table has changed

n

None.

References

None.

3.182 get rmon eventgrp

Description

Use this command to get event group information for all event groups or event groups with a specific name.

Command Syntax

get rmon eventgrp [rname event-grp-name]

Parameters

Name	Description	
rname event-grp-name	This specifies the name of the event group whose information is to be displayed.	
	Type: Optional Valid values: String of Max. 8 Characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'-	
	(z', '0'-'9','-','_')	

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ get rmon eventgrp

Output

Name	Event	Flags	Tasks	Waiting	First Task
BUFAVA	0		1		0xa27bc0
EROOT1	0		1		0xc2d578

Output field description

Field	Description	
Name	This specifies the event group's name.	
Event Flags	This indicates the current event flags.	
	This indicates the no. of tasks waiting on the event flag group.	
First Task	This is the address of the first suspended task.	

Caution

None.

References

get rmon commands for queue, semaphore, mpool and task.

3.183 get rmon mpool

Description

Use this command to get memory pool information for all memory pools or memory pools with the specified name.

Command Syntax

```
get rmon mpool [rname mem-pool-name]
```

Parameters

Name	Description
rname mem-pool-name	This specifies the name of the memory pool whose information is to be displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: String of Max. 8 Characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'-
	'z', '0'-'9','-','_')

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ get rmon mpool rname MDGAG

Output

Name : MDGAG Size : 0x270 Min : 0x28 Free : 0x0 Tasks Waiting : 0 Suspend Type : FIFO Start Addr : 0x807554 First Task : 0x0

Field	Description
Name	
	This specifies the
	name of the
	memory pool
	whose
	information is to

	be displayed.
Size	This indicates the total number of bytes in the memory pool.
Min	This indicates the minimum no. of bytes for each allocation from this pool.
Free	This indicates the no. of bytes available in the pool.
Tasks Waiting	This indicates the number of tasks waiting on the dynamic-memory pool.
Suspend Type	This indicates the task suspend type. It may be: FIFO, PRIORITY
Start Addr	This is the starting address of the pool.
First Task	This is the address of the first suspended task.

None.

References

• get rmon commands for queue, semaphore, task and eventgrp.

3.184 get rmon queue

Description

Use this command to get queue information for all queues or queues with a specific name.

Command Syntax

get rmon queue [rname queue-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
rname queue-name	This specifies the name of the queue whose information is to be displayed.
	Type: Optional Valid values: String of Max. 8 Characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'-
	'z', '0'-'9','-','_')

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ get rmon queue rname qucli

Output

Name : QUCLI Start Addr : 0x807348
Size : 0x8 Available Size : 0x8
Pending Msgs : 0 Msg Type : FIXED
Msg Size : 0x1 Suspend Type : PRIORITY
Tasks Waiting : 0 First Task Addr : 0x0

Field	Description
Name	This specifies the name of the Queue whose information is being displayed.
Start Addr	This specifies the Starting address for the queue in memory.
Size	This indicates the total number of 4 byte data elements in the queue
Available Size	This indicates the number of 4 byte data elements available in the queue
Pending Msgs	This indicates the no. of messages already in the queue
Msg Type	This specifies the type (depending on size) of mes-

	sages supported by the queue. This may be: FIXED, VARIABLE
Msg Size	This indicates the no. of 4 byte data elements in each queue message. If the queue supports variable length messages, then this no. is the maximum message size.
Suspend Type	This indicates the task suspend type. It may be: FIFO, PRIORITY
Tasks Waiting	This indicates the no. of tasks waiting on the queue.
First Task Addr	This is the address of the first suspended task.

None.

References

get rmon commands for task, semaphore, mpool and eventgrp.

3.185 get rmon semaphore

Description

Use this command to get semaphore information for all semaphores or semaphores with a specific name.

Command Syntax

get rmon semaphore [rname semaphore-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
rname	semaphore-name	This specifies the name of the semaphore whose in-
		formation is to be displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: String of Max. 8 Characters ('A'- 'Z', 'a'-
		'z', '0'-'9','-','_')

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ get rmon semaphore rname TCP

Output

Name	Count	Suspend Type	Tasks Waiting	First Task Addr
TCP	1	FIFO	0	0x0

Output field description

Field	Description
Name	This specifies the name of the semaphore.
Count	This is the current instance count of the semaphore.
Suspend Type	This indicates the task suspend type. It may be: FIFO, PRIORITY
Tasks Waiting	This indicates the no. of tasks waiting on the queue.
First Task Addr	This is the address of the first suspended task.

Caution

None.

References

get rmon commands for queue, task, mpool and eventgrp.

3.186 get rmon task

Description

Use this command to get task information for all tasks or tasks with a specific name.

Command Syntax

get rmon task [rname task-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
rname task-name	This specifies the name of the task whose information
	is to be displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: String of Max. 8 Characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'-
	'z', '0'-'9','-','_')

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ get rmon task rname roottask

Output

Name : ROOTTASK Status : PURE SUSPEND Sched Count : 69 Priority : 1
Preempt : Yes Time Slice : 0
Stack Base : 0xfb0050 Stack Size : 0x400
Min Stack Size : 0x0

Output field description

Field	Description
Name	The name of the task information related to which is being displayed
Status	Current Status of the Task. It may be: READY, PURE SUSPEND, FINISHED, TERMINATED, SLEEP SUSPEND, MAILBOX SUS- PEND, QUEUE SUSPEND, PIPE SUSPEND, EVENT SUSPEND, SEMAPHORE SUSPEND, MEMORY SUSPEND, PARTITION SUSPEND, DRIVER SUSPEND
Sched Count	The No. of times the task has been scheduled
Priority	The priority of the task. The lower the value, the higher is the priority of the task.
Preempt	This indicates whether the task is preemptable or not. It may be: Yes, No
Time Slice	This indicates the task's time slice value. A value of 0 indicates that time slicing for this task is disabled.
Stack Base	This is the starting address of the task's stack.
Stack Size	This indicates the total no. of bytes in the task's stack
Min Stack Size	This indicates the minimum no. of bytes left in the task's stack

Caution

None.

References

get rmon commands for queue, task, mpool and eventgrp.

3.187 get sizeinfo

Description

Use this command to get the configuration of the system sizing parameters.

Command Syntax get sizeinfo

Parameters

None.

Mode

User

Example \$ get sizeinfo

Output

Entry Created

 Max PPE Sessions
 : 8
 Max TBG MAC address :

 256
 256
 256
 256

 Max VCs
 : 8
 Max 1483 VCs
 : 8

 Max PFRaw Rules
 : 64
 Max PFRaw Subrules
 : 68

 Max IPF Rules
 : 50
 Max L2TP Tunnel
 : 1

 Max L2TP Peer RWS
 : 4

Output field description

Field	Description
Max PPE Sessions	This specifies the maximum number of PPPoE sessions supported in the system.
Max TBG MAC address	This specifies the maximum number of MAC address that can be learned by bridging module.
Max VCs	This specifies the maximum number of VCCs supported over all ATM ports.
Max 1483 VCs	This specifies the maximum 1483 connections used for MEA5.
Max PFRaw Rules	This specifies the maximum number of raw filter rules that can be created in the system.
Max PFRaw Subrules	This specifies the maximum number of raw filter sub- rules that can be created in the system.
Max IPF Rules	This specifies the maximum number of IP filter rules that can be created in the system.
Max 12tp Tunnel	Maximum number of L2TP tunnels supported in the system
Max L2TP Sess pwer Tunnel	Maximum number of PPP sessions supported per L2TP tunnel.
Max L2TP Peer RWS	Maximum size of peer receive window size that can be handled

Caution

None.

References

size command

3.188 get smtp servaddr

Description

Use this command to get SMTP server address.

Command Syntax
get smtp servaddr

Parameters

None.

Mode

User, Super-User

Example

\$ get smtp servaddr

Output

Verbose Mode on/off

Server Address Server Domain Name
----192.168.1.1 abc.def.com

Output field description

Field	Description
Server Address	IP address of the SMTP server
Server Domain Name	The fully qualified domain name of the SMTP server.

Caution

None.

References

modify smtp servaddr command

3.189 get snmp comm

Description

This command is used for getting information about entries in the community table.

Command Syntax

get snmp comm [community comm-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
community COMM-name	This specifies the Community name. If no community
_	name is specified then information for all communities
	is displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: String of Max. 50 Characters('A'- 'Z',
	'a'-'z', '0'-'9','-',' ')

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get snmp comm

Output

Access	Community
RO	public

Output field description

Field	Description
Community	This specifies the Community name
	This specifies the access permissions given to managers with this community name. It may be: RO (Read Only), RW (Read-Write)

Caution

None.

References

- create snmp comm command
- delete snmp comm command
- snmp trap related commands
- snmp host related commands
- snmp stats related commands

3.190 get snmp host

Description

Use this command to get information about all entries in the SNMP host table.

Command Syntax get snmp host

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get snmp host

Output

Host Address	Community
192.168.1.3	public

Output field description

Field	Description	
Host Address	This specifies the IP address of the manager that has	
	access permissions for the modem.	
Community	This specifies the Community name.	

Caution

None.

References

- create snmp host command
- delete snmp host command
- ❖ SNMP trap related commands
- ❖ SNMP comm related commands
- SNMP stats related commands.

3.191 get snmp stats

Description

Use this command to display global SNMP statistics.

Command Syntax get snmp stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get snmp stats

Output

Rx Pkts count	: 0	Tx Pkts count	: 0
Rx Bad Versions count	: 0	Rx Bad Comm count	: 0
Rx Bad Comm Use count	: 0	Rx ASN Errs count	: 0
Rx Too Big count	: 0	Tx Too Big count	: 0
Rx NoSuchName count	: 0	Tx NoSuchName count	: 0
Rx Bad Values count	: 0	Tx Bad Values count	: 0
Rx Gen Errs count	: 0	Tx Gen Errors count	: 0
Rx Tot Req Vars count	: 0	Rx Tot Set Vars count	: 0
Rx Get Req count	: 0	Tx Get Req count	: 0
Rx Get Next Req count	: 0	Tx Get Next Req count	: 0
Rx Set Req count	: 0	Tx Set Req count	: 0
Rx Get Response count	: 0	Tx Get Response count	: 0
Rx Traps count	: 0	Tx Traps count	: 0
Rx Read Onlys count	: 0		

Field	Description
	The total number of messages delivered to the SNMP entity from the transport service.
	The total number of SNMP Messages which were passed from the SNMP protocol entity to the transport

	service.
Rx Bad Versions count	The total number of SNMP Messages which were
la bad verbrons count	delivered to the SNMP protocol entity and were for an
	unsupported SNMP version.
Rx Bad Community count	The total number of SNMP Messages delivered to the
_	SNMP protocol entity which used a SNMP community
	name not known to said entity.
Rx Bad Comm Uses count	The total number of SNMP Messages delivered to the
	SNMP protocol entity which represented an SNMP
	operation which was not allowed by the SNMP
	community named in the Message.
Rx ASN Errs count	The total number of ASN.1 or BER errors encountered
	by the SNMP protocol entity when decoding received
	SNMP Messages.
Rx Too Big count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were deliv-
	ered to the SNMP protocol entity and for which the
	value of the error-status field is tooBig.
Tx Too Big count count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were gener-
	ated by the SNMP protocol entity and for which the
Dec Ma Graph Maria	value of the error-status field is <i>tooBig</i> .
Rx NoSuchName count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were deliv-
	ered to the SNMP protocol entity and for which the value of the error-status field is noSuchName
Tx NoSuchName count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were gener-
IA NOSUCHIVAME COUNT	ated by the SNMP protocol entity and for which the
	value of the error-status field is noSuchName
Rx Bad Values count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were deliv-
	ered to the SNMP protocol entity and for which the
	value of the error-status field is Badvalue
Tx Bad Values count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were gener-
	ated by the SNMP protocol entity and for which the
	value of the error-status field is BadValue.
Rx Gen Errs count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were deliv-
	ered to the SNMP protocol entity and for which the
	value of the error-status field is genErr.
Tx Gen Errors count	The total number of SNMP PDUs which were gener-
	ated by the SNMP protocol entity and for which the
	value of the error-status field is genErr'
Rx Tot Req Vars count	The total number of MIB objects which have been re-
	trieved successfully by the SNMP protocol entity as
	the result of receiving valid SNMP Get-Request and
Rx Tot Set Vars count	Get-Next PDUs The total number of MIP ebjects which have been all
RA 101 Set vars count	The total number of MIB objects which have been altered successfully by the SNMP protocol entity as the
	result of receiving valid SNMP Set-Request PDUs
Rx Get Requests count	The total number of SNMP Get-Request PDUs which
	have been accepted and processed by the SNMP
	protocol entity
Tx Get Requests count	The total number of SNMP Get-Request PDUs which
	have been generated by the SNMP protocol entity.
Rx Get Next Req count	The total number of SNMP Get-Next PDUs which have
	been accepted and processed by the SNMP protocol
	entity
Tx Get Next Req count	The total number of SNMP Get-Next Request PDUs
	which have been generated by the SNMP protocol
	entity
Rx Set Requests count	The state of the s
1	The total number of SNMP Set-Request PDUs which
	have been accepted and processed by the SNMP
	have been accepted and processed by the SNMP protocol entity
Tx Set Requests count	have been accepted and processed by the SNMP

Rx	Get Response count	The total number of SNMP Get-Response PDUs which have been accepted and processed by the SNMP protocol entity.
Tx	Get Response count	The total number of SNMP Get-Response PDUs which have been generated by the SNMP protocol entity
Rx	Traps count	The total number of SNMP Trap PDUs which have been accepted and processed by the SNMP protocol entity
Tx	Traps count	The total number of SNMP Trap PDUs which have been generated by the SNMP protocol entity.
Rx	Read Onlys count	The total number valid SNMP PDUs which were delivered to the SNMP protocol entity and for which the value of the error-status field is readOnly.

None.

References

- snmp host related commands
- snmp trap related commands
- snmp comm related commands
- snmp stats related commands.

3.192 get snmp trap

Description

Use this command to get the SNMP trap status and check whether it is enabled or disabled.

Command Syntax get snmp trap

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example
\$ get snmp trap

Output

Snmp Trap Enabled

Output field description

Field	Description
Snmp Trap	This is the SNMP Trap Status. It may be: Enabled,
	Disabled

Caution

None.

References

- modify snmp trap command
 snmp host related commands
 snmp comm related commands
 snmp stats related commands.
- 3.193 get sntp cfg

Description

Use this command to get SNTP configuration information.

Command Syntax get sntp cfg

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get sntp cfg

Output

Status : Enable

Status	SNTP service is enabled or disabled.

None.

References

- create sntp servaddr command
- delete sntp servaddr command
- modify sntp cfg command
- get sntp cfg command
- get sntp stats command
- reset sntp stats command

3.194 get sntp servaddr

Description

Use this command to get SNTP server address information.

Command Syntax

get sntp servaddr [<ip-address> | dname <domain-name>]

Parameters

Name	Description
<domain-name></domain-name>	This parameter specifies the IP address or fully qualified domain name of the SNTP server for which information is required. Type: Optional Valid values: Valid IP address or fully qualified domain name.
	main name.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get sntp servaddr 192.68.1.1

Output

Server Addr : 192.168.1.1 Status : Active

Domain Name : abc.com

Output field description

Field	Description
Server Addr	IP address of the SNTP server.
Status	Operational Status of the SNTP server address entry.
Domain Name	The fully qualified domain name of the SNTP server.

Caution

None.

References

- create sntp servaddr command
- delete sntp servaddr command
- modify sntp cfg command
- get sntp cfg command
- get sntp stats command
- reset sntp stats command

3.195 get sntp stats

Description

Use this command to get statistical information about SNTP.

Command Syntax

```
get sntp stats [<ip-address> | dname <domain-name>]
```

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get sntp stats

Output

```
Requests count : 20 Response count : 19
Invalid Response count : 19 Lost Response count : 20
Last Time Stamp [MM/DD/YYYY::HH:MM:SS] : 01/01/2002:00:00:00
```

Output field description

Field	Description
Requests count	Number of SNTP Requests sent to SNTP server.
Response count	Number of valid SNTP responses received from SNTP server.
Invalid Response count	Number of Invalid SNTP Responses received from SNTP server.
Lost Response count	The number of lost responses against the SNTP request
Last Time Stamp	Time at which the local clock was last set or corrected.

Caution

None.

References

- create sntp servaddr command
- delete sntp servaddr command
- get sntp servaddr command
- modify sntp cfg command
- get sntp cfg command
- reset sntp stats command

3.196 get stp info

Description

Use this command to display the current status of the Spanning Tree Protocol Group.

Command Syntax get stp info

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get stp info

Output

Protocol Spec. : IEEE 8021D Priority 0x8000 Top. Changes : 1 Curr Top. Age(sec): 35.0
Desig Root: 80:00:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20 Root Cost
Root If-name: None : 0 Hold Time (sec) Br Max Age(sec) : 20 Curr Max Age (sec) : 20.0 Br Hello Time(sec): 2 Curr Hello Time(sec) : 2.0 Br Fwd Delay(sec) : 15 Curr Fwd Delay (sec) : 15.0 Status : Enable

Field	Description
Protocol Spec	This indicates the Spanning Tree Protocol running. It
	may be:
	DECLB100, IEEE 8021D, Unknown
Priority	Bridge Priority. It is equal to the value of the 1 st 2 oc-
	tets of the designated Bridge Id. The value as given in
	bridge static commands represents the last
	6 octets of the Id.
Top. Changes	This specifies the number of times the topology was
	changed since reset
Curr Top. Age (Sec)	This specifies the time elapsed (in seconds) since the
	last topology change
Desig Root	This specifies The Bridge Id of the root of the spanning
	tree as determined by the STP running on this node.
	This value is used as the Root Identifier parameter in
	all Configuration Bridge PDUs originated by this node.
Root Cost	The cost of the path to the root as seen from this
	bridge
Root If-name	The interface which offers the lowest cost path from
	this bridge to the root bridge
Hold Time (Sec)	This minimum time interval in seconds, between two
	Configuration bridge PDUs transmitted by this node.
Br Max Age (Sec)	The maximum age (in seconds) of Spanning Tree
	Protocol information learned from the network on any
	port before it is discarded when this Bridge is the root
	of the Spanning Tree. It may range between 6 and 40.
Curr Max Age (Sec)	The actual maximum age (in seconds) of Spanning
	Tree Protocol information learned from the network on
	any port before it is discarded. It is derived from the Br
	Max Age of the Root Node. 802.1D-1990 specifies that
	the range for this parameter is related to the value of
	"Br Hello Time"
Br Hello Time (Sec)	The value (in seconds) that all bridges use for Hello-
	Time when this bridge is acting as the root. It may
	range between: 1 and 10
Curr Hello Time (Sec)	The actual amount of time between the transmission
	of Configuration bridge PDUs by this node on any port

Br Fwd Delay (Sec)	The value (in seconds) that all bridges use for Forward Delay when this bridge is acting as the root. 802.1D-1990 specifies that the range for this parameter is related to the value of "Br Max Age". It may range between: 4 and 30
Curr Fwd Delay (Sec)	This actual time value, (in seconds) which determines how fast a port changes its spanning state when moving towards the Forwarding state. It is used to determine how long the port stays in each of the Listening and Learning states, which precede the Forwarding state. It is also used when a topology change has been detected and is underway, to age all dynamic entries in the Forwarding Database.
Status	Global status of STP

None.

References

- modify stp global command
- \diamond stp port related commands.

3.197 get stp port

Description

Use this command to display port specific information for the Spanning Tree Protocol, for all ports, or for the specified port.

Command Syntax

get stp port [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	The port for which this entry contains Spanning Tree
		Protocol management information. If no interface
		name is specified, then information for all entries is
		displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eth-0, aal5-0 - *

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get stp port ifname eth-0

Output

Port Name : eth-0 Priority : 0x0
State : Forwarding Status : Enable
Path Cost : 100 Desig Cost : 0
Desig Root: : 00:20:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20 Desig Bridge: : 00:20:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20
Desig Port : 0x0020 Fwd Transitions : 2

Output field description

Field	Description
Port Name	The port for which this entry contains Spanning Tree
	Protocol management information
Priority	Port Priority. It is contained in the first octet of the 2
	octet Port Id. The other octet is used to derive the port
	name above.
State	The port's current state for STP. This state controls
	what action a port takes on reception of a frame. For
	example, a malfunctioning port will be placed in the
	broken state. The valid values are:
	Disabled, Blocking, Listening, Learning, Forwarding, Broken
Status	
Status	The Admin Status of the port. The possible values are: Enable, Disable
Path Cost	The contribution of this port to the path cost of paths
Path Cost	towards the spanning tree root which included this
	port. 802.1D-1990 recommends that the default value
	of this parameter be in inverse proportion to the speed
	of the attached LAN.
Desig Cost	The path cost of the Designated Port of the segment
	connected to this port. This value is compared to the
	Root Path Cost field in received
Desig Root	The unique Bridge Identifier of the Bridge recorded
	as the Root in the Configuration BPDUs transmitted by
	the Designated Bridge for the segment to which the
	port is attached
Desig Bridge	The Bridge Identifier of the bridge which this port
	considers to be the Designated Bridge for this port's
	segment
Desig Port	The Port Identifier of the port on the Designated
	Bridge for this port's segment
Fwd Transitions	The number of times this port has transitioned from
	the Learning state to the Forwarding state

Caution

None.

References

- * modify stp port command
- * stp global related commands
- * bridge ports related commands

3.198 get system

Description

Use this command to display the system parameters.

Command Syntax get system

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example \$ get system

Output

Model : Titanium

: Name of the unit Name

Domain Name : globespanvirata.com

Description : DSL Modem

Location : GlobespanVirata Inc.,100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank,NJ 07701,U.S.A

Contact : GlobespanVirata Inc.,100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank,NJ 07701,U.S.A Contact Vendor : GlobespanVirata Inc., 100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank, NJ 07701, U.S.A

LogThreshold : 0

Object-id : 1.3.6.1.4.1.200 HwVersion : 810012 SwVersion : VIK-1.37.020618f/T93.3.16 SwVersion

DSL Version : T93.3.16

System Time : Thu Jan 01 00:00:10 1970

: GMT Time Zone

DST : Off Services : physical datalink internet end-to-end applications

UpTime(HH:MM:SS): 0:0:10

Field	Description
Model	This specifies the model-name of the system
Name	This specifies the host name of the modem
Domain Name	This specifies the domain name of this modem
Description	This is description of the DSL modem
Location	This specifies the physical location of this modem

Contact	This shows the textual identification of the contact person for this		
	modem, together with information on how to contact this person.		
Vendor	This shows the vendor-specific information		
LogThreshold	This specifies the severity level of trap equal to or lower than		
	which shall be logged. 1 is the lowest level representing critical		
	traps.		
Object-id	This shows the vendor's authoritative identification of the net-		
	work management subsystem contained in the modem.		
HwVersion	This specifies the hardware and firmware version of the modem		
SwVersion	This specifies the software version of the modem		
DSL Version	This specifies the DSL-version of the system		
System Time	This shows the current system time.		
Time Zone	This specifies the time zone that has been set on the modem.		
DST	This specifies whether Daylight Saving Time has been enabled		
	or not.		
Services	This specifies the functionality provided by this modem. These		
	may be:		
	physical, datalink, internet, end-to-end, applications		
Up Time	This specifies the time in Hours:Min:Sec since the modem was		
	up		

None.

References

modify system command

3.199 get tcp conn

Description

Use this command to get all the TCP connection entries.

Command Syntax get tcp conn

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get tcp conn

Output

Local Addr	Local Port	Remote Addr	Remote Port
192.168.1.11	80	202.34.4.5	80

Output field description

Field	Description
Local Addr	The local IP address for the TCP connection.
Local Port	The local port number for the TCP connection.
Remote Addr	The remote IP address for the TCP connection
Remote Port	The remote port number for the TCP connection.

Caution

None.

References

- delete tcp conn command
- get tcp stats command
- get udp listen command.

3.200 get tcp stats

Description

Use this command to display global TCP statistics.

Command Syntax get tcp stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get tcp stats

Output

ReTx Algorithm	: VANJ	ReTx Min Timeout(ms)	: 250
ReTx Max Timeout(ms)	: 240000	Max Connections	: 30
Active Opens	: 0	Passive Opens	: 0
Failed Attempts	: 0	Establish Resets	: 0
Current Establishes	: 0	In Segments	: 0
Out Segments	: 0	ReTx Segments	: 0
In Errors	• 0	Out Resets	• 0

Output field description

Field	Description
ReTx Algorithm	The algorithm used to determine the timeout value used for retransmitting unacknowledged octets. It may be: VANJ
ReTx Min Timeout	The minimum value permitted by a TCP implementation for the retransmission timeout, measured in milliseconds
ReTx Max Timeout	The maximum value permitted by a TCP implementation for the retransmission timeout, measured in milliseconds
Max Connections	The limit on the total number of TCP connections the entity can support
Active Opens	The number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the SYN-SENT state from the CLOSED state
Passive Opens	The number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the SYN-RCVD state from the LISTEN state.
Failed Attempts	The number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the CLOSED state from either the SYN-SENT state or the SYN-RCVD state, plus the number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the LISTEN state from the SYN-RCVD state.
Establish Resets	The number of times TCP connections have made a direct transition to the CLOSED state from either the ESTAB-LISHED state or the CLOSE-WAIT state
Current Establishes	The number of TCP connections for which the current state is either ESTABLISHED or CLOSE-WAIT
In Segments	The total number of segments received, including those received in error. This count includes segments received on currently established connections
Out Segments	The total number of segments sent, including those on current connections but excluding those containing only retransmitted octets.
ReTx Segments	The total number of segments retransmitted - that is, the number of TCP segments transmitted containing one or more previously transmitted octets.
In Errors	The total number of segments received in error (e.g., bad TCP checksums).
Out Resets	The number of TCP segments sent containing the RST flag

Caution

None.

References

delete tcp conn command

- get tcp conn command
- get udp stats command
- get icmp stats command.

3.201 get trace cfg

Description

Use this command to display the trace configuration for a specific module or for all modules.

Command Syntax

get trace cfg [module module-name|all]

Parameters

Name	Description
module module-	This is a string representing the trace stream the in-
name all	formation pertaining to which is to be displayed. If no module name is specified then information for all is displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: GCOS, ALPS, MEA5, OAM, CIN, and
	so on

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get trace cfg module GAG

Output

Module	Flow	Level	Type	Destn	Port
GAG	0x0	0x0	Stdout	0.0.0.0	0

Field	Description
Module	This specifies the module for trace/log config whose information is being displayed: It can be: GCOS, ALPS, MEA5, OAM, CIN, GAG, CDB, LED, CLI, SAG, HAG, PPE, ATM, DCL, EOA, TBG, PPP, EMAC, DSL, USB, SPI, NVM, SPAN, SSI
Flow	This indicates a Hexadecimal bitmask which sets the filter for trace flow.
Level	This indicates a Hexadecimal bitmask which sets the filter for trace level.

Type	This specifies the type of logging to be done. It may be: Syslog, Net, Std-	
	out	
Destn	This specifies the IP address for host for logging for trace type syslog and	
	net. It is invalid incase of trace type stdout	
Port	Port number on which host is listening for trace info to be logged incase of	
	trace type syslog and net. It is invalid incase of trace type stdout	

None.

References

- modify trace cfg command
- get trace stats command.

3.202 get trace stats

Description

Use this command to display trace statistics.

Command Syntax get trace stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get trace stats

Output

Bytes Logged: 2744 Bytes Discarded: 40595 Msgs Logged: 19 Msgs Discarded: 1045

Field	Description	
Bytes Logged	This specifies the number of bytes logged by the tracing/log- ging module	
Bytes Discarded	This specifies the number of bytes discarded by the tracing/	

		logging module due to filtering
Msgs	Logged	This specifies the number of message logged by the tracing/ logging module
Msgs	Discarded	This specifies the number of messages discarded by the tracing/logging module due to filtering

None.

References

- get trace cfg command
- modify trace cfg command

3.203 get traps

Description

This command can be used to get the listing of all traps or the last few traps.

Command Syntax

get traps [num-of-traps]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This specifies the maximum number of (entries) traps to be displayed from trap log table; if not specified then all entries are displayed. Type: Optional Valid values: 0 to 4294967295

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get traps

Output

Thu Jan 01 00:00:13 1970 : STATUS ALARM : ATM VC Up :Interface Name- aal5-0

Output field description

The output fields in this command are separated by a ":"

Field		Description
	time	This specifies the time at which the trap was logged.
	severity	This specifies the time at which the trap lit can be –
-	-	CRITICAL ALARM
		MAJOR ALARM
		WARNING
		STATUS ALARM
		IPOA Interface Up/Down
Trap	name	This specifies the name of the trap. It can be –
		System Init Failed - This trap is originated at the time of system initialization failures. The failure could be due to an internal error or due to a wrong/corrupted configuration file. Trap parameters are Module and Cause.
		System Up - This trap is originated after the modem boots up successfully.
		DSL Interface Up - This trap indicates that the DSL loop is up. DSL Interface Down - This trap indicates that the DSL loop is down. ATM Interface Up - This trap indicates that the ATM port is opera-
		tionally up. Trap parameter is Interface No.
		ATM Interface Down - This trap indicates that the ATM port is operationally down. Trap parameter is Interface No.
		ETHER Interface Up - This trap indicates that the Ethernet port is
		operationally up. Trap parameter is <i>Interface No.</i>
		ETHER Interface Down - This trap indicates that the Ethernet port is
		operationally down. Trap parameter is <i>Interface No.</i>
		ATM VC Up - This trap indicates that the ATM VC is operationally
		up. Trap parameter is <i>Interface Name</i> .
		ATM VC Down - This trap indicates that the ATM VC is operationally
		down. Trap parameter is <i>Interface Name</i> . PPP Interface Up - This trap indicates that the PPP link is operationally up. Trap parameter is Interface No.
		tionally up. Trap parameter is <i>Interface No.</i> PPP Interface Down - This trap indicates that the PPP link is op-
		erationally down. Trap parameter is <i>Interface No.</i>
		ATM VC Congested - This trap indicates that the ATM VC is con-
		gested. Trap parameter is <i>Interface Name</i> .
		PPP Authorization Failed - This trap indicates that the PPP user
		authorization with peer has failed. Trap parameter is <i>Interface No.</i>
		User Authorization Failed - This trap indicates that the modem's
		user authentication has failed. Trap parameter is <user name="">.</user>
		DHCP Server Address Pool Threshold Low - This trap indicates that number of free ip addresses in a pool has gone below the threshold
		set for the pool by the user. Trap parameter is IP.
		DHCP Server Duplicate Address Request - This trap indicates that the DHCP server tried to assign an IP address from one of its pools
		to a client but found that the address was already being used by
		some host on the LAN (without the DHCP server's knowledge). The
		server then marks this address as allocated in its pool and doesn't
		try to assign it to a client again. Trap parameter is <i>IP</i> .
		Failed To Get IP Address - This trap indicates that DHCP client or
		PPP link couldn't get an ip address from DHCP server or remote peer respectively. Trap parameter is <i>Interface No.</i>
		DHCP Server Intf Create Failed - This trap indicates that DHCP
		server could not be enabled on an interface. Trap parameter is <i>Interface No.</i>
		DHCP Relay Intf Create Failed - This trap indicates that DHCP relay
		could not be enabled on an interface. Trap parameter is <i>Interface</i> No.
		Raw Filter Intf Create Failed - This trap indicates that raw filter could
		raw rinor inti Greate raneu - mis trap mulcates that raw litter could

not be enabled on an interface. Trap parameter is Interface No. Cold Start recvd from ILMI NW side - This trap indicates that cold Trap Name (cont'd) start has been received from network side. Trap parameter is Interface No VCC change recvd from ILMI NW side - This trap indicates that the VCC change trap has been received from network side. Trap parameters are Port, VPI and VCI. Ilmi AC - Config Mismatch - This trap indicates that there is a difference in the configuration of at least one VC between the local copy (retrieved earlier from network side) and the current retrieved copy. The difference could be addition, deletion or modification of one or more VC at the network-side. In this condition, the system comes up with the retrieved configuration along with the user configured VCs. If this trap is generated immediately after the system is started then the user should reconfigure the interfaces above the VCs such as EOA, PPP and so on, as the procedure discards local configuration above VCs. However, if this trap is followed by Ilmi AC initiated - Link up trap, it indicates that the procedure has detected a difference between the configuration at network side and the local configuration. To retrieve the latest configuration, the user should reboot the system. Trap parameters are Port, VPI and VCI. Ilmi AC - Unsupported Protocol - This trap indicates that the modem does not support the given layer-2/layer-3 access protocol. Trap parameters are Port. ProtID. Layer-2/Layer-3. Ilmi AC - Unsupported Srvc category - This trap indicates that traffic descriptor parameter(s) received for given VC is not supported. Trap parameters are Port, VPI and VCI. Ilmi AC - AAL not supported - This trap indicates that AAL type for given VC is not supported. Trap parameters are Port, VPI and VCI. Ilmi AC - Invalid Vpi/Vci - This trap indicates that the VPI and VCI values are greater than those supported. Trap parameters are Port, VPI and VCI. Ilmi AC - Max VCCs limit exceeded - This trap indicates that the VCs received from network side are more than supported. Trap parameter is Interface No. Ilmi AC - Incomp Config - This trap indicates that the entries corresponding to index are not present either in AAL or in Service type table. Trap parameters are Port, VPI, VCI and Tbl. Ilmi AC - Inconsistent Information - This trap indicates that the configuration information received from network side is inconsistent. Trap parameter is Interface No. Ilmi AC - System Up from Local Copy - This trap indicates that ILMI auto configuration could not be started because of ATM link being down and that the system has come up with the local copy. Trap parameter is Interface No. Ilmi AC initiated - Link up - This trap indicates that ILMI auto configuration has started its operation after the link has come up. Trap parameter is Interface No. Ilmi connection lost with network side - This trap indicates that ILMI connectivity with network side has been lost. Trap parameter is Interface No. USB Interface Up: This trap indicates that the USB port is operationally up. The trap parameter is Interface No. USB Interface Down: This trap indicates that the USB port is op-Trap Name (cont'd) erationally down. The trap parameter is Interface No. LOFS Threshold: This trap indicates that Loss of Framing threshold

LOFS Threshold: This trap indicates that Loss of Framing threshold has reached. The trap parameters are the current and threshold values.

LOSS Threshold: This trap indicates that Loss of Signal threshold has reached. The trap parameters are the current and threshold values.

ESS Threshold: This trap indicates that Errored Seconds threshold

has reached. The trap parameters are the current and threshold SES Threshold: This trap indicates that Severely Errored Seconds threshold has reached. The trap parameters are the current and threshold values. UAS Threshold: This trap indicates that Unavailable Errored Seconds threshold has reached. The trap parameters are the current and threshold values. **SVC Created:** This trap indicates that the SVC has been created. The trap parameters are ATM port, VPI & VCI values. SVC Deleted: This trap indicates that the SVC has been deleted. The trap parameters are VC If index, ATM port, VPI & VCI values. SVC Creation Failed: This trap indicates that the SVC creation has failed. The trap parameters are VC If index and fail cause. IPOA Interface Up: This trap indicates that the IPOA interface is operationally up. The trap parameter is Interface No. IPOA Interface Down: This trap indicates that the IPOA interface is operationally down. The trap parameter is Interface No. ADET Successful: This trap indicates that Auto Detection is successful. There are no trap parameters. ADET Failed: This trap indicates that Auto Detection has failed. There are no trap parameters. ADET Invalid Entry: During an autodetect configuration procedure, this trap indicates that some entry in the autoconfiguration file is incorrect. **L2TP Tunnel Up:** This trap indicates that the L2TP tunnel is operationally up. The trap parameter is tunnel if index. L2TP Tunnel Down: This trap indicates that the L2TP tunnel is operationally down. The trap parameter is tunnel if index. **L2TP Session Up**: This trap indicates that the L2TP session is operationally up. The trap parameter is session if index. **L2TP Session Down:** This trap indicates that the L2TP session is operationally down. The trap parameter is session if index. Hardware Reboot: When a reboot is given or the reset button is pressed, this trap indicates that the system is verifying whether there is any task writing anything into the flash. If there is, then the system waits for the flash access to finish before initiating the reboot. PPPOE Interface Up: This trap indicates that the PPPOE interface is operationally up. The trap parameter is Interface No. **PPPOE Interface Down:** This trap indicates that the PPPOE interface is operationally down. The trap parameter is Interface No. PPP Authorization Successful: This trap indicates that the PPP Trap Name (cont'd) user authorization with the peer has succeeded. The trap parameter is Interface No. SAAL Up: This trap indicates that SAAL is operationally up. **SAAL Down**: This trap indicates that SAAL is operationally down. System Memory Low: This trap indicates that the system memory is running low. The trap parameter is the free system memory. This specifies additional parameters describing the trap. Different Trap parameters traps have different combinations of trap parameters. There are also some traps with no additional parameters. The parameters can be -Module - <module name> Cause - <failure cause> Interface No - <interface index> Interface Name - <interface name> <user name> IP - <IP address> Port - <port number> VPI - <vpi> VCI - <vci> Tbl - ProtID - protocol number>

1 0"
<pre> <laver-2 laver-3=""></laver-2></pre>
\Laye\-2/Laye\-3/

None.

References

- \diamond reset traps command.
- logthresh parameter in modify system and get system commands

3.204 get trapprints

Description

Use this command to get the current status of trap prints on CLI.

Command Syntax get trapprints

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get trapprints

Output

Trap Prints Enabled

Output field description

None

Caution

None.

References

modify trapprints command

3.205 get udp listen

Description

This command is used to display UDP listener table entries.

Command Syntax get udp listen

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get udp listen

Output

Local Addr	Local Port
0.0.0.0	161
127.0.0.1	6005
127.0.0.1	6006
127.0.0.1	6007
127.0.0.1	6008

Output field description

Name	Description
	The local IP address for this UDP listener. In the case of a UDP listener which is willing to accept datagrams for any IP interface associated with the node, the value 0.0.0.0 is used.
Local Port	The local port number for this UDP listener.

Caution

None.

References

- delete tcp conn command
- get tcp conn command
- get udp stats command.

3.206 get udp stats

Description

Use this command to display global UDP statistics.

Command Syntax get udp stats

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get udp stats

Output

```
In Datagrams : 4 Out Datagrams : 4
In Errors : 0 Invalid Port Datagrams : 0
```

Output field description

Field	Description
In Datagrams	The total number of UDP datagrams delivered to UDP
	users.
Out Datagrams	The total number of UDP datagrams sent from this
	entity.
In Errors	The number of received UDP datagrams that could not
	be delivered for reasons other than the lack of an
	application at the destination port.
Ports	The total number of received UDP datagrams for
	which there was no application at the destination port.

Caution

None.

References

- delete tcp conn command
- get tcp conn command
- get udp stats command

- get tcp stats command
- get udp listen command
- get icmp stats command.

3.207 get usagectrl

Description

Use this command to get Usage Control Configuration.

Command Syntax get usagectrl

Parameters

None

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get usagectrl

Output

Verbose mode on/off

Max	Data	Users	Status
5			disable

Output field description

Field	Description
	This field specifies the maximum number of data users, which can have simultaneous access to the WAN side.
Status	This field specifies the status of usage control.

Caution

None.

References

modify usagectrl command

- get datauserslist command
- * reset datauserslist command.

3.208 get usb stats

Description

Use this command to get statistical information about a specific or all USB interfaces.

Command Syntax

```
get usb stats [ifname interface-name]
```

Parameters

	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-
	mation is desired. In case the field is not specified,
	then the information for all valid USB interfaces is
	displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: usb-0.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

```
$ get usb intf ifname usb-0
```

Output

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies the physical Interface name: It can

	be: usb-0
Mode	The mode of the USB interface specified (Pro-
	miscuous/Direct/ Broadcast/Multicast/Simplex).
Tx correct Frames count	The number of Frames Transmitted OK
Rx correct Frames count	The number of Frames Received OK
Tx Error Frames count	The number of Frames Transmitted with Error
Rx Error Frames count	The number of Frames Received with Error
Dir Mode Tx Bytes count	The number of Bytes Transmitted in Directed
	Mode.
Dir Mode Tx Frames count	The number of Frames Transmitted in Directed Mode
Dir Mode Rx Bytes count	The number of Bytes Received in Directed Mode
Dir Mode Rx Frames count	The number of Frames Received in Directed Mode
Mcast Mode Tx Bytes count	The number of Bytes Transmitted in Multicast Mode
Mcast Mode Tx Frames count	The number of Frames Transmitted in Multicast Mode
Mcast Mode Rx Bytes count	The number of Bytes Received in Multicast Mode
Mcast Mode Rx Frames count	The number of Frames Received in Multicast Mode
Bcast Mode Tx Bytes count	The number of Bytes Transmitted in Broadcast Mode
Bcast Mode Tx Frames count	The number of Frames Transmitted in Broadcast Mode
Bcast Mode Rx Bytes count	The number of Bytes Received in Broadcast Mode
Bcast Mode Rx Frames count	The number of Frames Received in Broadcast Mode.
Mode	The mode flag of the USB interface specified - PAMBD.
	P - Promiscuous
	A - All MCast
	M - MultiCast
	B - BroadCast
	D - Directed

None.

References

- create usb intf command
- delete usb intf command
- modify usb intf command
- get usb intf command.

3.209 get usb inff

Description

Use this command to get information on a particular USB interface or on all the USB interfaces.

Command Syntax

get usb intf [ifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-
	mation is desired. In case the field is not specified,
	then the information for all valid USB interfaces is
	displayed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: usb-0.

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ get usb intf ifname usb-0

Output

IfName	If SecType	Ip Address	Mask	Nat Dir	Oper
usb-0	Public	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	Inside	Down

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the interface, which has been created.
Ip Address	IP address assigned to the USB interface.
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
Nat Dir	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside or none.
Oper	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>
If SecType	Interface security type

Caution

None.

References

- create usb intf command
- delete usb intf command
- modify usb intf command
- get usb stats command

3.210 get user

Description

Use this command to display information of all the users. Password information is not displayed.

Command Syntax get user

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, Intermediate, User

Example \$ get user

Output

Privilege	UserName
root	iad
user	user1

Output field description

Field	Description
UserName	This represents the valid user logins for the modem.
Privilege	This represents the privilege level associated with the user logins. It may be: user, intermediate, root. In CLI, intermediate privilege has the same previliges as the user. In HTTP, the intermediate privilege has ALL the privileges as the "user" except that he can also modify the ATM VPI and VCI values and the PPP username and password.

Caution

None.

References

- delete user command
- create user command
- passwd command

3.211 help

Description

Use this command for a listing of all the user inputs permissible at the point. In case Help is asked for as a parameter of any incomplete command then it displays a list of all the pending/Extra parameters input by the user. In all other cases the next set of permissible keywords required in order to shortlist a command displays. The incomplete command keyed in by the user is made available again after the help.

Command Syntax

help? OR

<Any Incomplete Command>?

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User, User.

Example

An example session is shown.

\$help	
Command	Description
alias commit create delete .	To Alias a command Commit the active config to the flash Create a new entry of specified type Delete the specified entry
\$delete ? Command arp atm bridge dhcp	Description IP Net To Media Table ATM Commands Bridge Commands DHCP Commands

\$delete dhcp ?

Command Description
----relay DHCP Relay Commands
server DHCP Server Commands

\$delete dhcp server ? Command Description

exclude DHCP Server Pool Exclusion Table host DHCP Server Host Table pool DHCP Server Pool/ Range Table

\$delete dhcp server exclude ?

Parameter Description pool <decvalue> Pool Identifier

ip <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd> IP Address to be excluded

\$delete dhcp server exclude pool 3 ?

Parameter Description -----

ip <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd> IP Address to be excluded

\$delete dhcp server exclude pool 3 ip 1.1.1.1 ?

Command is complete

\$delete dhcp server exclude pool 3 ip 1.1.1.1

Output field description

None.

Caution

Currently help cannot be asked for between a parameter name and its value. Thus, in the above example if user asked for help after ip then an error would result.

References

None.

3.212 list

Description

This command is used to list the Configuration or binary files stored on the modem

Command Syntax

list

Parameters

None.

Mode				
	Super-User.			
Example \$ list				
Output				
	Verbose Mode On			
myconfig.cfg newcode.bin				
	Verbose Mode Off			
myconfig.cfg newcode.bin				
Output field description				
	The output shows the configuration and binary files stored on the modem.			
Caution				
	None.			
References				
	<pre>get autoupdate command</pre>			
	<pre>modify autoupdate command</pre>			
	remove command.			
	<pre>apply command.</pre>			
	download command.			
3.213 logout				
Description				
	Use this command to exit from the CLI shell.			
Command Syntax Logout quit exit				
Parameters				
	None.			

М	od	е

Super-User, User

Example \$ logout

Output

None.

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

None.

3.214 memset

Description

This command writes single byte data into each of the first n bytes starting from address specified by addr. Value of n is specified by len.

Command Syntax

memset [VREG|NREG|NONE] addr addr [len len] [data data]

Name	Description
[VREG NREG NONE]	This indicates that offset is from VREG_BASE/
	NREG_BASE. If NONE is specified, the base address
	is taken as 0.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: VREG, NREG or NONE
	Default Value: NONE.
addr addr	addr is from where the data is to be written.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid Values: valid memory address.
len len	Length is the number of bytes that are to be written at
	the specified location
	Type: Optional.
	Valid values: 1 - 200

	Default Value: 1
data data	Data is value that is to be written at the specified memory location. This should be specified in hexadecimal format. Type: Optional Valid values: 1 byte. Default Value: 0

Super-User, User.

Example

\$ memset NREG addr 9000 len 30 data 0x20

Output

None

Output field description

None

Caution

None.

References

rdf commandrdm commandwrm command

3.215 modify atm port

Description

Use this command to enable or disable the admin status of the atm port.

Command Syntax

modify atm port ifname interface-name {enable|disable}

	Description
ifname interface-name	This specifies the ATM port being modified
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: atm-0
enable disable	The desired admin status of the ATM port
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: enable, disable

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify atm port ifname atm-0 disable

Output

Verbose Mode On

If-Name CBRPriority RTVBRPriority GFRPriority MaxConfVccs	: atm-0 : 5 : 4 : 2 : 0	MaxVccs : 4 UBRPriority : 1 NRTVBRPriority : 3 Latency : fast	
OAMSrc	: 0xfffffffffffff	ffffffffffffffff	
Oper Status	: Down	Admin Status : Up	
Set Done			
If-Name	: atm-0	MaxVccs : 4	
CBRPriority	: 5	UBRPriority : 1	
RTVBRPriority	: 4	NRTVBRPriority : 3	
GFRPriority	: 2	Latency : fast	
MaxConfVccs	: 00AMSrc	: 0xfffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff	ff
Oper Status	: Down	Admin Status : Down	

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies the name of the ATM port. It can be: atm-0
MaxVccs	This specifies The maximum number of VCCs (PVCCs and SVCCs) supported at this ATM interface. It may be: 0-64
UBRPriority	Priority of the best effort traffic. A value 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. Higher the value, higher the priority. It may be: 1-3
GFRPriority	This specifies the priority of GFR class. A value 0 means no traffic of this class is supported. Higher the value higher the priority. It may be: 1-3

CBRPriority	Priority of the CBR Class. Value 1 means lowest priority and higher the value higher the priority. It may be 1-3.
Latency	Type of DSL channel in use on the underlying DSL port. It may be: fast, interleaved
<i>MaxConfVccs</i>	This specifies the current number of VCCs configured on this port. It may be:0 - value defined in MaxVccs
OAMSrc	Loop back source id assigned to the ATM port. The ATM port will respond to all loopback cells which carry this OAM id.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>

None.

References

- atm trfdesc related commands
- *♦* atm vc related commands
- ♦ oam lpbk command
- atm port related commands
- atm statistics related commands.

3.216 modify atm svccfg

Description

Use this command to modify atm svc configuration.

Command Syntax

 ${\it modify atm svccfg ifname < interface-name > start | stop}$

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	Interface name of the SVC to be configured
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: atm-0
start stop	This specifies the action to be taken on the svc inter-
	face
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: start, stop

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify atm svccfg ifname aal5-0 start

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off

Set Done

Output field description

None

Caution

None.

References

- create atm svccfg commands
- get atm svccfg commands
- delete atm svccfg command

3.217 modify atm vc intf

Description

Use this command to enable or disable ATM VC.

Command Syntax

modify atm vc intf ifname interface-name {enable|disable|lpbk}

Name	Description
ifname interface	e-name Interface name of the VC being modified
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: aa/5-0 - *
Enable disable	This specifies the Admin Status of the VC
	Type: Mandatory

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify atm vc intf ifname aal5-0 enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

LowIf	: atm-0	VPI	: 10	VCI	
VC IfName Admin Status Aal5 Tx Size AAL Type Max Aal5 Proto VC Weight	: aal5-0 : Down : 9200 : AAL5 : 3	VC Type Oper Status Aal5 Rx Size AAL5 Encap Trf Descr Index	: LLC Mux		
Set Done					
LowIf : 10	: atm-0	VPI		: 10	VCI
VC IfName Admin Status Aal5 Tx Size AAL Type Max Aal5 Proto VC Weight	: aal5-0 : Up : 9200 : AAL5 : 3	VC Type Oper Status Aal5 Rx Size AAL5 Encap Trf Descr Index	: LLC Mux		

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
Lowif	Interface index of the underlying ATM port. It is always: atm-0
VPI	It is the Virtual Path Identifier.
VCI	It is the Virtual Circuit Identifier.
VC If-Name	Interface name of the VC being modified. It can be: aal5-0, 11l5-1
VC Type	This field specifies whether VC type is PVC or SVC.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either <i>Up</i> , <i>Down or Loopback</i> . <i>Loopback</i> has a special significance. A Loopback VC will loop back whatever cells it receives.
Aal5 Tx Size	This specifies the transmit CPCS SDU size to be used
Aal5 Rx Size	This specifies the receive CPCS SDU size to be used
AAL Type	AAL type in use for the VC
AAL5 Encap	This specifies the data multiplexing method to be used over the AAL5 SSCS layer. It may be: VC Mux, LLC Mux

Max Aal5 Proto	This specifies the maximum number of protocols that are supported over the VC
Trf Descr Index	This identifies the transmit traffic parameters in use. It corresponds to a valid entry in the traffic descriptor table
VC Weight	This specifies the priority of the VC. Higher value means higher priority

None.

References

atm vc intf commands
atm trfdesc commands
oam lpbk command
atm port commands
atm statistics commands.

3.218 modify autodetect cfg

Description

Use this command to modify the status of automatic detect mode.

Command Syntax

modify autodetect cfg [enable|disable] [mode bridge|router]
[pppdetect padilcp|fullblown] [vcrange all|fromfile]

Name	Description
enable disable	Status of the Automatic Detect Mode.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: enable or disable
	Default value: enable
mode bridge router	This specifies whether modem is configured for
	bridging or routing mode
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: router or bridge
pppdetect	Auto detection procedure used.
padilcp fullblown	Type: Optional
	Valid values: padilcp or fullblown
vcrange all fromfile	Range of VC values for which auto detection proce-
	dure will be followed.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: all or fromfile

Super-User

Example

\$ modify autodetect cfg enable mode bridge

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Auto Detect Mode : Disable Mode : Router

Set Done

Auto Detect Mode : Enable Mode : Bridge

Verbose Mode Off:

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Auto Detect Mode	Status of the Automatic Detect Mode.
Mode	This specifies whether modem is configured for bridging or routing mode.
Detect PPP	This specifies the auto detection procedure.
VC Range	This specifies the range of VC values for which auto detection procedure will be followed.

Caution

None

References

get autodetect cfg

3.219 modify autoupdate

Description

Use this command to modify the autoupdate flag.

Command Syntax modify autoupdate true|false

Parameters

Name	Description
true false	Desired autoupdate flag value. If it is <i>True</i> then any file downloaded using the <i>download command</i> is applied immediately after being downloaded (in case of a .cfg file its commands would be immediately executed; in case of a .bin file the code in it will get programmed into the flash and the modem will reboot with the new code). If the flag is <i>False</i> then the file is simply downloaded and not executed Type: Mandatory Valid values: true, false

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify autoupdate true

Output

Verbose Mode On

Auto Update : False

Set Done

Auto Update : True

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description	
Auto Update	This specifies the value of the autoupdate flag. If it is <i>True</i> then	
	any file downloaded using the download command is applied im-	

mediately after being downloaded (in case of a .cfg file its com-
mands would be immediately executed; in case of a .bin file the
code in it will get programmed into the flash and the modem will
reboot with the new code). If the flag is False then the file is simply
downloaded and not executed.

None.

References

- **❖** apply **command**
- set autoupdate command
- * remove command.
- 1ist command

3.220 modify bras cfg

Description

Use this command to modify BRAS Configuration.

Command Syntax

modify bras cfg [status enable | disable] [selfppe restart]

Parameters

Name	Description
status enable disable	This field specifes whether Bridge Router Auto Sense (BRAS) feature is enabled or disabled. If enabled, the modem's PPoE client is disabled when a PPoE client is detected on the LAN. Type: Optional Default value: 0
selfppe restart	This is used to restart self PPoE clients in case they had got disabled because of a LAN PPoE client being detected earlier. Type: Optional

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ modify bras cfg status enable selfppe restart

Output

Verbose Mode on

Status : Enable

Set Done

Verbose Mode off

Set Done

Output field description

Status	Field
This field specifes whether Bridge Route Auto Sense (BRAS) feature is enabled or disabled. If enabled, the modem's PPoE client disabled when a PPoE client is detected on the LAN.	Status

Caution

None.

References

get bras cfg command.

3.221 modify bridge tbg info

Description

Use this command to modify the aging timeout of dynamically learned forwarding information by the bridge.

Command Syntax

modify bridge tbg info aging aging-timeout

Name	Description
aging aging-timeout	Specifies the timeout period in seconds for aging out

dynamically learned forwarding information. 802.1D-
1990 recommends a default of 300 seconds.
Type: Mandatory
Valid values: 30-1000000

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify bridge tbg info aging 400

Output

Verbose Mode On

MacAddress : 00:00:00:00:00
No. of Ports : 17
Base Type : Transparent

Learned Entry Discards : 0 Aging TimeOut(sec) : 300

Set Done

MacAddress : 00:00:00:00:00
No. of Ports : 17
Base Type : Transparent

Learned Entry Discards : 0 Aging TimeOut(sec) : 400

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
MacAddress	The MAC address used by this bridge when it must be referred to in a unique fashion. It is the address of the ethernet port.
No. of Ports	The maximum number of ports that can be controlled by this bridge.
Base Type	Indicates what type of bridging this bridge can perform. It is always <i>Transparent</i>
Learned Entry Discards	The total number of Forwarding Database entries, which have been or would have been learnt, but have been discarded due to a lack of space to store them in the Forwarding Database. If this counter is increasing, it indicates that the Forwarding Database is regularly becoming full (a condition which has unpleasant performance effects on the subnetwork). If this counter has a significant value but is not presently increasing, it indicates that the problem has been occurring but is not persistent.

Aging TimeOut(sec)	The timeout period in seconds for aging out dynami-
	cally learned forwarding information.

None.

References

- get bridge tbg info command
- bridge related commands
- bridge port stats command
- bridge static related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands.

3.222 modify bridge mode

Description

Use this command to enable or disable the bridging on the unit.

Command Syntax

modify bridge mode [enable|disable] [wan2wan enable|disable]

Parameters

Name	Description
enable disable	Desired state of Bridging Mode.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: enable, disable
wan2wan enable disable	Desired state of WAN-to-WAN bridging mode.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable, disable

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify bridge mode enable wan2wan enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Bridging	Wan to Wan Bridging	
enable	disable	
Set Done		
Bridging	Wan to Wan Bridging	
enable	enable	

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
	This specifies whether bridging mode is enabled or disabled.
	This specifies whether WAN-to-WAN bridging mode is enabled or disabled.

Caution

None.

References

get bridge mode command
 bridge port related commands
 bridge port stats command
 bridge static related commands
 bridge forwarding related commands

3.223 modify bridge static

Description

Use this command to modify the set of interfaces associated with an existing bridge static entry.

Command Syntax

modify bridge static macaddr mac-address inifname interface-name | all [ifname interface-name | all]+

Parameters

Name	Description
	This identifies the entry for which the information is to be modified. It is the destination MAC address in a frame to which this entry's filtering information applies. Type: Mandatory Valid values: 0:0:0:0:0:0 to FF:FF:FF:FF:FF
name a11	Interface from which a frame must be received in order for this entry's filtering information to apply. A value of all indicates that this entry applies on all interfaces of the bridge for which there is no other applicable entry. Type: Mandatory Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *, usb-0
	The interface to which frames destined for the given MAC address are allowed to be forwarded. Any number of such interfaces may be specified together. Type: At least 1 should be specified. Valid values: eth-0, eoa-0 - *,usb-0

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify bridge static macaddr 1:1:1:1:1:1 inifname all ifname usb-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

MAC Address : 01:01:01:01:01 Incoming Interface : ALL

Interfaces : eth-0

Set Done

MAC Address : 01:01:01:01:01 Incoming Interface : ALL Interfaces : aal5-0

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
	The destination MAC address in a frame to which this
	entry's filtering information applies
	Interface from which a frame must be received in order
	for this entry's filtering information to apply. A value of
	all indicates that this entry applies on all interfaces of

	the bridge for which there is no other applicable entry.
Interfaces	The interfaces to which frames destined for the given
	MAC address are allowed to be forwarded. Any num-
	ber of such interfaces may be specified together.
	They may be: <i>eth-0, eoa-0 - *,</i>

The existing list of interfaces is replaced by the new list.

References

- delete bridge static command
- get bridge static command
- create bridge static command
- bridge mode related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands
- bridge port stats related commands
- bridge static related commands.

3.224 modify dhcp relay cfg

Description

Use this command to modify the DHCP relay configuration.

Command Syntax

modify dhcp relay cfg [enable|disable] [ip serv-ip]

Parameters

Name	Description
ip serv-ip	This specifies the IP Address where the DHCP Server is
1	running
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
enable disable	This specifies the Admin Status of the DHCP Relay
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable, disable

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify dhcp relay cfg enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Status : Disable
Server IP Addr : 202.64.23.4

Set Done

Status : Enable
Server IP Addr : 202.64.23.4

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
	This specifies the Admin Status of the DHCP Relay.
	It may be: Enable, Disable
Server IP Addr	This specifies the IP Address where the DHCP Server
	is running.

Caution

DHCP Server and Relay both cannot be enabled at the same time

References

- get dhcp relay cfg command
- dhcp server related commands
- dhcp relay stats related commands

3.225 modify dhcp server cfg

Description

Use this command to enable or disable the dhcp server.

Command Syntax

modify dhcp server cfg {enable|disable}

Name	Description
enable disable	The state the DHCP Server is to be set in.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: enable, disable

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify dhcp server cfg disable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Status : Enable

Set Done

Status : Disable

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Status	The state of the DHCP Server. It may be either Enable
	or <i>Disable</i>

Caution

Both DHCP Relay and DHCP Server cannot be enabled together.

References

- ❖ Get dhcp server cfg command
- dhcp client related commands
- dhcp server related commands
- dhcp server pool related commands.

3.226 modify dhcp server host

Description

Use this command to modify an entry in the host table.

Command Syntax

modify dhcp server host ip ip-address [dname domain-name]
 ({pop3|nntp|web|irc|wins|swins|dns|sdns|gwy|smtp}
 ip-address)* [dlease default-lease-time] [mlease max-lease-time]

Name	Description
ip ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the host the information pertaining to which is to be modified. Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
dname domain-name	Specifies the domain name configured for this host
	Type: Optional Valid values: String of length 64 with valid char-
	acters
	'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-', '_'and '.'
	Default value: Null This specifies the default gateway IP address
gwy ip-address	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
pop3 ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address Default value: 0.0.0.0
nntp ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
nntp ip-address	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
web ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Server Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address Default value: 0.0.0.0
irc ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
1	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0 This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN
wins ip-address	Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
swins ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address

	Default value: 0.0.0.0
dns ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the primary Do-
_	main Name Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
sdns ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the secondary
	Domain Name Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
smtp ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
dlease default-lease-	This specifies the lease period for which the
time	server assigns an IP address to a client in case
	the client does not request for a specific lease period itself.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 -mlease
	Default value: 2592000 seconds (this equals 30
	days)
mlease max-lease-time	This specifies the maximum period for which the
milease mail rease orme	DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a
	DHCP client.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 31536000 seconds (this equals 1
	year)

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify dhcp server host ip 192.168.1.7 dname www.test.net

Output

Verbose Mode On

Host Ip Def Lease(sec) Domain Name	: 192.168.1.7 : 2592000 :	Hardware Addr Max Lease(sec)	: 12:34:45:56:03:02 : 31536000
Subnet Mask Gateway Ip Dns Ip Pop3 Ip Www Ip Wins Ip	: 255.255.255.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0	Smtp Ip Sec. Dns Ip Nntp Ip Irc Ip Sec. Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0
Set Done			
Host Ip Def Lease(sec)	: 192.168.1.7 : 2592000	Hardware Addr Max Lease(sec)	: 12:34:45:56:03:02 : 31536000

 Domain Name
 : www.test.net

 Subnet Mask
 : 255.255.255.0

 Gateway Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Smtp Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Dns Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Sec. Dns Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Pop3 Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Nntp Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Www Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Irc Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

 Wins Ip
 : 0.0.0.0
 Sec. Wins Ip
 : 0.0.0.0

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Host Ip	This specifies the IP address provided to this host
Hardware Addr	This specifies the hardware address of the client
Def Lease(sec)	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an IP address to a client in case the client does not request for a specific lease period itself.
Max Lease(sec)	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.
Domain Name	Specifies the domain name configured for this host
Subnet Mask	This specifies the subnet mask to be provided to the host
Gateway Ip	This specifies the default gateway IP address
Smtp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name Server
Sec. Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server
Pop3 Ip	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
Nntp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
Www Ip	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Serve
Irc Ip	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN Server
Sec. Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server

Caution

None.

References

- * create dhcp server host command
- * delete dhcp server host command
- * get dhcp server host command
- * dhcp server related commands

3.227 modify dhcp server pool

Description

Use this command to modify the configuration of an existing DHCP pool.

Command Syntax

modify dhcp server pool pool-id pool-id [dname domain-name]
{{pop3|nntp|web|irc|wins|swins|dns|sdns|gwy|smtp} ipaddress}* [enabled|disabled] [lthres low-threshold]
[dlease default-lease-time] [mlease max-lease-time]

Name	Description
pool-id pool-id	This identifies the pool whose configuration is to
	be modified.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 255
dname domain-name	Domain name used per subnet.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: String of length 64 with valid char-
	acters
	'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-', '_'and '.'
	Default value: Null
gwy ip-address	This specifies the default gateway IP address
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
pop3 ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
nntp i p-address	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255 Default value: 0.0.0.0
	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Server
web ip-address	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
irc ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
irc ip-address	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
wins ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN
wins ip address	Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
swins ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the secondary
	WIN Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255

	Default value: 0.0.0.0
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
dns ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the primary Do-
	main Name Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
sdns ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the secondary
	Domain Name Server
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
smtp ip-address	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
Smith ip address	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
dlease default-lease-	This specifies the lease period for which the
	server assigns an IP address to a client in case
time	the client does not request for a specific lease
	period itself.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 -mlease
	Default value: 2592000 seconds (this equals 30
	days)
mlease max-lease-time	This specifies the maximum period for which the
	DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a
	DHCP client.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 4294967295
	Default value: 31536000 seconds (this equals 1
	year)
Enable disable	The state the pool is to be set in.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable, disable
	Default value: enable
1thres low-threshold	Specifies the lowest threshold value on the num-
Times 10% Chilebilo14	ber of available IP addresses for a particular
	shared network. If the number of free IP ad-
	dresses fall below this value, then a trap is raised.
	This value has to be less than the pool size
	·
	specified using the start and end ip addresses.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 – 255
	Default value: 0

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify dhcp server poolid 0 Enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Start Ip Def Lease(sec) Range Inuse Low Thres Domain Name	: 2592000 : 0 : 0	End Ip Max Lease(sec) Outstd Offers Subnet Mask	: 31536000 : 0
Gateway Ip Dns Ip Pop3 Ip Www Ip Wins Ip Set Done	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0	Smtp Ip Sec. Dns Ip Nntp Ip Irc Ip Sec. Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0
Pool Id Start Ip	: 192.168.1.1 : 2592000 : 0 : 0	End Ip Max Lease(sec) Outstd Offers	: 31536000
Gateway Ip Dns Ip Pop3 Ip Www Ip Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0	Smtp Ip Sec. Dns Ip Nntp Ip Irc Ip Sec. Wins Ip	: 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0 : 0.0.0.0

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
PoolId	This is the pool identifier
Status	This defines the Admin status of the entry. It may either be <i>enable</i> or <i>disable</i> .
Start Ip	The IP address of the first address in the range.
End Ip	The IP address of the last address in the range.
Def Lease(sec)	This specifies the lease period for which the server assigns an IP address to a client in case the client does not request for a specific lease period itself.
Max Lease(sec)	This specifies the maximum period for which the DHCP server can lease out an IP address to a DHCP client.
Range Inuse	The number of addresses in this range that are currently in use. This number includes addresses that have not expired and those that have been reserved.
Outstd Offers	The number of outstanding DHCOOFFER messages for this range is reported with this value. An offer is outstanding if if the server has sent a DHCPOFFER message to a client, but has not yet received a DHCPREQUEST message from the client nor has the server-specific timeout, within which a client can respond to the offer message, for the offer message expired.
Low Thres	This specifies the lowest threshold value on the num- ber of available/ free IP addresses for a particular shared network

Subnet Mask	The subnet mask provided to any client offered an
	address from this range
Domain Name	Domain name used per subnet.
Gateway Ip	This specifies the default gateway IP address
Smtp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the NNTP Server
Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary Domain Name Server
Sec. Dns Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server
Pop3 Ip	This specifies the IP address of the POP3 Server
Nntp Ip	This specifies the IP address of the SMTP Server
Www Ip	This specifies the IP address of the WWW Serve
Irc Ip	This specifies the IP address of the IRC Server
Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the primary WIN
	Server
Sec. Wins Ip	This specifies the IP address of the secondary WIN Server

Caution

None.

References

- get dhcp server pool command
- \diamond create dhcp server pool command
- delete dhcp server pool command
- get dhcp server host command
- dhcp server cfg related commands
- dhcp server exclude related commands
- dhcp server address related commands.

3.228 modify dns relay cfg

Description

Use this command to enable or disable DNS relay.

Command Syntax

modify dns relay cfg [enable|disable]

Name	Description
enable disable	This specifies whether to enable or disable DNS
	relay.
	Type: Optional

\	Valid values : enable or disable

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify dns relay cfg enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Status : Disable

Set Done

Status : Enable

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Status	This specifies whether DNS relay is enabled or dis-
	abled.

Caution

None.

References

3.229 modify dsl config

Description

User can modify the default parameters for DSL in the system using this command

Command Syntax

```
modify dsl config [t1413|glite|gdmt|multi|rsrv|lgdmt|
lglite|lg2] [annex annexa|annexb|annexc]
[trellis enable|disable] [expanded|short]
[framing0|framing1|framing2|framing3] [txatten tx-power-
attenuation] [gain coding-gain] [maxbits max-bits-per-bin]
[txstart tx-start-bin] [txend tx-end-bin]
[txbinadj enable|disable] [rxstart rx-start-bin]
[rxend rx-end-bin] [rxbinadj enable|disable]
[fastretrain enable|disable] [escfastretrain
enable|disable] [bitswap enable|disable] [duallatency
enable|disable]
[pmode enable|disable] [pilotreq enable|disable]
[whip enable|disable] [loop start|stop] [acmodeitem
fbm|dbm|] [acpilotreq enable|disable] [actroffset
offset0|42] [ecfdmmode ec|fdm|fdmhp|fdmnaf]
```

Name	Description
t1413 glite gdmt	This specifies the standard to be supported for the DSL
multi	line.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: T1413, glite (G992.2), gdmt (G992.1), multi-
	mode
	Default value: G.dmt
annex annexa annexc	This specifies the Annex Type
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Annex A, Annex B, Annex C
trellis enable disable	This is used to enable or disable Trellis coding on the inter-
	face.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable
	Default value: enable
expanded short	Expanded Exchange Sequence (EES) enable/disable, only
	valid for T1.413. This is largely for compatibility testing.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: expanded short
	Default value: expanded
	Full overhead to reduced overhead (0x00-03). This value is
framing2 framing3	ignored for G.lite.
	(G992.2).
	Type: Optional

	Valid values: framing0 framing1 framing2 framing3
	Default value: framing3 This specifies the value of transmit power attenuation. Its
txatten tx-power-	range is from 0dB to 12dB.
attenuation	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 - 12
	Default value: 0
gain coding-gain auto	Coding gain is the gain due to trellis/RS coding. Its value ranges from 0 to 7 dB in 1 dB increments. Recommended
	value is <i>auto</i> .
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-7, 8 (auto)
	Default value: 8 (auto)
maxbits max-bits-	Maximum number of receive bits per bin . Type: Optional
per- bin	Valid values: 0-15
	Default value: 14
txbinadj	Enable or disable automatic bin adjustment for transmit sig-
enable disable	nal.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable
	Default value: enable
txstart tx-start-	Lowest bin number allowed for transmit signal
bin	Type: Optional Valid values: 255 or less, depending on annex
	Default value: 6
txend tx-end-bin	Highest bin number allowed for transmit signal.
cxena cx ena bin	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 255 or less, depending on annex
	Default value: 31
rxbinadj	Enable or disable automatic bin adjustment for receive sig-
enable disable	nal.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable Default value: disable
	Lowest bin number allowed for receive signal
rxstart rx-start-	Type: Optional
bin	Valid values: 32
	Default value: 32
rxend rx-end-bin	Highest bin number allowed for receive signal.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 255 or less, depending on annex
	Default value: 255
fastretrain enable disable	Enable or disable fast retrain capability,
enable disable	Currently supported only in G.Lite mode. Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable
	Default value: disable
escfastretrain	Enable or disable escape to fast retrain capability.
enable disable	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable
	Default value: disable
bitswap enable disable	Enable or disable bit swapping.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable
duallatency	Default value: disable
enable disable	Enable or disable dependant upon support of dual latency. Valid only for T1.413 and G.DMT.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable disable
	Default value: enable
	<u>.</u>

pmode enable disable	If enable, use the upstream pilot for data if the CO is	
	GlobeSpan.	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: enable disable	
	Default value: enable	
pilotreq	Enable or disable request for pilot tone during training.	
enable disable	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: enable disable	
	Default value: enable	
Whip enable disable	Enable or disable Windows Based Host Interface Program	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: enable disable	
	Default value: disable	
loop start stop	Enables you to start or stop DSL connectivity	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: start stop	
	Default value: start	
acmodeitem fbm dbm	This specifies the bitmap transmission mode.	
·	Type: Optional	
	Valid values:	
	fbm: Time duplex transmission mode during FEXT symbols	
	only	
	dbm: Continuous transmission during NEXT and FEXT	
	symbols with 2 bit loading profiles	
	Default value: fbm	
acpilotreq	Enable/Disable reception of Pilot Tone during the next pe-	
enable disable	riod in the FEXT bitmap mode.	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: enable disable	
	Default value: enable	
acttroffset	Offset from TTR_C (timing reference used in ATU-C) to	
offset0 offset42	TTR_R (timing reference used in ATU-R)	
	Type: Optional	
	Valid values: offset0 offset42	
	Default value: offset42	
ecfdmode	This enables selection of echo cancellation and frequency	
ec fdm fdmhp fdmnaf	division multiplexing modes.	
ec idii idiiip idiiiai	Type: Optional	
	Valid values:	
	ec: specifies echo cancellation mode	
	fdm: specifies frequency division multiplexing mode, which	
	also performs echo cancellation	
	fdmhp: pure frequency division multiplexing (with no echo	
	cancellation)	
	fdmnaf: frequency division multiplexing with no analog filter	
	Default value: ec	

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify dsl config t1413 trellis enable expanded framing0 txatten 1
gain 8 maxbits 1 txbinadj enable txstart 1 txend 2 rxbinadj enable
rxstart 1 rxend 2 fastretrain enable bitswap enable duallatency enable

pmode enable pilotreq enable whip enable loopacmodeitem fbm loop start acpilotreq enable actroffset offset0 ecfdmmode ec ${\it Output}$

Verbose Mode On

Standard ExpExchSeq Eraming-3	: Multimode : Expanded	Annex Type : Ann Trellis coding Framing structure	: Enable :
TxAttenuation(dB) TxBinAdjust	: 0 : Enable	Coding Gain RxBinAdju EndBin : 31 RxEndBin : 255	: Auto
TxStartBin	: 6 TxE	IndBin : 31	
RxStartBin	: 32	RxEndBin : 255	
Fast Retrain Disable	: Disable	Esc Fast Retrain	:
MaxBits/bin On Rx	: 14	Bit Swap	: Disable
Dual Latency Pilot Request	: 14 : Enable	Bit Swap Pmode :	Enable
: 0x0	: Enable	Last Failed Status	
Oper Status : 0xa0		ake Startup Prog	ress
AC Mode item	: dbm	AC Ttr R Offset	: 42
AC Pilot Request	: Disable	EC Fdm Mode	: EC
Set Done			
		Annex Type : Ann	
	: Multimode	Trellis coding	: Enable
Expexenseq	: Expanded	Framing structure	: Framing-3
TyRinAdiust	. U • Frahle	Coding Gain	. Auto
TxStartBin	. 6 TxF	IndBin · 31	· DISGDIC
RxStartBin	: 32	RxEndBin : 255	
Fast Retrain Disable	: Disable	RxBinAdjust EndBin : 31 RxEndBin : 255 Esc Fast Retrain	:
MaxBits/bin On Rx	: 14	Bit Swap	: Disable
Dual Latency	: Enable	Pmode :	Enable
	: Enable	Last Failed Status	
Oper Status : 0xa0	: Startup HSha	ake Startup Prog	ress
AC Mode item	: dbm	AC Ttr R Offset	: 42
AC Pilot Request	: Disable	EC Fdm Mode	: EC

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Whip	Windows Based Host Interface Program is enabled or disabled
Annex Type	The DSL annex type (A, B, or C)
Standard	This specifies the standard to be supported for the DSL line.
Trellis coding	This is used to enable or disable Trellis coding on the interface.
ExpExchSeq	Expanded Exchange Sequence (EES) enable/disable, only valid for T1.413. This is largely for compatibility testing.
Framing structure	Full overhead to reduced overhead (0x00-03). This value is

	ignored for G.lite	
	(G992.2).	
TxAttenuation (dB)	This specifies the value of transmit power attenuation. Its	
TARCCENUACION (GB)	range is from 0dB to 12dB.	
Coding Gain		
Coding Gain	Coding gain is the gain due to trellis/RS coding. Its value ranges from 0 to 7dB.	
TxBinAdjust	Enable or disable automatic bin adjustment for transmit signal.	
RxBinAdjust	Enable or disable automatic bin adjustment for receive signal.	
TxStartBin	Lowest bin number allowed for transmit signal	
TxEndBin	Highest bin number allowed for transmit signal.	
RxStartBin	Lowest bin number allowed for receive signal	
RxEndBin	Highest bin number allowed for receive signal.	
Fast Retrain	Enable or disable fast retrain capability.	
Esc Fast Retrain	Enable or disable escape to fast retrain capability.	
MaxBits/bin On Rx	Maximum number of receive bits per bin.	
Bit Swap	Enable or disable bit swapping,	
Dual Latency	Enable or disable dependant upon support of dual latency.	
	Valid only for T1.413 and G.DMT.	
Pmode	If enable, use the upstream pilot for data if the CO is Globe-	
	Span.	
Pilot Request	Enable or disable request for pilot tone during training.	
Last Failed Status	This value is reset to 0 each time a startup is attempted. If	
	there is a failure, it indicates the reason for the failure.	
Oper Status	Operational status of the transceiver.	
	Values include Idle, Showtime/Data, Bootup Load,	
	Startup HShake, Startup Trning, Framer Sync,	
	Lcl Anlg Lpbk, Lcl Dig Lpbk, Spectrum Test.	
Startup Progress	Detailed startup information to be used for debugging.	
AC Mode Item	For Annex C, the bitmap transmission mode	
AC Ttr R Offset	Offset from TTR_C (ATU-C timing reference) to TTR_R	
	(ATU-R timing reference)	
AC Pilot Request	Status of pilot tone for the NEXT period in the FEXT bitmap	
	mode	
EC Fdm Mode	Echo cancellation and/or frequency division multiplexing	
	mode	

Caution

None.

References

get dsl config command

3.230 modify eoa inff

Description

Use this command to modify the properties of an eoa interface.

Command Syntax

modify eoa intf ifname interface-name [ip ip-address]
[mask net-mask] [usedhcp true|false] [gwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>] [droute
true|false]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface name whose
	properties are to be modified.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eoa-0,eoa-1 etc.
ip ip-address	The IP address to be assigned to the eoa port.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be ap-
	plied to the IP address.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 255.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 255.0.0.0
usedhcp true false	This specifies whether a DHCP client is to be triggered
	to obtain an IP address for this interface from a DHCP
	server.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: true or false
	Default value: false
gwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>	This specifies the gateway IP address
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
droute true false	This specifies the default route
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: true or false
	Default value: false

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify eoa intf ifname eoa-0 droute true gwy 172.25.12.1

Output

Verbose Mode On

IfName: eoa-0

Configured IP Address: 192.168.1.1

Low IfName: aal5-0

NAT Direction: None

Gateway : 0.0.0.0 Droute : false
Oper Status : Down Admin Status : Up
UseDHCP : false

Set Done

IfName : eoa-0

Configured IP Address : 192.168.1.1

Low IfName : aa15-0
Gateway : 0.0.0.0
Oper Status : Down

UseDHCP : false

Interface Sec Type : public Mask : 255.255.255.0

NAT Direction : None

Droute : false
Admin Status : Up

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the interface which is being modified.
Configured IpAddress	IP address assigned to the eoa interface.
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
LowIfName	Specifies the lower interface.
NatDir	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: <i>inside</i> , <i>outside or none</i> .
UseDhcp	Whether or not a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a DHCP server
OperStatus	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>
AdminStatus	The desired state of the interface. It may be either <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i>
Droute	Default route
Interface sec Type	Interface security type.
Gateway	Gateway IP address

Caution

None.

References

- eoa stats command
- interface stats command.

3.231 modify ethernet intf

Description

Use this command to modify the NAT direction of the Ethernet interface.

Command Syntax

modify ethernet intf ifname interface-name [ip ip-address] [mask
net-mask] [usedhcp local|remote|false]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface to be modified.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *
ip ip-address	The IP address to be assigned to the ethernet inter-
	face.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
	Default value: 0.0.0.0
mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be ap-
	plied to the IP address. Mask not allowed when
	usedhcp is true, with ip 0.0.0.0
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 255.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255
	Default value: 255.0.0.0
usedhcp	Local: IP address for this interface is obtained from a
local remote false	local DHCP server
	Remote: DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address
	for this interface from a remote DHCP server
	False: DHCP client is not used.
	Usedhcp is allowed only with eth-0 interface.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: local, remote, false
	Default value: false
inside outside none	This specifies the NAT direction for the interface. Type:
	Optional for physical (eth) interfaces
	Not allowed for virtual (veth) interfaces
	Valid values: inside, outside, none
	Default value: none

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ethernet intf ifname eth-0 ip 172.25.7.8

Output

Verbose Mode On

Interface : veth-0
Interface Sec Type : Public

192.168.1.1

Configured IP Address :

useDhcp : False
Nat Direction : None
Speed : 10BT
Admin Status Mask : 255.255.255.0
Physical Interface : eth-0 Duplex : half
Operational Status : Up Speed : 10F Admin Status : Up

Set Done

Interface : veth-0
Interface Sec Type : Public

192.168.1.1 UseDhcp : False
Nat Direction : None
peed : 10BT
Admin Status : Up : 255.255.255.0 Mask Physical Interface : eth-0 Duplex : half Operational Status : Up Speed

Configured IP Address :

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description	
Interface	The name of the interface which has been created.	
Interface Sec Type	Interface security type.	
Configured Ip	IP address assigned to the Ethernet port.	
Address	•	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.	
UseDhcp	Local: IP address for this interface is obtained from a local DHCP server	
	Remote: DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a remote DHCP server	
	False: DHCP client is not used.	
Physical Interface	Valid only in case of virtual interfaces i.e. the Type is not <i>eth</i> . It can only be <i>eth-0</i>	
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction which may be: <i>inside</i> , <i>outside</i> or none.	
Duplex	The duplex mode used by the interface.	
Speed	Line speed used by Ethernet interface	
Operational Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>up</i> or down	
Admin Status	The desired state of the interface. It may be either <i>up</i> or <i>down</i>	

Caution

None.

References

- * ethernet stats command
- * interface stats command.
- create ethernet command.

3.232 modify fwl global

Description

Use this command to modify global configuration of IP Firewall.

Command Syntax

modify fwl global [attackprotect enable|disable] [dosprotect enable|disable] [blistprotect enable|disable] [blistperiod <decvalue>] [maxtcpconn <decvalue>] [maxicmpconn <decvalue>] [maxsinglehostconn <decvalue>] [logdest email|trace|both|none] [emailid1 email-id] [emailid2 email- id] [emailid3 email-id] [minlogtime<decvalue>]

Name	Description
attackprotect	This specifies the status of attack protection in firewall.
enable disable	Type: Optional
•	Valid values : enable, disable
dosprotect	This specifies the status of DOS protection in firewall.
enable disable	Type: Optional
	Valid values : enable, disable
blistprotect	This specifies the status of blacklist protection in firewall.
enable disable	Type: Optional
	Valid values : enable, disable
blistperiod	It specifies the duration to blacklist an attacking host.
<pre><decvalue></decvalue></pre>	Type: Optional
<decvalue></decvalue>	Valid values : 0 - 43200
minlogtime <decvalue></decvalue>	It specifies the minimum time between logging of an
	individual attack.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
maxtcpconn	It specifies the % of total connections that can be in a
<decvalue></decvalue>	TCP half open state.
	Type: Optional Valid values : 0-100
	It specifies the % of total connections that can be
maxicmpconn	ICMP connections.
<decvalue></decvalue>	Type: Optional
	Valid values : 0-100
maxsinglehostconn	It specifies the % of total connections that can be from
<decvalue></decvalue>	a single host.
<decvarue></decvarue>	Type: Optional
	Valid values : 0-100
Logdest	This specifies the destination type for firewall logs.
email trace both no	Type: Optional
ne	Valid values : email,trace,both none
emailid1 email-id	This field specifies the email address of the firewall
emailidi email-10	administrator1
	Type: Optional
	Valid values : Display string of length 64 char.
emailid2 email-id	This field specifies the email address of the firewall
	administrator2

		Type: Optional Valid values: Display string of length 64 char.
emailid3	email-id	This field specifies the email address of the firewall administrator3 Type: Optional
		Valid values: Display string of length 64 char.

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify fwl global attackprotect enable dosprotect enable blistperiod 20 maxtcpconn 20 maxicmpconn 35 maxsinglehostconn 50 logdest email emailid1 abc.yahoo.comcom minlogtime 10

Output

Verbose Mode On

Attack Protection Conn (%) : 25	: Disable	Max Half Open TCP
DOS Protection: 25	: Disabl	e Max ICMP Conn (%
Blacklist Status : 100	: Enable	Max Single Host Conn(%
Blacklist Period (min :10	: 10	Min Log Time(min)
Log Destination	: Trace	
E-Mail 1	: -	
E-Mail 2	: -	
E-Mail 3	: -	

Set Done

Attack Protection : Enable Max Half Open TCP Conn (%): 20

DOS Protection : Enable Max ICMP Conn (%)

: 35

Blacklist Status : Enable Max Single Host Conn(%)

: 50

Blacklist Period (min): 20 Min Log Time(min)

:10

Log Destination : Email

E-Mail 1 : abc.yahoo.com

E-Mail 2 : -

E-Mail 3 : -

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Name	Description
attackprotect	This specifies the status of attack protection in firewall.
enable disable	
dosprotect	This specifies the status of DOS protection in firewall.
enable disable	
blistprotect	This specifies the status of blacklist protection in fire-
enable disable	wall.
blistperiod	It specifies the duration to blacklist an attacking host.
<decvalue></decvalue>	
Min Log Time(min)	It specifies the minimum time between logging of an individual attack.
maxtcpconn	It specifies the % of total connections that can be in a
<decvalue></decvalue>	TCP half open state.
maxicmpconn	It specifies the % of total connections that can be
<decvalue></decvalue>	ICMP connections.
maxsinglehostconn	It specifies the % of total connections that can be from
<decvalue></decvalue>	a single host.
Logdest	This specifies the destination type for firewall logs.
email trace both no	
ne	
emailid1 email-id	This field specifies the email address of the firewall administrator1
emailid2 email-id	This field specifies the email address of the firewall administrator2

emailid3	email-id	This field specifies the email address of the firewall
		administrator3

Caution

None.

References

get fwl global command

3.233 modify ipoa inff

Description

Use this command to modify an IPoA (IP over ATM) interface.

Command Syntax

modify ipoa intf ifname interface-name [ip ip-address] [mask net-mask]
[gwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>] [droute true|false] [usedhcp true/ false]

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter uniquely identifies the name of the
	IPoA interface.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: ipoa-0-*,ipoa-1 etc.,.
ip ip-address	The IP address to be assigned to the interface.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Valid IP address
mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be ap-
	plied to the IP address.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 255.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255
gwy	This parameter specifies the Gateway IP address.
<ddd .="" ddd=""></ddd>	Type: Optional
\dad:dad:dad:dad	Valid values: Valid Gateway IP Address.
droute true false	This specifies the default route
·	Type: Optional
	Valid values: true or false
Usedhcp true/false	This specifies whether a DHCP client is to be trig-
	gered, to obtain an IP address for this interface, from a
	DHCP server.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: true or false

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ipoa intf ifname ipoa-0 ip 172.25.12.74

Output

Verbose Mode On

: ipoa-0 UseDHCP : false : non1577 Interface Sec Type : 1 IfName Type : non1577 Interface Sec Type : Public Configured IP Address: 172.25.12.12 Mask : 255.255.0.0 DRoute : False Gateway : 0.0.0.0 DRoute : False
NAT Direction : OUT Oper Status : Down

Set Done

IfName

: ipoa-0 UseDHCP : false : non1577 Interface Sec Type : Public Mask : 255.255.0.0 Gateway : 0.0.0.0 Configured IP Address : 172.25.12.74 : False ection : OUT Gateway : 0.0.0.0 Oper Status : Down DRoute NAT Direction : OUT

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the IPoA interface which has been created.
UseDHCP	This specifies if a DHCP client is used to obtain the IP address for this interface from a DHCP server, or not.
Type	This specifies the type of IPoA interface.
Interface sec Type	VPI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
Configured IP	IP address assigned to the IPoA interface.
Address	
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
Droute	The time-interval in seconds, ILMI should use to poll for peer IL-MI's availability.
Gateway	Number of times ILMI should retry before declaring ILMI connectivity as lost.
Nat Direction	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside
	or none.
Oper Status	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either Up or Down

Caution

IPoA interface will come up only when ipoa map is created from that interface.

References

- get ipoa intf command
- delete ipoa intf command
- create ipoa map command
- delete ipoa map command

3.234 modify ilmi inff

Description

Use this command to modify ILMI based auto configuration parameters on the specified ATM interface.

Command Syntax

modify ilmi intf ifname interface-name [enable|disable] [vpi
vpi-number] [vci vci-number] [timeout time-out] [keepalive
keep-alive] [maxretry max-retry]

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	It specifies the ATM port on which the ILMI based auto
	configuration parameters are to be modified
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: atm-0.
enable disable	Whether ILMI based auto configuration is enabled or
	not on this interface
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable, disable
	Default value: disable
_{vpi} vpi-number	VPI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
1 1	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-65535
	Default value: 0
vci vci-number	VCI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-65535
	Default value: 16
timeout time-out	Timeout value in seconds, for SNMP Get/ Set mes-
	sages exchanged between peer Interface Manage-
	ment Entities (IMEs)
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-65535
	Default value: 1
keepalive keep-alive	The time-interval in seconds, ILMI should use to poll
	for peer ILMI's availability.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-65535

	Default value: 5
maxretry max-retry	Number of times ILMI should retry before declaring ILMI connectivity as lost.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-65535
	Default value: 4

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ilmi intf ifname atm-0 enable vpi 10 vci 5 timeout 3 keepalive 5 maxretry 11

Output

Verbose Mode On

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Interface	It specifies the ATM port on which the ILMI based auto configuration parameters are being modified
Status	Whether ILMI based auto configuration is enabled or not on this interface.
VPI	VPI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
VCI	VCI to be used for ILMI SNMP message exchanges
Timeout	Timeout value in seconds, for SNMP Get/ Set messages exchanged between peer Interface Management Entities (IMEs).
Keep Alive	The time-interval in seconds, ILMI should use to poll for peer IL-MI's availability.
Max Retries	Number of times ILMI should retry before declaring ILMI connectivity as lost.
Version	The version of ILMI

Caution

Enabling the ILMI interface only marks the state of the interface as enabled. The actual procedure begins only after the *trigger ilmi* command is given, or after the modem is rebooted. On the other hand, to disable the procedure, it is sufficient set the ILMI interface state as disabled.

References

- create ilmi intf command
- get ilmi intf command
- modify ilmi trigger command
- trigger ilmi command
- get ilmi access protocol command

3.235 modify ip cfg

Description

Use this command to modify IP Stack configuration parameters.

Command Syntax

modify ip cfg [forwarding {enable|disable}] [ttl time-to-live]

Parameters

Name	Description
Forwarding enable disable	This indicates whether this entity is acting as an IP gateway in respect to the forwarding of datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity
	Type: Optional Valid values: enable, disable
ttl time-to-live	This specifies the default value which will be inserted into the Time-To-Live field of the IP header of datagrams originated at this entity, whenever this is not supplied by the transport layer protocol Type: Optional Valid values: 1-255

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ip cfg forwarding enable ttl 50

Output

Verbose Mode On

Forwarding : Disabled

TTL(sec) : 64

Set Done

Forwarding : Disabled TTL(sec) : 50

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Forwarding	This indicates whether this entity is acting as an IP gateway in respect to the forwarding of datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity. It may be: Enabled, Disabled
TTL	The default value inserted into the Time-To-Live field of the IP header of datagrams originated at this entity, whenever this is not supplied by the transport layer protocol. Here it will always be 64.

Caution

None.

References

- get ip cfg command
- ip stats related commands
- ip address related commands
- arp related commands.

3.236 modify ipf global

Description

Use this command to modify the global configuration.

Command Syntax

modify ipf global [seclevel high|medium|low|none] [pubdefact
accept|deny] [pvtdefact accept|deny] [dmzdefact accept|deny]

Parameters

Name	Description
seclevel high medium low none	This specifies the service protection level applied to the system. Type: Optional Valid values: high,medim,low,none
pubdefact accept deny	Specifies the default action when a packet does not match any of the Security rules on a public interface. Type: Optional Valid values: accept,deny
pvtdefact accept deny	Specifies the default action when a packet does not match any of the Security rules on a private interface. Type: Optional Valid values: accept,deny
dmzdefact accept deny	Specifies the default action when a packet does not match any of the Security rules on a DMZ interface. Type: Optional Valid values:

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ipf global seclevel high pubdefact accept pvtdefact deny dmzdefact accept

Output

Verbose mode on:

Deny
Public Default Action : Deny
Private Default Action :

Security Level : None DMZ Default Action :

Accept

Set Done

Security Level : High

DMZ Default Action

Accept

Public Default Action : Accept Private Default Action :

Deny

Verbose mode off:

Set Done

Output Field description

Field	Description
Security Level	This specifies the service protection level applied to
	the system.
Public Default Action	Specifies the default action when a packet does not
	match any of the Security rules on a public interface.
Private Default Action	Specifies the default action when a packet does not
	match any of the Security rules on a private interface.
DMZ Default Action	Specifies the default action when a packet does not
	match any of the Security rules on a DMZ interface.

Caution

None

References

3.237 modify ipf rule entry

Description

This command is used for modifying an IP filter rule for filtering.

Command Syntax

modify ipf rule entry ruleid rule-id [log enable|disable] [enable|disable]

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This is index given by caller to identify the Rule entry.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values : 1-4294967295
[log enable disable]	This flag controls the logging of matched packets. Each log will contain IP Header and TCP/UDP header or ICMP
	fields, if available.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
enable disable	Specifies the status of rule entry.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ipf rule entry ruleid 1 enable log enable

Interface

Output

Rule id

: 1

Verbose Mode On

: eth-0

```
Rule Admin status : Disable Rule Oper Status : Disable
In interface : ALL Direction : Out Security Level : High Blacklist Status : Enable
Logging
                : Disable Action
                                            : Accept
Log Tag
                : -
IP Frag Pkt : Yes
TCP Flag : Syn
                                 IP Opt Pkt
TCP Flag
                           Store State : Enable
                 : Syn
          : Equal
Src Addr
                           172.25.8.76
Dest Addr : Range
                            172.25.8.70
                                                172.25.8.90
Src Port : Out Of Range 10
                                                20
          : Not Equal
: Not Equal
: Equal
Dest Port
                            3
ICMP Code
                            10
ICMP Type
                            unreach
TransProt : Equal
                            TCP
IP Pkt Size : Less Than
                           10
TOD Rule
         : Enable Between 01:02:30
                                                  02:01:30
Set Done
             : 1
                            Interface : eth-0
Rule Oper Status : Disable
Rule id
Rule Admin status: Enable
In interface : ALL
Security Level : High
                           Direction : Out
                : High
: Enable
                                             : Enable 
: Accept
Security Level
                           Blacklist Status
                           Action
Logging
Log Tag
                : -
             : Yes
: Syn
IP Frag Pkt
                                 IP Opt Pkt
                                                 : No
TCP Flag
                           Store State
                                         : Enable
Src Addr
           : Equal
                            172.25.8.76
Dest Addr : Range
                            172.25.8.70
                                                 172.25.8.90
           : Out Of Range
                           10
Src Port
Dest Port : Not Equal
ICMP Code : Not Equal
                            10
          : Equal : Equal
ICMP Type
                            unreach
TransProt
                            TCP
IP Pkt Size : Less Than
                            10
```

TOD Rule : Enable Between 01:02:30

02:01:30

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description		
Rule id	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry.		
Rule Admin Status	Specifies administrative status of the rule entry.		
Interface	Specifies the IP-enabled physical interface to be associated to		
	this rule. All indicates that the rule is to be associated to all in-		
	terfaces.		
In Interface	Specifies the input interface ID which may be used to dictate the		
	rules such as deny/accept all traffic from a specific interface.		
	This field can be specified only if the direction is out.		
Direction	Specifies the direction of data flow on which filtering is to be ap-		
	plied.		
Action	Specifies the action to be taken when a packet matches a rule.		
Logging	This flag controls the logging of matched packets. Each log will		
	contain IP header and TCP/UDP header or ICMP fields, if		
	available.		
Log Tag	This specifies the Filter logging tag, which will be added to all		
	the logs generated due to the rule		
Src Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for source IP Address		
	along with the source IPAddress value and the destination IP-		
	Address value. The source or destination or both are shown		
	depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range,		
	erange, any or self.		
Dest Addr	This field specifies the matching criteria for source IP Address		
	along with the source IPAddress value and the destination IP-		
	Address value. The source or destination or both are shown		
	depending on whether the matching criteria is relational, range,		
	erange, any or self.		
Src Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for source port along		
	with the start of src port and the end of src port. The start or end		
	or both are shown depending on whether the matching criteria is		
	relational, range, erange, any or bcast.		
Dest Port	This field specifies the matching criteria for destination Port		
	along with the start dest port and the end dest port. The start or		
	end or both are shown depending on whether the matching cri-		
	teria is relational, range, erange, any or bcast.		
ICMP Code	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP code value		
	along with the code field in ICMP header in case of ICMP pack-		
	ets.		
ICMP Type	This field specifies the matching criteria for ICMP Type along		
	with the type field in ICMP header in case of ICMP packets.		
TransProt	This field specifies the matching criteria for transport protcol		
	field along with the transport layer protocol number as per		
	IANA.		
TCP Flag	This specifies filtering criteria for TCP packet types.		
Store State	This specifies whether stateful filtering is done or not		

Security Level	This specifies the association of rule with system wide service protection level.
Blacklist Status	This specifies whether source of the packet should be put in blacklist if it matches with the rule. It will be applicable to deny kind of rules
IP Frag Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to fragmented packets, non fragmented packets or in both cases.
IP Opt Pkt	This specifies whether the rule is applicable to IP packet with or without IP options or in both cases.
IP Pkt Size	This field specifies the matching criteria for IP Pkt Size along with IP packet filtering attribute. It should be compared against the packet size value in IP header.
ToD Rule	This field specifies whether the rule should be applied for the duration specified."Enable Between" indicates that the rule is applied between the specified time duration."Disable Between" indicates that rule is not applicable between the specified duration, but it is applicable for remaining time of the day.
Rule Oper Status	A rule will be operationally enabled if and only if it is administratively enabled, its Time of Day status as per current time is Enable, and if the rule's security level matches the global security level as shown by get ipf global.

Caution

None.

References

- create ipf rule entry command
- get ipf rule entry command
- delete ipf rule entry command

3.238 modify l2tp global config

Description

Use this command to modify L2tp global configuration.

Command Syntax

modify 12tp global config timeout {infinite|{num <decValue> }}

Name		Description
timeout	{infinite { n	This field defines the period of time (in secs) that a
<decvalue< td=""><td>e>}}</td><td>peer will wait for the response. A value of "Infinite" indicates an infinite wait.</td></decvalue<>	e>}}	peer will wait for the response. A value of "Infinite" indicates an infinite wait.
		Type: mandatory
		Valid values: 13600, infinite

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify 12tp global config timeout num 300

Output

Verbose mode on:

Response timeout (secs) : 350

Set Done

Response timeout (secs) : 300

Verbose mode off:

Set Done

Output Field description:

Field	Description	
Response Timeout(secs)	Defines the period of time (in secs) that a peer will wait for the response. A value of "Infinite" indicates an	
	infinite wait.	

Caution

None.

References

3.239 modify l2tp tunnel config

Description

Use this command to modify L2tp tunnel configuration.

Command Syntax

```
modify 12tp tunnel config
ifname interface-name
[localip local-ip-address]
[localhostname local-host-name]
[remoteip remote-ip-address]
[remotehostname remote-host-name]
[start|stop]
[authtype simple|challenge|none]
[secret tunnel-secret]
[hellointerval hello-interval]
[idletimeout {infinite| {num <decValue>}}]
[crws contol-recv-windowsize]
[maxretx max-retransmission]
[maxretxtimeout max-retransmission-timeout]
[payloadseq never|always]]
[transport udpip]
[initiator local|remote]
[enable|disable]
```

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: I2t-0-I2t-*.
localip local-ip-address	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint
	of the tunnel, or 0.0.0.0 if the device is free to choose
	any of its addresses at tunnel establishment time.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values:
localhostname host-name	Name of the local End-point of the tunnel.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Display string of 255 characters
remoteip remote-ip-	This field specifies the address of the remote end-
address	point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab-
	lished.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values:
remotehostname peer-dns-	Name of the remote End-point of the tunnel
name	Type: Optional
	Valid values: Display string of 255 characters.
start stop	This attribute specifies the action to be taken for the

	tunnel. True establishes the Tunnel. False tears the tunnel down. Type: Optional Valid values: start, stop
authtype simple challenge none	This object describes how L2TP tunnel peers are to be authenticated Type: optional Valid values: simple, challenge, none
secret tunnel-secret	This object is used to configure the shared secret used during the tunnel authentication phase of tunnel establishment if authtype is challenge. Type: optional Valid values: Hex Value - maximum of 64 octet length.
Hellointerval hello- interval	This object defines the interval (in sec) in which Hello packets are to be sent to the tunnel peer. A value '0' indicates that Hello packets will not be sent to tunnel peer. Type: optional Valid values: 03600(sec)
idletimeout idle-timeout	This object defines the period of time (in seconds) that an established tunnel with no sessions will wait before disconnecting the tunnel. A value of '0' indicates that the tunnel will disconnect immediately after the last session disconnects. "infinite" leaves the tunnel up indefinitely. Type: optional Valid values: 0.86400(sec), infinite
crws contol-recv- windowsize	This object defines the control channel receive window sizelt specifies the maximum number of packets the tunnel peer can send without waiting for an acknowledgement from this peer Type: optional Valid values: 110
maxretx max- retransmission	This object defines the number of retransmissions, which the tunnel will attempt before assuming that the peer is no longer responding. A value of '0' indicates that this peer will not attempt to retransmit an unacknowledged control packet. Type: optional Valid values: 032
maxretxtimeout max- retransmission-timeout	This object defines the maximum retransmission timeout interval that the tunnel will wait before retransmitting a control packet that has not been acknowledged. Type: optional Valid values: 132
payloadseq never always	This object determines whether or not session payload packets will be requested to be sent with sequence numbers from tunnel peer's. Type: optional Valid values: never, always
transport udpip	This object defines the underlying transport media that is in use for this tunnel entry.

	Type: optional Valid values: udpip	
initiator local remote	This object indicates whether the tunnel will be initiated locally or not. Type: optional Valid values: local, remote	
Enable disable	Admin status of interface Type: optional Valid values: enable or disable	

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify 12tp tunnel config ifname 12t-0 localip 178.10.1.2 remoteip 178.10.2.1 hellointerval 100 idletimeout 200

Output

Verbose mode on:

Control RWS : 5

If Name	: 12t-0		
Admin Status Up	: Up	Oper Status	:
Local IP-address 178.10.11.10	: 178.10.10.10	Remote IP-address	:
Hello Interval	: 300	Idle Timeout	:
Max Retx Attempt	: 10	Max Retx Timeout	:
Initiator always	: local	Payload Sequencing	:
Authentication Type udpip	e: simple	Transport	:

Shared Secret : passwd

Local Host name : titanium

Remote Host name : Columbia

Set Done

If Name : 12t-0

Admin Status : Up Oper Status :

Up

Local IP-address : 178.10.10.10 Remote IP-address :

178.10.11.10

100

Max Retx Attempt : 10 Max Retx Timeout :

Τ0

Initiator : local Payload Sequencing :

always

Authentication Type : simple Transport :

udpip

Control RWS : 5

Shared Secret : passwd

Local Host name : titanium

Remote Host name : Columbia

Remote Host name : Columbia

Verbose mode off:

Set Done

Output Field description:

Field	Description	
If-name	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.	
Local IP-address	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel	
Local Host name	This field specifies the address of the local endpoint of the tunnel	
Remote IP-address	This field specifies the address of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab- lished.	
Admin Status	This field specifies the adminstatus of the of the l2tp interface.	
Oper Status	This field specifies the Operstatus of the of the I2tp interface.	
Remote Host name	This field specifies the hostname of the remote end- point of the tunnel to which the tunnel is to be estab- lished.	
Hello Interval	Defines the interval (in sec) in which Hello packets are to be sent to the tunnel peer	
Idle Timeout	Defines the period of time (in seconds) that an established tunnel with no sessions will wait before disconnecting the tunnel.	
Control RWS	Defines the control channel receive window size	
Max Retx Timeout	Defines the maximum retransmission timeout interval that the tunnel will wait before retransmitting a control packet that has not been acknowledged.	
Initiator	This indicates whether the tunnel will be initiated lo- cally or not.	
Payload Sequencing	This object determines whether or not session payload packets will be requested to be sent with sequence numbers from tunnel peer's. The value never(2) indicates that L2TP will never initiate sequencing but will do sequencing if asked. The value always(3) indicates that L2TP will send the sequencing Required AVP during session establishment	
Authentication Type	Describes how L2TP tunnel peers are to be authenticated	
Transport	Defines the underlying transport media that is in use for this tunnel entry.	
Shared Secret	Shared secret is used during the tunnel authentication phase of tunnel establishment if authtype is challenge	
Max Retx Attempt	Defines the number of retransmissions, which the tunnel will attempt before assuming that the peer is no longer responding.	

None.

References

3.240 modify I2wall cfg

Description

Use this command to modify the L2WALL global configuration.

Command Syntax

modify 12wall cfg [off|on|auto] [inacttime inactive-time]

Parameters

Name	Description
off on auto	Status of the L2wall configuration
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: on, off or auto
	Default value: off
inacttime inactive-time	Time since last recorded activity in minutes.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0 - 4294967295
	Default value: 5

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ modify 12wall cfg on inacttime 20

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Verbose Mode Off:

Set Done

Field	Description
Status	Status of the L2wall configuration.

Inactive Time(min)	Time since last recorded activity in minutes.	
--------------------	---	--

None.

References

get 12wall cfg

3.241 modify nat global

Description

Use this command to modify NAT global info.

Command Syntax

modify nat global [tcpidletimeout tcp-idle-timeout] [tcpclosewait tcp-close-wait] [tcptimeout tcp-timeout] [udptimeout udp-timeout] [gretimeout gre-timeout] [esptimeout esp-timeout] [icmptimeout icmp-timeout] [defnatage default- nat-timeout] [{enable|disable}] [portstart port-start] [portend port-end]

Name	Description
tcpidletimeout tcp-idle-	The Time out (in seconds) which is used to
timeout	expire out Idle TCP Nat Translations
Cimeout	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
tcpclosewait tcp-close-wait	The Wait time (in seconds) after which a
	TCP connection is closed
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
tcptimeout tcp-timeout	The default timeout (in seconds) in case of
	errors.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
udptimeout udp-timeout	The time (in seconds) for UDP timeout
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
icmptimeout icmp-timeout	The time (in seconds) for ICMP timeout
_	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
gretimeout gre-timeout	The time (in seconds) for GRE timeout
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
esptimeout esp-timeout	The time (in seconds) for ESP timeout
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

defnatage default-nat-	The default Nat Time Out (in seconds).
timeout	Type: Optional Valid values: 1-4294967295
enable disable	This is used to enable or disable NAT operations in the IAD Type: Optional
portstart port-start	The port value from which the port range can start. This value can be set only when the Nat is disabled. Type: Optional Valid values: 50000 - 60000
portend port-end	The port value at which the port range ends. This value can be set only when the Nat is disabled. Type: Optional Valid values: 50000 - 60000

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ modify nat global disable

Output

Verbose Mode On

TCP Idle Timeout(sec	:): 86400	TCP Close Wait(sec)	: 60
TCP Def Timeout(sec)	: 60	UDP Timeout(sec)	: 300
ICMP Timeout(sec)	: 60	GRE Timeout (sec)	: 200
ESP Timeout(sec)	: 300	Default Nat Age(sec)	: 240
NAPT Port Start	: 50000	NAPT Port End	: 51023
Admin Status	: Disable		

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
TCP Idle Timeout	The Time out (in seconds) which is used to expire out
	Idle TCP Nat Translations
TCP Close Wait	The Wait time (in seconds) after which a TCP con-
	nection is closed
TCP Def Timeout	The default timeout (in seconds) in case of errors.
UDP Timeout	The time (in seconds) for UDP timeout
ICMP Timeout	The time (in seconds) for ICMP timeout
GRE Timeout	The time (in seconds) for GRE timeout
ESP Timeout	The time (in seconds) for ESP timeout
Default Nat Age	The default NAT Time Out (in seconds).

NAPT Port Start	The port value from which the port range can start
NAPT Port End	The port value at which the port range ends.
Admin Status	The desired NAT Status. It may be: Enable, Disable

None.

References

- get nat global command
- nat rule status related commands
- nat rule stats related commands
- nat rule entry related commands.

3.242 modify nbsize

Description

Use this command to modify sizing parameters. The modification takes effect only after the next reboot.

Command Syntax

modify nbsize [maxipsess max-num-ip-sessions] [httpport http- port] [telnetport telnet-port] [ftpport ftp-port][serialauth enable|disable]

Name	Description
Maxipsess max-num-ip-	This specifies the maximum number of ac-
sessions	tive IP sessions.
565520115	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 100-2000
Httpport http-port	This specifies the HTTP port.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 80 or from 61000 to 62000
Telnetport telnet-port	This specifies the telnet port.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 23 or from 61000 to 62000
Ftpport ftp-port	This specifies the FTP port.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 21 or from 61000 to 62000
serialauth enable disable	This specifies Serial Port Authentication
	Mode.
	Type: Optional
	Valid Values: Enable, Disable

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify nbsize maxipsess 200 serialauth enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Max IP Session : 100 HTTP Port : 80 Telnet Port : 23 FTP Port : 21 Serial Auth : disable Set Done

Max IP Session : 200 HTTP Port : 80 Telnet Port : 23 FTP Port : 21 Serial Auth : enable

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Max IP Session	This specifies the maximum number of active IP sessions.
HTTP Port	This specifies the HTTP port.
Telnet Port	This specifies the telnet port.
FTP Port	This specifies the FTP port
Serial Auth	This specifies whether Serial Port Authentication is enabled or disabled.

Caution

None.

References

get nbsize command

3.243 modify oam cc vc

Description

Use this command to to activate or de-activate OAM F5 end to end continuity check mechanism..

Command Syntax

modify oam cc vc ifname interface-name [mode auto|manual] [action
act|deact] [dir src|sink|both] [ethercheck enable|disable]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the VC interface on
	which the continuity check is to be activated
	or de-activated.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: aal5-*
mode auto manual	This specifies the mode of activation/deac-
	tivation of continuity check.Manual acti-
	vates/de-activates immediately.Auto
	activates/de-activates through OAM acti-
	vation/de-activation procedure.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: auto or manual
	Default Value : auto
action act deact	This field specifies the CC action to be tak-
·	en. This is used along with "dir" field.Act is
	activation.Deact is de-activation.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: act or deact.
dir src sink both	This field specifies the direction for CC ac-
	tivation/deactivation. Direction could be
	source (src), sink or both.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: src, sink, both
ethercheck	This field specifies whether ethernet device
enable disable	status should be checked before
enabre arbabre	transmitting a CC cell.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable, disable
	Default Value : disable.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify oam cc vc ifname aal5-0 mode auto action act dir both ethercheck enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

aa15-0	manua	l deactivated	disable	deactivated	-
Set Done					
Ifname	Mode	SourceOperStatus	EtherCheck	SinkOperStatus	Initiator
aal5-0	auto	activated	enable	activated	Self

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Ifname	This parameter specifies VC interface.
Mode	This specifies the mode of activation/deactivation of continuity check.
SourceOperStatus	This field specifies the current operational state of source point of the VCC.
EtherCheck	This field specifies whether ethernet device status should be checked before transmitting a CC cell.
SinkOperStatus	This field specifies the current operational state of sink point of the VCC.
Initiator	This field is valid only in auto mode and it specifies the current initiator of CC Activation/Deactivation.

Caution

References

get oam cc vc command.

3.244 modify oam lpbk vc

Description

Use this command to start or stop OAM loopback.

Command Syntax

modify oam lpbk vc ifname interface-name [lbid oam-loopback-location-id] [e2e|seg]

Name	Description
vc ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which information is desired. In case the field is not specified, then the information for all valid aal5 interfaces should be displayed. Type: Mandatory Valid values: aal5-0 - *
lbid oam-loopback- location-id	This defines the loop back site which will loop-back the cell. Type: Optional Valid values: 0x followed by 32 Hexadecimal No. Default value: 0xffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff
e2e seg	This specifies the loop back type to be used. It may be either end-to-end or segment. Type: Optional Valid values: e2e, seg Default value: e2e

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify oam lpbk vc ifname aa15-0 seg

Output

Verbose Mode On

: 1 VCI : 1

Set Done

: 1 VCI If-Name : aal5-0 VPI : 1

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description

If-Name	The name of the aal5 (aal5-0 etc.) interface whose
	statistics are to be retrieved.
VPI	This is the Virtual Port Identifier
VCI	This is the Virtual Circuit Identifier
<i>LB Type</i>	This specifies the loop back type used. It may be: e2e
	or seg
OAM Location Id	This defines the loop back site which was used to loopback the cell.
OAM LB Result	This specifies the result of the loop back test. It may be Result Unavailable, Seg Succeeded, Seg Failed, E2e Succeeded, E2e Failed, Test Aborted, or Test In Progress

None.

References

- get oam lpbk command
- atm trfdesc related commands
- atm vc related commands
- atm port and statistics related commands.

3.245 modify pfraw block

Description

Use this command to modify the pfraw block status for a given protocol.

Command Syntax

modify pfraw block protocol

 $IPV6\text{MCAST} \mid 8021Q \mid ARP \mid BPDU \mid IPX \mid NETBEUI \mid APPLETALK \mid RARP \mid IPMCAST \mid PPE \mid L2WALL \ enable \mid disable$

Field	Description
protocol	This specifies the protocol for which pfraw rule needs
IPV6MCAST 8021Q ARP BPD	to be blocked/unblocked.
U IPX NETBEUI APPLETALK	Type: Mandatory
RARP IPMCAST PPE L2WAL L	Valid Values: IPV6MCAST, 8021Q, ARP, BPDU, IPX,
	NETBEUI, APPLETALK, RARP, IPMCAST, PPE,
	L2WALL
enable disable	This specifies the rule status of the Pfraw Rule.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid Values: enable, disable

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify pfraw block protocol L2WALL disable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Protocol : L2WALL Rule status : enable

Set Done

Protocol : L2WALL Rule status : disable

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Protocol	This object specifies the protocol for which pfraw rule
	needs to be blocked/unblocked.
Rule status	This specifies the rule status of the pfraw Rule.

Caution

None.

References

get pfraw block command

3.246 modify pfraw global

Description

Use this command to modify global parameters of raw filter.

Command Syntax

modify pfraw global [enable|disable] [accept|deny|callmgmt]

Parameters

Field	Description
enable disable	This identifies whether to enable the raw filter feature or to disable it.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
accept deny callmgmt	This identifies the default action incase the packet
	does not match any of the rules.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: accept, deny or callmgmt

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify pfraw global enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Status : Disable Default action : Deny

Set Done

Status : Enable Default action : Deny

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
status	This field indicates whether the raw filter status is enabled or disabled.
default action	This field indicates the default action to be taken if the packet does not match any of the rules specified.

None.

References

- modify pfraw rule entry command
- modify pfraw subrule entry command

3.247 modify pfraw rule entry

Description

Use this command to modify the attributes of a rule.

Command Syntax

modify pfraw rule entry ruleid rule-id [enable|disable]
[log disable|match|nomatch|all] [act accept|deny|callmgmt]

Parameters

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index of the rule whose at-
	tributes need to be changed.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 -65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.
enable disable	This specifies whether this rule should be enabled or
	disabled.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
log disable match	This specifies the log option of this rule.
nomatch all	Type: Optional
	Valid values: disable or match or nomatch or all
Act accept deny callmgmt	This specifies the action to be taken when a packet
	matches this rule.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: accept or deny or callmgmt.

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ modify pfraw rule entry ruleid 2 log match

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Rule id : 2 Rule status : Enable
Interface : eth-0 In interface : All
Direction : Out Action : Accept
Logging : Disable

Set Done

Rule id : 2 Rule status : Enable
Interface : eth-0 In interface : All
Direction : Out Action : Accept
Logging : Match

Verbose Mode Off:

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Rule id	This identifies the rule index of the rule.
Rule Status	This specifies whether this rule is enabled or disabled.
Interface	This specifies the interface name for a rule.
In Interface	This specifies the incoming interface for the given outgoing interface.
Direction	This specifies the filtering direction to which this rule is applied.
Action	This specifies the action taken when a packet matches this rule
Logging	This specifies the log option of this rule

Caution

None.

References

- * modify pfraw global command
- * modify pfraw subrule entry command

3.248 modify pfraw subrule entry

Description

Use this command to modify the attributes of a sub-rule of an already existing rule.

Command Syntax

modify pfraw subrule entry ruleid rule-id subruleid sub-rule- id [mask mask-value] [start linkh|iph|tcph|tcpd|udph|udpd| icmph|icmpd] [offset offset] [enable|disable] [cmpt

$\{eq|neq|lt|lteq|gt|gteq\ val\}| \{range\ low-val\ high-val\}| \{any\}]$

Parameters

Name	Description
ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index of the rule for which the sub-
	rule has to be modified.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.
subruleid sub-rule-	This specifies the sub-rule index of the sub-rule which
id	has to be modified.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 254
	Only existing sub rule ids accepted as input.
mask mask-value	This specifies the mask. The mask length cannot be modified.
	Type: Optional Valid values: any hexadecimal pattern starting with 0x.
start linkh iph tcph	This specifies the beginning position in the packet for an
tcpd udph udpd icmph	offset. The start position can be the beginning of the
icmpd	header or data portions of various protocols as listed be-
	low.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: linkh iph tcph tcpd udph udpd
	icmph icmpd
offset offset	This specifies the offset with in the header or data part of
Diffet Oilbet	the packet, calculated from the <i>start</i> .
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0—4294967295
enable disable	This specifies whether this subrule should be enabled or
	disabled.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
Cmpt {eq neq 1t 1teq	This specifies the type of comparison that can be done on
gt gteq val}	the extracted data and the comparison value(s).
{range low-val	Type: Optional
high- val} {any}	Valid values: val, low-val and high-val are hexadecimal
5 1 == 7 1 == 2	patterns to be used for comparison. low-val and high-val
	are used when range related comparison is to be done
	else val is used. The value(s) should start with 0x. If no
	comparison has to be done then any is given on the
	command line

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify pfraw subrule entry ruleid 2 subruleid 1 offset 10

Output

Verbose Mode On

Sub Rule id: 1 Rule id: 2
Sub Rule status: Enable Offset from: Linkh
Offset: 6
Comp operation: Range
Low value: 0x00000000ff000000
High value: 0x0000000ffcd0000
Mask: 0x0000000ffff0000

Set Done
Sub Rule id: 1 Rule id: 2
Sub Rule status: Disable Offset from: Linkh
Offset: 10
Comp operation: Range
Low value: 0x0000000ffcd00000
High value: 0x0000000ffcd00000
Mask: 0x00000000ffff00000

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
	Description
Sub Rule id	This identifies the sub-rule index of the sub-rule.
Rule id	This specifies the rule index of the rule of which this is the subrule
Sub Rule status	This specifies whether this subrule is enabled or disabled.
Offset from	This specifies the beginning position in the packet for an offset. The start position can be the beginning of the header or data portions of various protocols.
Offset	This specifies the offset with in the header or data part of the packet.
Comp Operation	This specifies the type of comparison that is done on the extracted data and the comparison value(s)
Low Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Range.
High Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Range.
Value	This is hexadecimal pattern to be used for comparison when comparison type is Relational.
Mask	This is hexadecimal pattern which specifies the mask

Caution

None.

References

modify pfraw global command

modify pfraw rule entry command

3.249 modify ppe cfg

Description

Use this command to modify PPPoE global configuration parameters.

Command Syntax

modify ppe cfg [padimax max-padi-attempts] [padrmax max- padr-attempts] [discmax max-discovery-attempts] [paditime initial-padi-time-difference] [padrtime initial-padr-time- difference] [first-come|serv-to-ac]

Parameters

Name	Description
padimax max-padi-attempts	This specifies the maximum number of PADI attempts that shall be made by PPPoE on not receiving PADO. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-255
padrmax max-padr-attempts	This specifies the maximum number of PADR attempts that shall be made by PPPoE on not receiving PADS. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-255
discmax max-discovery-attempts	This specifies the maximum number of discovery attempts that shall be made by PPPoE Type: Optional Valid values: 1-255
paditime initial-padi-time- difference	This specifies the initial PADI time difference (in seconds). Type: Optional Valid values: 1-255
padrtime initial-padr-time- difference	This specifies the initial PADR time difference (in seconds) Type: Optional Valid values: 1-255
first-come serv-to-ac	This specifies the default AC selection policy used by the PPPoE. Type: Optional

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ppe cfg serv-to-ac

Output

Verbose Mode On

Max PADI Attempts Max Disc Attempts Initial PADR Time Diff (sec)	: 3 : 3 : 5	Max PADR Attempts Initial PADI Time Diff (sec) AC Selection Policy	: 3 : 5 : first-come
Set Done			
Max PADI Attempts Max Disc Attempts Initial PADR Time Diff (sec)	: 3 : 3 : 5	Max PADR Attempts Initial PADI Time Diff (sec) AC Selection Policy	: 3 : 5 : serv-to-ac

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

\Output field description

Field	Description
	This specifies the maximum number of PADI attempts that shall be made by PPPoE on not receiving PADO.
	This specifies the maximum number of PADR attempts that shall be made by PPPoE on not receiving PADS
Max Disc Attempts	This specifies the maximum number of discovery attempts that shall be made by PPPoE
Initial PADI Time Diff (Secs)	This specifies the initial PADI time difference (in seconds).
Initial PADR Time Diff (Secs)	This specifies the initial PADR time difference (in seconds)
AC Selection Policy	This specifies the default AC selection policy used by the PPPoE. It may be: first-come, serv-to-ac

Caution

None.

References

- get ppe cfg command
- ppe pconf related commands
- ppe stats global related commands
- ppe stats session related commands

3.250 modify ppp global

Description

Use this command to modify PPP global information.

Command Syntax

modify ppp global [pppsesstimer ppp-sess-timer] [ignorewantolan
true|false]

Parameters

Name	Description
Pppsesstimer ppp-sess-	Inactivity timeout for PPP sessions.
timer	Type: Optional
	Valid values : 1 - 4294967295
Ignorewantolan true false	Flag indicating whether to ignore WAN to LAN traffic
	for PPP Session timeout.
	Type: Optional
	Valid Values: true or false

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ppp global pppsesstimer 10

Output

Verbose Mode On

PPP Inactivity Timeout : 0 Ignore WAN to LAN traffic : False Set Done.

PPP Inactivity Timeout : 10 Ignore WAN to LAN traffic : False

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
PPP Inactivity Timeout	This specifies the Inactivity timeout for PPP sessions.
Ignore WAN to LAN traffic	Flag indicating whether to ignore WAN to LAN traffic
	for PPP Session timeout.

None.

References

get ppp global command

3.251 modify ppp inff

Description

Use this command to modify PPP interface parameters.

Command Syntax

modify ppp intf ifname interface-name
[start|stop|statondata] [mru<decvalue>]
[magic true|false] [12tpcalltype
outlns|outlac|inlns|inlac]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This specifies the PPP interface which is to be modified.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: ppp-0 - *,
mru <decvalue></decvalue>	Maximum Receive unit
magic true false	Magic number negotiation
	Setting of this object results in start and stop of the PPP session on this interface. If the session is already started then only stop value can be set. startondata will cause the PPP link to start only after there is some data activity. Type: Optional
12tpcal1type	This object indicates the l2tp call type.
outlns outlac inlns inl	Type: optional
ac	Values: outlac, outlns, inlac, inlns

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ppp intf ifname ppp-0 usedhcp true 12tpcalltype outlns

Output

Verbose Mode On

If-Name Interface Sec Type Configured IP Address Init MRU Encapsulation UseDhcp DRoute Gateway IP Address Use Gateway Set Done	: 0.0.0.0 : 1500 : PPPOA : False : False : 202.1.1.2	Magic Service Name	: OUT : False : - : False : Start
Interface Sec Type Configured IP Address Init MRU Encapsulation UseDhcp DRoute	: 0.0.0.0 : 1500 : PPPOA : False : False	Magic Service Name	: aal5-0 : OUT : False : - : False : Start

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
If-Name	This specifies the PPP interface for the PPP Links: It may be:
	ppp- 0, ppp-1
L2TP Call Type	This field specifies the l2tp call type.
Interface Sec	Interface security type.
Type	
Phy Interface	This specifies Name of the lower interface on which PPP is run-
	ning. It may be: aal5-0, aal5-1
Configured IP	This specifies the IP Address for the PPP Link.
Address	
NAT Direction	This variable specifies whether this interface's address is inside
	or outside. It may be: inside, outside, none
Init MRU	The initial Maximum Receive Unit (MRU) that the local PPP entity
	will advertise to the remote entity
Magic	This specifies whether the local node will attempt to perform Mag-
	ic Number negotiation with the remote node. It may be: True,
	False

Use Gateway	with any numbered interface. This specifies whether local or remote gateway is to be used.
If-Name	terface. A "-" indicates that this ppp interface is not associated
Associated Num	This specifies the interface name of the associated numbered in-
Address	
Gateway IP	This specifies the IP Address of the Gateway.
	may be: Start, Stop, StartOnData.
Status	This shows whether PPP session on this interface is active. It
Droute	Default Route
	using IPCP or not.
UseDns	This specifies whether DNS server addresses are to be obtained
	tion. It may be either True or False
UseDhcp	This specifies whether DHCP is to be used for address negotia-
	the name of the ISP.
Service Name	This specifies the service name used for PPPoE. It is generally
	It may be: PPPOA, PPPOE
Encapsulation	This specifies the lower layer protocol used below this PPP Link.

None.

References

- delete ppp intf command
- create ppp intf command
- get ppp intf command
- ppp lstatus related commands
- ppp security related commands.

3.252 modify ppp security

Description

Use this command to change the login or password setting for the PPP Interface.

Command Syntax

modify ppp security ifname interface-name [pap|chap] [login
login-name] [passwd password]

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security
	entry is to be modified.

	Type: Mandatory Valid values: ppp-0 - *,, default. The default entry gets used in case there is no specific entry for that in- terface.
pap chap	This is the protocol used for authentication Type: Optional Default value: pap
login login-name	This is the login name Type: Optional Valid values: String of up to 128 Characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'-'z', '0'-'9','-','_') and any combination of printable characters excluding ';'
passwd password	This is the password used to authenticate the user Type: Optional Valid values: String of Upto 128 Characters('A'- 'Z', 'a'-'z', '0'-'9','-','_') and any combination of printable characters excluding ';'

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify ppp security ifname ppp-0 login xyz passwd wer

Output

Verbose Mode On

IfName : ppp-0 Protocol : PAP Login : abc

Set Done

IfName : ppp-0 Protocol : PAP Login : xyz

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
IfName	This specifies the PPP interface for which the security entry has been modified It may be: ppp-0 - *,, default. The default entry gets used in case there is no specific entry for that interface.
Protocol	This is the protocol used for authentication It may be: PAP, CHAP
Login	This is the login name.

None.

References

- delete ppp security command
- get ppp security command
- create ppp security command
- ppp 1status related commands
- ppp intf related commands

3.253 modify rip global

Description

This command is used for modifying global parameters of RIP.

Command Syntax

modify rip global [enable|disable] [updatetime update-time] [agetime
age-time]

Parameters

Name	Description
enable disable	Dynamically Enable/Disable RIP on IAD.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
Updatetime update-time	This is the timer frequency at which the RIP would
1	broadcast its routes to all its neighbors
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295
agetime age-time	This is the timer frequency at which RIP would age a
	route, if an update is not received for this duration.
	This value should be larger than the ripUpdateTime. It
	is recommended for ripAgeTime = 6*ripUpdateTime.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ modify rip global enable updatetime 10

Output

Verbose Mode On

```
RIP status : enable
RIP route update time(sec) : 20
RIP route age time(sec) : 20

Set Done

RIP status : enable
RIP route update time(sec) : 10
RIP route age time(sec) : 20
```

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
RIP status	This tells whether RIP is enabled or disabled
	This tells the timer frequency at which the RIP would broadcast its routes to all its neighbors
RIP route age time	This tells the timer frequency at which RIP would age
	a route, if an update is not received for this duration.

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None.

References

None.

3.254 modify rip inff

Description

Use this command to modify RIP protocol parameters on the specified IP Interface.

Command Syntax

modify rip intf ifname interface-name [send
{rip1|rip2|rip1compat|none}] [senddefroute

{enable|disable}] [receive {rip1|rip2|both|none}] [recvdefroute {enable|disable}] [auth {none|text password}]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	Specifies the IP Interface name on which RIP is
	to be started.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, veth-0 - *, ppp-0,
	ppp-0-* eoa-0 - *,ipoa-0-*, usb-0
send	This specifies the packet format to be used for
{rip1 rip2 rip1compat none}	sending RIP updates and requests
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: rip1, rip2, rip1compat, none
senddefroute {enable disable}	If Default route is to be included in the updates
	sent on the interface, or not.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
receive {rip1 rip2 both none}	This specifies the packet format to be accepted
	while receiving RIP updates and requests and
	responses
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: rip1, rip2, both, none
Recvdefroute {enable disable}	If Default route is to be processed in the updates
	received on the interface or not.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable
auth none auth text	If ripAuthentication has been enabled, what
password	should be the password. If ripAuthentication is
Γ	Text then ripAuthPasswd cannot be left blank
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: none or if text then password of
	length 16

Mode

Super-User

Example

modify rip intf ifname ppp-0 metric 2 senddefroute disable

Output

Verbose Mode On:

IP Interface Name : ppp-0 RIP Interface Metric : 1
RIP Send Mode : rip1 RIP Receive Mode : rip1
RIP Send Def Route : Enable RIP Recv Def Route : Disable
RIP packet auth : None

Set Done

IP Interface Name : ppp-0 RIP Interface Metric : 2
RIP Send Mode : rip1 RIP Receive Mode : rip1
RIP Send Def Route : Enable RIP Recv Def Route : Disable
RIP packet auth : None

Verbose Mode Off:

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
IP Interface Name	This tells the IP Interface name on which RIP is to be
	stopped.
RIP Interface Metric	This tells the metric value attached to the interface.
	The metric is used by RIP in deciding which among
	alternate routes is the most optimal.
RIP Send Mode	This tells the packet format used for sending RIP up-
	dates and requests
RIP Receive Mode	This tells the packet format accepted while receiving
	RIP updates and requests and responses
RIP Send Def Route	This tells whether default route is to be included in the
	updates sent on the interface, or not.
RIP Recv Def Route	This tells whether default route is to be processed in
	the updates received on the interface or not.
RIP packet auth	This tells whether RIP authentication is enabled or not.

Caution

None.

References

None.

3.255 modify smtp servaddr

Description

Use this command to modify SMTP server address.

Command Syntax

modify smtp servaddr [ip-address|dname domain-name]

	•
Name	Description

ip-address dname	domain-name	This parameter specifies the IP address or fully qualified domain name used for configuring the SMTP server address. 0.0.0.0 IP address will
		remove the existing server address.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: Valid IP address or fully qualified
		domain name.

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ modify smtp servaddr 192.168.1.1

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Server Address	Server Domain Name
192.168.10.20	abc.xyz.com
Set Done	
Server Address	Server Domain Name
192.168.1.1	def.wxy.com

Verbose Mode Off:

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Server Address	IP address of the SMTP server.
Server Domain Name	The fully qualified domain name of the SMTP server.

Caution

None.

References

get smtp servaddr command

3.256 modify snmp trap

Description

Use this command to enable or disable SNMP traps.

Command Syntax

modify snmp trap {enable|disable}

Parameters

Name	Description
	This specifies whether SNMP Traps are to be enabled or disabled. Type: Mandatory
	i ype. Manuatory

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify snmp trap disable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Snmp Trap Enabled

Set Done

Snmp Trap Disabled

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Snmp Trap	This is the SNMP Trap Status. It may be: Enabled,
	Disabled

Caution

None.

References

- get snmp trap command
- snmp host related commands
- snmp comm related commands
- snmp stats related commands.

3.257 modify sntp cfg

Description

Use this command to modify the SNTP configuration.

Command Syntax

modify sntp cfg [enable|disable]

Parameters

Name	Description
enable disable	SNTP service is enabled or disabled. Type : Optional
	Valid values: enable or disable

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify sntp cfg enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

Status : Disable

Set Done

Status : Enable

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
Status	SNTP service is disabled or enabled.

None.

References

- create sntp servaddr command
 get sntp servaddr command
 delete sntp servaddr command
- get sntp cfg commandget sntp stats command
- reset sntp stats command

3.258 modify stp info

Description

Use this command to alter the configuration for the spanning tree protocol group.

Command Syntax

modify stp info [priority priority-value] [maxage maximum- age] [htime hello-time] [fdelay forward-delay] [enable|disable]

Name	Description
priority priority- value	The priority value accorded to the bridge. This should be input in Hexadecimal Format. It forms the 1 st two octets of the Designated Bridge Id. Type: Optional Valid values: 0-65535
maxage max imum-age	The value (in seconds) that all bridges use for MaxAge when this bridge is acting as the root. Type: Optional Valid values: 6-40
htime hello-time	The value (in seconds) that all bridges use for Hello- Time when this bridge is acting as the root Type: Optional Valid values: 1-10
fdelay forward-delay	The value (in seconds) that all bridges use for Forward Delay when this bridge is acting as the root.

	Type: Optional Valid values: 4-30
Enable disable	Global status of STP

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify stp info priority 0x20 maxage 25 htime 5 fdelay 20 enable

Output

Verbose Mode On

```
: IEEE 8021D
                                                     Priority
Protocol Spec.
0x8000
Top. Changes
                  : 1
                                                          Curr Top. Age(sec)
 : 35.0
Desig Root
                     : 80:00:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20
                                                   Root Cost
                  : None
                                                       Hold Time (sec)
Root If-name
  : 1.0
Br Max Age(sec)
                 : 20
                                                          Curr Max Age (sec)
  : 20.0
Br Hello Time(sec) : 2
                                                          Curr Hello
Time(sec) : 2.0
Br Fwd Delay(sec) : 15
                                                         Curr Fwd Delay (sec)
  : 15.0
Status
                : Disable
Set Done
                : IEEE 8021D
Protocol Spec.
                                                     Priority :
0x8000
Top. Changes
                  : 1
                                                          Curr Top. Age(sec)
 : 35.0
Desig Root
                     : 80:00:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20
                                                   Root Cost
Root If-name
                  : None
                                                       Hold Time (sec)
  : 1.0
Br Max Age(sec)
                   : 20
                                                          Curr Max Age (sec)
  : 20.0
Br Hello Time(sec) : 2
                                                          Curr Hello
Time (sec) : 2.0
Br Fwd Delay(sec) : 15
                                                           Curr Fwd Delay
(sec) : 15.0
Status
                 : Enable
```

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Field	Description
Protocol Spec	This indicates the Spanning Tree Protocol running. It
	may be:

	DECLB100, IEEE 8021D, Unknown
Priority	Bridge Priority. It is equal to the value of the 1 st 2 oc-
_	tets of the designated Bridge Id. The value as given in
	'bridge static' commands represents the last
	6 octets of the Id.
Top. Changes	This specifies the number of times the topology was
lop. Changes	changed since reset
Curr Top. Age(Sec)	This specifies the time elapsed (in seconds) since the
cuil lop. Age (Sec)	last topology change
Desig Root	This specifies The Bridge Id of the root of the spanning
Debig Neet	tree as determined by the STP running on this node.
	This value is used as the Root Identifier parameter in
	all Configuration Bridge PDUs originated by this node.
Root Cost	The cost of the path to the root as seen from this
	bridge
Root If-name	The interface which offers the lowest cost path from
	this bridge to the root bridge
Hold Time (Sec)	This minimum time interval in seconds, between two
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Configuration bridge PDUs transmitted by this node.
Br Max Age(Sec)	The maximum age (in seconds) of Spanning Tree
	Protocol information learned from the network on any
	port before it is discarded when this Bridge is the root
	of the Spanning Tree. It may range between 6 and 40.
Curr Max Age (Sec)	The actual maximum age (in seconds) of Spanning
	Tree Protocol information learned from the network on
	any port before it is discarded. It is derived from the Br
	Max Age of the Root Node. 802.1D-1990 specifies that
	the range for this parameter is related to the value of
	"Br Hello Time"
Br Hello Time(Sec)	The value (in seconds) that all bridges use for Hello-
	Time when
	this bridge is acting as the root. It may range between:
	1 and 10
Curr Hello Time(Sec)	The actual amount of time between the transmission
	of Configuration bridge PDUs by this node on any port
Br Fwd Delay(Sec)	The value (in seconds) that all bridges use for Forward
	Delay when this bridge is acting as the root. 802.1D-
	1990 specifies that the range for this parameter is
	related to the value of "Br Max Age". It may range between: <i>4</i> and <i>30</i>
Curr Fwd Delay (Sec)	This actual time value (in seconds) which determines
Curr Fwd Delay (Sec)	how fast a port changes its spanning state when
	moving towards the Forwarding state. It is used to
	determine how long the port stays in each of the Lis-
	tening and Learning states, which precede the For-
	warding state; and also when a topology change has
	been detected and is underway, to age all dynamic
	entries in the Forwarding Database.
Status	Gloabal status of STP
	Cioasai status oi OTI

None.

References

get stp global command

❖ STP port related commands.

3.259 modify stp port

Description

Use this command to alter the configuration for the spanning tree protocol.

Command Syntax

modify stp port ifname interface-name [enable|disable] [pcost path-cost] [priority priority-value]

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	The port number of the port for which modification are
	to be done.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: eth-0, aal5-0 - *
enable disable	Admin status of Port.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: enable, disable
pcost path-cost	The contribution of this port to the path cost of paths
ſ -	towards the spanning tree root which included this
	port.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-65535
priority priority-	The value of the priority field. It should be input in
value	Hexadecimal Format.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0x0 to 0xFF

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify stp port ifname eth-0 disable pcost 1000 priority 0x10

Output

Verbose Mode On

Port Name : eth-0 Priority : 0x0
State : Forwarding Status : Enable
Path Cost : 100 Desig Cost : 0

Desig Root: 80:00:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20 Desig Bridge: 80:00:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20

Desig Port : 0x8000 Fwd Transitions : 1

Set Done

Port Name : eth-0 Priority : 0x10
State : Disabled Status : Disable
Path Cost : 1000 Desig Cost : 0
Desig Root : 80:00:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20 Desig Bridge : 80:00:00:10:5A:6C:DB:20

Desig Port : 0x8000 Fwd Transitions : 1

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Port Name	The port for which this entry contains Spanning Tree Protocol management information
Priority	Port Priority. It is contained in the first octet of the 2 octet Port Id. The other octet is used to derive the port name above.
State	The port's current state for STP. This state controls what action a port takes on reception of a frame. For example, a malfunctioning port will be placed in the broken state. The valid values are: Disabled, Blocking, Listening, Learning, Forwarding, Broken
Status	The Admin Status of the port. The possible values are: Enable, Disable
Path Cost	The contribution of this port to the path cost of paths towards the spanning tree root which included this port. 802.1D-1990 recommends that the default value of this parameter be in inverse proportion to the speed of the attached LAN.
Desig Cost	The path cost of the Designated Port of the segment connected to this port. This value is compared to the Root Path Cost field in received
Desig Root	The unique Bridge Identifier of the Bridge recorded as the Root in the Configuration BPDUs transmitted by the Designated Bridge for the segment to which the port is attached
Desig Bridge	The Bridge Identifier of the bridge which this port considers to be the Designated Bridge for this port's segment
Desig Port	The Port Identifier of the port on the Designated Bridge for this port's segment
Fwd Transitions	The number of times this port has transitioned from the Learning state to the Forwarding state

Caution

The specified interface should be an existing bridge interface. Please refer to the create bridge port intf command.

References

- get stp port command
- create bridge port command
- stp global related commands
- bridge ports related commands

3.260 modify system

Description

Use this command to modify the system parameters.

Command Syntax

modify system [contact sys-contact] [model model-name] [location syslocation] [vendor sys-vendor-info] [logthresh sys-log-threshold]
[systime systime] [dst <on|off>] [timezone <timezone>] [name <name>]
[dname <domain>]

Name	Description
contact sys-contact	This contains the textual identification of the contact person for this modem, together with information on how to contact this person Type: Optional Valid values: String of upto 64 ASCII Characters
model model-name	This specifies the name of the modem Type: Optional Valid values: String of upto 64 ASCII Characters
location sys-location	This specifies the physical location of this modem Type: Optional Valid values: String of upto 64 ASCII Characters
vendor sys-vendor-info	This contains the vendor-specific information Type: Optional Valid values: String of upto 64 ASCII Characters
logthresh sys-log- threshold	This specifies the severity level of trap equal to or lower than that shall be logged. 1 is the lowest and represents critical traps. Type: Optional Valid values: 0-4
systime systime	This specifies the current system time Type: Optional Valid values: System Time String in format. The total string length must be 20 characters. Single digits should be prepended with a '0', e.g. '1' should be given as '01'

mon dd hh:mm:ss year
e.g. "Feb 01 21:20:10 2001"
This contains the host name for this modem
Type: Optional
Valid values: String of upto 64 ASCII Charac-
ters
This specifies if the Daylight Savings Time has
been enabled or not.
Type: Optional
Valid values: on off
This specifies the timezone that has been set on
the modem
Type: Optional
Valid values: +hhmm
This contains the domain name for this modem.
Type: Optional
Valid values: String of upto 63 ASCII Charac-
ters

Mode

Super-User.

Example

 $\$ modify system systime "Feb 01 21:20:10 2001" model "titanium" dname "globespanvirata"

Output

Verbose Mode On

Model : Titanium

Name : Name of the unit
Domain Name : globespanvirata

 ${\tt Description} \qquad \textbf{:} \ {\tt DSL} \ {\tt Modem}$

Location : GlobespanVirata Inc.,100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank,NJ 07701,U.S.A Contact : GlobespanVirata Inc.,100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank,NJ 07701,U.S.A Vendor : GlobespanVirata Inc.,100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank,NJ 07701,U.S.A

LogThreshold : 0

Object-id : 1.3.6.1.4.1.200

HwVersion : 71fb0922

SwVersion : VIK-1.37.020524a/T93.3.8

DSL Version : T93.3.8

System Time : Feb 01 21:20:10 2001

Time Zone : GMT DST : Off

Services : physical datalink internet end-to-end applications

UpTime(HH:MM:SS): 0:0:9

Set Done

Model : Titanium

Name : Name of the unit
Domain Name : globespanvirata
Description : DSL Modem

Location : GlobespanVirata Inc., 100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank, NJ

07701,U.S.A

Contact : GlobespanVirata Inc.,100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank,NJ 07701,U.S.A

Vendor : GlobespanVirata Inc., 100 Schulz Drive, Red Bank, NJ

07701,U.S.A

LogThreshold : 0

Object-id : 1.3.6.1.4.1.200 HwVersion : 71fb0922

SwVersion

DSL Version

: VIK-1.37.020524a/T93.3.8 : T93.3.8 : Feb 01 21:20:10 2001 System Time

Time Zone : GMT DST : Off

Services : physical datalink internet end-to-end applications

UpTime(HH:MM:SS) : 0:0:9

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Model	This specifies the name of the system
Name	This specifies the host name of the modem
Domain name	This specifies the domain name of the modem.
Description	This is textual description of the entity
Location	This specifies the physical location of this node
Contact	This shows the textual identification of the contact person for this managed node, together with information on how to contact this person.
Vendor	This shows the vendor-specific information
LogThreshold	This specifies the severity level of trap equal to or lower than that shall be logged. 1 is the lowest and represents critical traps.
Object-id	This shows the vendor's authoritative identification of the network management subsystem contained in the entity.
HwVersion	This specifies the hardware and firmware version of the system.
SwVersion	This specifies the software version of the system
DSL Version	This specifies the DSL-version of the system
System Time	This shows the current system time.
Time Zone	This specifies the time zone that has been set on the modem.
DST	This specifies whether Daylight Saving Time has been enabled or not.
Services	This specifies the functionality provided by this node. These may be: physical, datalink, internet, end-to-end, applications
Up Time	This specifies the time in seconds since the system is up

Caution

None.

- get system command
- commit command.

3.261 modify system timezone

Description

Use this command to modify the system parameters.

Command Syntax

Parameters

Name	Description

Mode

Example

Output

Verbose Mode On

Verbose Mode Off

Set DoneOutput field description

Field	Description	

Caution

References

3.262 modify trace cfg

Description

Use this command to modify the trace and log configuration for a specific module.

Command Syntax

modify trace cfg module module-name|all [flow trace-flow]
[level trace-level] [syslog|net|stdout] [dest ip-address]
[port port-number]

Parameters

Name	Description
module module- name all	This specifies the module whose trace/log configuration is to be modified. Type: Mandatory Valid values: GCOS, ALPS, MEA5, OAM, CIN, GAG, CDB, LED, CLI, SAG, HAG, PPE, ATM, DCL, EOA, TBG, PPP, EMAC, DSL, USB, SPI, NVM, SPAN, SSI
flow trace-flow	This indicates a Hexadecimal bitmask which sets the filter for trace flow Type: Optional Valid values: 0x0 to 0xffffffff
level trace-level	This indicates a Hexadecimal bitmask which sets the filter for trace level Type: Optional Valid values: 0x0 to 0xffffffff
syslog net stdout	This specifies the type of logging to be done. Incase net or syslog is specified then dest and port must be specified. Type: Optional
dest ip-address	This specifies the IP address for host for logging for trace type syslog and net. It is invalid incase of trace type stdout Type: Mandatory when type is modified to net or syslog; else it is invalid Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address
port port-number	Port number on which host is listening for trace info to be logged incase of trace type syslog and net. It is invalid incase of trace type stdout Type: Mandatory when type is modified to net or syslog; else it is invalid Valid values: 0-4294967295

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify trace cfg module GAG flow 0x1 level 0x1

Output

Verbose Mode On

Module	Flow	Level	Type	Destn	Port
GAG	0x0	0x0	Stdout	0.0.0.0	0
Set Done					
Module	Flow	Level	Type	Destn	Port
GAG	0x1	0x1	Stdout	0.0.0.0	0

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
Module	This specifies the module for trace/log config whose information is being displayed: It can be: GCOS, ALPS, MEA5, OAM, CIN, GAG, CDB, LED, CLI, SAG, HAG, PPE, ATM, DCL, EOA, TBG, PPP, EMAC, DSL, USB, SPI, NVM, SPAN, SSI
Flow	This indicates a Hexadecimal bitmask which sets the filter for trace flow.
Level	This indicates a Hexadecimal bitmask which sets the filter for trace level.
Type	This specifies the type of logging to be done. It may be: Syslog, Net, Stdout
Destn	This specifies the IP address for host for logging for trace type syslog and net. It is invalid incase of trace type stdout
Port	Port number on which host is listening for trace info to be logged incase of trace type syslog and net. It is invalid incase of trace type stdout

Caution

None.

References

- \diamond get trace cfg command
- get trace stats command

3.263 modify trapprints

Description

Use this command to enable or disable trap prints on CLI.

Command Syntax

modify trapprints enable|disable

Parameters

Name	Description	
enable disable	Desired state of Trap prints.	
	Type : Mandatory	
	Valid values: enable, disable	

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ modify trapprints enable

Output

Trap Prints Enabled

Output field description

None

Caution

None.

References

get trapprints command

3.264 modify usagectrl

Description

Use this command to modify Usage Control Configuration.

Command Syntax

modify usagectrl [maxusers <decvalue>] [enable|disable]

Parameters

Name	Description
	This field specifies the maximum number of data users, who can have simultaneous access to the WAN side. Type: Optional Valid values: 1 - 8
enable disable	This specifies the usage control status. Type: Optional Valid Value: enable, disable

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ modify usagectrl enable 0

Output

Verbose Mode On

Max Da	ta Users	Status	
5			 disable
Set Do	ne		
Max Da	ta Users	Status	
5		enable	

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
	This field specifies the maximum number of data users, who can have simultaneous access to the WAN side.
Status	This field specifies the status of usage control.

Caution

None.

References

- get usagectrl command
- get datauserslist command
- * reset datauserslist command.

3.265 modify usb inff

Description

Use this command to modify the properties of an USB interface.

Command Syntax

modify usb intf ifname interface-name [ip ip-address]
[mask net-mask]

Parameters

Name	Description						
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the name assigned to this						
	interface.						
	Type: Mandatory						
	Valid values: usb-0						
_{ip} ip-address	The IP address to be assigned to interface.						
1 1	Type: Optional						
	Valid values: Any valid class A/B/C IP address						
	Default value: 0.0.0.0						
mask net-mask	This parameter specifies the subnet mask to be ap-						
	plied to the IP address.						
	Type: Optional						
	Valid values: 128.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.254						
	Default value: 0.0.0.0						

Mode

Example

\$ modify usb intf ifname usb-0 ip 172.25.8.100

Output

Verbose Mode On

IfName	If SecType	Ip Address	Mask	Nat I	oir Oper
usb-0	Public	192.168.1	255.255	5.255.0 I	nside Down
Set Done	:				
IfName	If SecType	Ip Address	Mask	Nat D	oir Oper
usb-0	Public	172.25.8.1	255.255.	255.0 In	nside Down

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

Field	Description
IfName	The name of the interface, which has been created.
Ip Address	IP address assigned to the USB interface.
Mask	Network mask to be applied to the IP Address.
Nat Dir	This specifies the NAT direction, which may be: inside, outside
	or none.
Oper	The actual/current state of the interface. It can be either <i>Up</i> or
	Down
If Sec Type	Interface security type.

Caution

None.

References

- create usb intf command
- delete usb intf command
- get usb intf intf command
- get usb stats command.

3.266 modify zipb cfg enable

Description

Use this command to either enable or disable the ZIPB mode of the modem.

Command Syntax modify zipb cfg enable

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User

Example

modify zipb cfg enable

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

None.

3.267 passwd

Description

Use this command to change the password associated with a user login. An ordinary user may change the password for another user if the old password is known to him. However, the root does not need to know a user's existing password before changing it. The passwords are not echoed onto the screen.

Command Syntax
Passwd [user-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
user-id	The id of the user whose password is to be changed. If not spec-

ified then the current user is assumed.

Type: Mandatory, if user is logged in through serial port and user authentication is disabled through serial port. Otherwise, Optional.

Valid values: String of up to 128 characters (All printable characters except ';')

Mode

Super-User, Intermediate, User

Example

See Sessions below

Normal Usage

\$passwd
Old Password:
New Password:
Confirm New Password:
Set Done.

Super User (for ordinary user)

\$passwd User1
New Password:
Confirm New Password:
Set Done.

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

get user command

3.268 ping

Description

This command is used to send one or more ICMP messages to another host for a reply.

Command Syntax

ping {ip-address|dname domain-name} [-t|-n number] [-i timeto-live] [-w seconds] [-s size]

Parameters

Name	Description					
ip-address dname domain-name	This specifies the Destination address to be pinged. Type: Mandatory Valid values: Any Valid IP Address (0.0.0.0 – 255.255.255.255) or Domain Name (String of Max 63 characters ('a'-'z', 'A'- 'Z', '0'-'9', '-', '_and '.')					
-t	This specifies to ping the host continuously until the user interrupts. Type: Optional					
-n number	This specifies the number of pings to send to host. Type: Optional Valid values: 1-65535 Default value: 4					
-w seconds	This specifies the time interval between successive ping requests Type: Optional Valid values: 0-65535 Default value: 2					
-i time-to-live	This specifies the time to live to be filled in the ping request Type: Optional Valid values: 0 – 255 Default value: 64					
-s size	This specifies the size of payload for ping. Type: Optional Valid values: 4-1472 Default value:64					

Mode

Super-User, user

Example

\$ ping 192.168.1.13

Output

```
$ ping 192.168.1.13
64 bytes of data from 192.168.1.13, seq=0 ttl=64 rtt=0.000 msec
64 bytes of data from 192.168.1.13, seq=1 ttl=64 rtt=0.000 msec
64 bytes of data from 192.168.1.13, seq=2 ttl=64 rtt=0.000 msec
64 bytes of data from 192.168.1.13, seq=3 ttl=64 rtt=0.000 msec
----- Ping Statistics -----
4 packets transmitted, 4 packets received, 0 percent packet loss
```

Output field description

Field	Description
64 bytes of	This denotes the number of bytes in the ping packet
	and the source IP Address.
Seq	This denotes the ping attempt counter value.
Tt1	This is the Time to live for the packet.
Rtt	This denotes the Round trip Time for the packet. A
	value less than 10ms is shown as 0

Caution

If there is only one user login with root privileges then that entry cannot be deleted.

References

traceroute command.

3.269 prompt

Description

Use this command to set the new CLI prompt.

Command Syntax prompt new-prompt

Parameters

Name	Description					
new-prompt	The new prompt string.					
	Type: Mandatory					
	lid values: String of upto 19 characters (All characters					
	except ';', ' ', '?')					

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ prompt \$\$\$

Output

Set Done \$\$\$

Output field description

None.

Caution

The modified prompt is not saved across a reboot.

References

None.

3.270 rdf

Description

Use this command to reaf from flash.

Command Syntax

rdf [dev dev-name] [addr addr] [len len] [format
<hex|dec>]

Parameters

Name	Description									
dev dev-name	This indicates the flash device on which the read operation is									
	to be performe									
	Type: Optional									
	Valid values: prim, sec, log, Manu, def, dhcp.Default Value:									
	primary									
addr addr	addr is location from where the contents are to be read from									
	memory. It should be specified in hexadecimal format.									
	Type: Mandatory									
	Valid Values: valid memory address									
len len	Len is the number of bytes that are to be read from the spec-									
	ified location.									
	Type: Optional. Valid values : 1-									
	Default Value: 32									
format <hex dec></hex dec>	Format is hex or dec, i.e. whether the user wants to view the									
	contents in hexadecimal or decimal									
	Type: Optional.									
	Valid values: hex or decDefault Value: hex									

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

\$ rdf dev primary offset 6000 length 24 format dec

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Device Name: Prim

Address Data (Dec)

6000 6018

Verbose Mode Off:

Device Name: Prim

Address Data (Dec)

10 16 12 52 17 33 52 20 52 255 12 16 12 52 17 34 5 2 52 255 15 16 13 52 6000

6018

Output field description

Field	Description
Device Name	This indicates the flash device (prim) from which the contents are read.
Address	This is the address of the memory location whose contents have been read.
Data (Dec)	These are the values that are read from memory. And (Dec) signifies that the values are displayed in decimal format.

Caution

None.

References

* rdm command

** memset command

3.271 rdm

Description

Use this command to read from memory.

Command Syntax rdm [VREG|NREG|NONE] addr addr [len len] [format <hex|dec>]

Parameters

Name	Description
[VREG NREG NONE]	This indicates that addr is from VREG_BASE/NREG_BASE/NONE. If NONE is specified, the base address is taken as 0. Type: Optional Valid values: VREG, NREG or NONE Default Value: NONE.
addr addr	addr is location from where the contents are to be read from memory. It should be specified in hexadecimal format. Type: Mandatory Valid Values: valid memory address
len len	Len is the number of bytes that are to be read from the specified offset. Type: Optional. Valid values: 1-65535Default Value: 32
format <hex dec></hex dec>	Format is hex or dec, i.e. whether the user wants to view the contents in hexadecimal or decimal Type: Optional. Valid values: hex or decDefault Value: hex

Mode

User, Super-User.

Example

A. \$ rdm VREG addr 8 len 24 format hex

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Address	D	ata	(Hex	.)										
80008 80018							34	FF	0C	10	0C	34	11	22

Verbose Mode Off: Address Data (Hex)

Address Data (Hex)	
80008	11 22

Example

B. \$ rdm addr 9000 len 24 format dec Verbose Mode On:

Address Data (Dec)

9000	10	11	20	34	11	21	05	02	34	54	12	10	20	34	11	22
9018	0.5	0.2	34	5.5	14	1.0	20	34								

Verbose Mode Off:

Address Data (Dec)

9000	10	11	20	34	11	21	05	02	34	54	12	10	20	34	11	22
Q N 1 Q	0.5	0.2	3 /	55	1 /	1 0	20	3 /								

Output field description

Field	Description
Address	This is the address of the memory location from where the
	contents have been read.
Data (Hex)	These are the values that are read from memory. And (Hex)
	signifies that the values are displayed in hexadecimal format.

Caution

None.

References

- rdf command
- memset command.

3.272 reboot

Description

Use this command to reboot the modem and to set the boot configuration (the source from which to boot up).

Command Syntax

reboot [default|backup|last|minimum|clean]

Parameters

Name	Description
default backup last	This specifies the boot configuration – the source from
minimum clean	which to boot up. The boot configuration is set to last
	automatically whenever a <i>commit</i> command is given.

The boot configuration being an optional parameter, if it is not specified, it retains the previous value. So giving *reboot* after a *commit* will result in a reboot from the committed configuration.

Default: Use Default factory configuration while booting up.

Backup: Use the Backup configuration to boot the modem.

Last: Use last committed configuration to boot the modem.

Minimum: Use a configuration in which:

Clean: The modem comes up with nothing configured.

Type: Optional

Default value: If a reboot is being given for the first time, then the default value is *default*. Otherwise, the default value is the same as what was given the last time.

Mode		
	Super-Us	ser, User.
Example \$ reboot		
Output		
	None.	
Output field description		
	None.	
Caution		
	None.	
References		
	*	commit command.

Description

3.273 remove

Use this command to remove a configuration or binary file stored on the modem.

Command Syntax

remove fname file-name

Parameters

Name	Description
file-name	This specifies the file name which needs to be removed.
	Type: mandatory
	Valid values: string of upto 128 characters
	('A'-'Z', 'a'-'z', '0'-'9', '-', '_')

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ remove fname myconfig.cfg

Output

Verbose Mode On

File removed

Verbose Mode Off

File removed

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

- get autoupdate command
- modify autoupdate command
- **❖** apply **command**.
- 1ist command.
- download command.

3.274 reset atm aal5 stats

Description

Use this command to reset AAL5 VC statistics for the specified interface.

Command Syntax

reset atm aal5 stats ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-name	This parameter specifies the interface for which infor-
	mation is desired. In case the field is not specified,
	then the information for all valid aal5 interfaces should
	be displayed.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: aal5-0 - *

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ reset atm aa15 stats ifname aa15-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

Set Done

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

oam lpbk command

- atm trfdesc related commands
- ❖ atm vc related commands
- atm port and statistics related commands

3.275 reset atm stats

Description

Use this command to reset ATM Port statistics for the specified interface.

Command Syntax

reset atm stats ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This parameter specifies the ATM port for which sta-
		tistics should be reset.
		Type: Mandatory
		Valid values: atm-0

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ reset atm stats ifname atm-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

Set Done

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

- ♦ oam lpbk command
- get atm stats command
- atm trfdesc related commands
- atm vc related commands
- atm port commands

3.276 reset atm vc stats

Description

Use this command to reset statistical information about a specific atm virtual circuit.

Command Syntax

reset atm vc stats ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the Virtual Circuit whose statistics are to
		be reset.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: aal5-0 - *

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ reset atm vc stats ifname aa15-0

Output

Verbose Mode On

Set Done

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

The specified atm vc should exist. That is, *create atm vc intf* command should have been run for this interface.

References

- ❖ oam lpbk command
- atm statistics related commands
- atm trfdesc related commands
- ❖ atm vc related commands.
- atm port commands.

3.277 reset bridge port stats

Description

Use this command to reset bridge port statistics.

Command Syntax

reset bridge port stats ifname interface-name

Parameters

Field		Description
ifname	interface-name	This specifies the bridge interface whose statistics are
		to be reset.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eoa-0 - *, eth-0, usb-0

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ reset bridge port stats ifname eth-0

Output

Set Done

Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
	<pre>bridge mode related commands</pre>
	<pre>bridge port intf related commands</pre>
	<pre>bridge static related commands</pre>
	<pre>bridge forwarding related commands.</pre>
3.278 reset bridge tbg sta	ts
Description	
Description	
	Use this command to reset statistics related to transparent bridging.
Command Syntax reset bridge tbg stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User
Example \$ reset bridge tbg stat	s
Output Set Done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
	<pre>bridge tbg info related commands</pre>

- bridge related commands
- bridge port stats related commands
- bridge static related commands
- bridge forwarding related commands

3.279 reset datauserslist

Description Use this command to delete all data users. **Command Syntax** reset datauserslist **Parameters** None. Mode Super-User **Example** \$ reset datauserslist Output Verbose mode on/off Set Done **Output field description** None. Caution None. References * get datauserslist command * get usagectrl command * modify usagectrl command.

3.280 reset dhcp relay stats

Description	
	This command resets the global DHCP Relay statistics.
Command Syntax reset dhcp relay stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User, User
Example \$ reset dhcp relay stat	s
Output	
	Verbose Mode On
Set Done	
	Verbose Mode Off
Set Done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
	<pre>get dhcp relay stats command</pre>
	dhcp relay cfg related commands
	dhcp relay intf related commands
3.281 reset dhcp server st	ats

Description

Use this command to reset the global DHCP Server statistics. **Command Syntax** reset dhcp server stats **Parameters** None. Mode Super-User **Example** \$ reset dhcp server stats Output Verbose Mode On Set Done Verbose Mode Off Set Done **Output field description** None. Caution None. References * get dhcp server stats command * dhcp server cfg related commands * dhcp server exclude related commands * dhcp server address related commands

dhcp server pool related commands.

3.282 reset dns relay stats

*

Description

	Use this command to reset DNS relay statistics
Command Syntax reset dns relay stats	
Mode	
	Super User
Output	
	Verbose mode on
	Set Done
	Verbose mode off
	Set Done
Caution:	
	None
References	
3.283 reset dsl stats cntrs	
Description	
	Use this command to reset DSL statistics error counters.
Command Syntax	
reset dsl stats cntrs	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	

	Super-User.
Example \$ reset dsl stats cntrs	
Output	
Set Done	Verbose Mode On
	Verbose Mode Off
Set Done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	<pre> get dsl stats cntrs command</pre>
3.284 reset dsl stats firs	
Description	Use this command to reset dsl statistics failures.
Command Syntax reset dsl stats flrs	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User.
Example \$ reset dsl stats cntrs	
Output	
Set Done	Verbose Mode On

Set Done	Verbose Mode Off
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	<pre> get dsl stats flrs command</pre>
3.285 reset fwl stats	
Description	
	Use this command to reset firewall statistics.
Command Syntax reset fwl stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User.
Example \$ reset fwl stats	
Output	
Set Done	Verbose Mode On/Off
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	

get fwl stats command

3.286 reset ipf session

Description Use this command to reset all IP filter sessions. **Command Syntax** reset ipf session **Parameters** None Mode Super-User Example \$ reset ipf session Output Verbose Mode On Set Done Verbose Mode Off Set Done Output field description None Caution This command is valid only when IP filter is enabled. References

get ipf session command
delete ipf session command

*

3.287 reset ipf rule stats

Description

Use this command to reset IP filter stats for a specific rule ID.

Command Syntax

reset ipf rule stats ruleid rule-id

Parameters

Name	Description
	The index given by the caller to identify the rule entry. Type : Mandatory Valid values : 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ reset ipf rule stats ruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On

Set done

Verbose Mode Off

Set done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

- get ipf rule stats command
- get ipf stats command
- reset ipf stats command

3.288 reset ipf stats

Description	
	Use this command to reset global statistics of the IP filter.
Command Syntax reset ipf stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User.
Example \$ reset ipf stats	
Output	
	Verbose Mode On
Set done	
	Verbose Mode Off
Set done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
	<pre>get ipf stats command</pre>
	<pre>get ipf rule stats command</pre>
	<pre>reset ipf rule stats command</pre>
3 289 reset 12th session sta	nts

Description

Use this command to reset 12tp session statistics for a L2TP session for particular PPP interface.

Command Syntax

reset 12tp session stats [pppifname interface-name]

Parameters

Name	Description
pppifname	Identifies the PPP interface name from which PPP
	packets are being tunneled Type: Optional
	Valid values: ppp-0, ppp-*

Mode

Super-User

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

get 12tp session stats command

s

3.290 reset 12tp tunnel stats

Description

Use this command to reset l2tp tunnel statistics for a particular tunnel interface.

Command Syntax

rreset 12tp tunnel stats ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name	Description
ifname interface-	Identifies the interface name for L2TP layer.
name	Type: Optional Valid values: I2t-0-I2t-*

Mode

Super-User

Example

reset 12tp tunnel stats ifname 12t-0

Output

Verbose Mode On/Off

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

get 12tp tunnel stats command

3.291 reset nat rule stats

Description

Use this command to reset statistics for the specified NAT rule or for all rules.

Command Syntax

reset nat rule stats [ruleid rule-id]

Parameters

Name	Description
Ruleid rule-id	This identifies the NAT rule, statistics pertaining to
	which are to be reset. If no rule ID is specified then
	Statistics for all the rules are reset.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1-4294967295

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ reset nat rule stats ruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On

Set Done

Verbose Mode Off

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

- get nat rule stats command
- nat rule status related commands
- nat rule entry related commands

3.292 reset nat stats

Description

Use this command to reset global NAT statistics.

Command Syntax reset nat stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User
Example \$ reset nat stats	
Output	
	Verbose Mode On
Set Done	
	Verbose Mode Off
Set Done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
	<pre>get nat stats command</pre>
	nat status info commands.
3.293 reset pfraw rule stat	s
Description	
•	Use this command to reset raw filter stats for a specific rule id.
Command Syntax reset pfraw rule stats	ruleid rule-id

Parameters

Name	Description
Ruleid rule-id	This identifies the rule index for which the statistics
	should be reset.
	Type: Mandatory
	Valid values: 0 - 65535
	Only existing rule ids accepted as input.

M	0	de	
IVI	U	ue	

Super-User.

Example

\$ reset pfraw rule stats ruleid 1

Output

Verbose Mode On

Set done

Verbose Mode Off

Set done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

pfraw related commands.

3.294 reset pfraw stats

Description

Use this command to reset global statistics of the raw filter.

Command Syntax reset pfraw stats

Parameters

	None.
Mode	
	Super-User.
Example \$ reset pfraw stats	
Output	
	Verbose Mode On
Set Done	
	Verbose Mode Off
Set Done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
	pfrawrelated commands.
3.295 reset rip stats	
Description	
	Use this command to reset RIP stats.
Command Syntax reset rip stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User and User

Example reset rip stats	
Output	
	Verbose Mode On
Set done	
	Verbose Mode Off
Set done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
	get rip stats commands.
3.296 reset sntp stats	
Description	
Description	Use this command to reset SNTP statistics.
	ose the command to reservoith statistics.
Command Syntax reset sntp stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	User, Super-User
Example \$ reset sntp stats	

Output Set Done	
Output field description	
	None.
Caution	
	None.
References	
3.297 reset stp stats	
•	
Description	
	Use this command to reset stp global statistics.
Command Syntax reset stp stats	
Parameters	
	None.
Mode	
	Super-User
Example \$ reset stp stats	
Output Set Done	
Output field description	

None.

None.

References

- \diamond modify stp info command
- stp port related commands.

3.298 reset stp port stats

Description

Use this command to reset the stp port stats for a specific interface.

Command Syntax

reset stp port stats ifname interface-name

Parameters

Name		Description
ifname	interface-name	The port for which this entry contains Spanning Tree Protocol management information. If no interface
		name is specified, then information for all entries is
		displayed.
		Type: Optional
		Valid values: eth-0, aal5-0 - *

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ reset stp port stats ifname eth-0

Output

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

- modify stp port command
- stp global related commands
- bridge ports related commands

3.299 reset surf profile reg

Description

Use this command to reset the surfing profile registration.

Command Syntax

reset surf profile reg

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ reset surf profile reg

Output

Verbose mode on/off

Set Done

Output field description

None.

Caution

None.

References

get surf profile cfg command.

3.300 reset traps

Description

This command deletes all traps. **Command Syntax** reset traps **Parameters** None. Mode Super-User. Example \$ reset traps Output Set Done **Output field description** None. Caution None. References

Description

3.301 size

Use this command to configure the system sizing information.

get traps command

Command Syntax

size [maxvc max-num-of-vcs] [max1483vc max-1483-vc] [maxppe max-ppe-session] [maxmac max-num-of-mac-addresses] [maxpfrawrule max-num-pfraw-rules] [maxpfrawsubrule max-pfraw-subrules] [maxipfrule max-num-ipf-rules] [max12tpTunnel max-12t-tunnel] [max12tpSessPerTunnel max-12t-session-per-tunnel] [max12tppeerrws max-12t-peer-recv-window]

Parameters

Name	Description
Maxvc max-num-of-vcs	This specifies the maximum number of VCCs
	supported over all ATM ports.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1- *
	Default value: 2
max1483vc max-1483-vc	This specifies the maximum AAL5 connections
	used for MEA5.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1- *
	Default value: 1
maxppe max-ppe-session	This specifies the maximum number of PPPoE
	sessions supported in the system
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1- * Default value: 1
maxmac max-num-of-mac-	This specifies the maximum number of MAC address that can be learnt by bridging module
addresses	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1 - *
	Default value: 256
	Maximum total number of rules that can be stored
maxpfrawrule max-num-	in global rule table
pfraw- rules	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1 - *
	Default value: 8
maxpfrawsubrule max-	Maximum total number of sub-rules that can be
pfraw- subrules	stored in sub-rule table
priaw- subruies	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1 - *
	Default value: 8
maxipfrule max-num-ipf- rules	Maximum total number of rules that can be stored
	in global ipfilter rule table.
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 1 - *
10 10.	Default Value: 50
max12tpTunnel mx-12t-tunnel	Maximum number of L2TP tunnels supported in
	the system.
max12tnCoggDormena1 max	Maximum number of DDD assessors according to
max12tpSessPerTunnel max-	Maximum number of PPP sessions supported per L2TP tunnel.
12t-session-per-tunnel	LZTP turiner.
max12tppeerrws max-12t- peer-	Maximum size of peer receive window size that
recv-window	can be handled.
	I .

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ size maxvc 4 max1483vc 2 maxppe 2 maxmac 6

Output

Verbose Mode On:

Verbose Mode Off:

Entry Created

Output field description

FIELD	DESCRIPTION
PPP Inactivity Timeout	This specifies the Inactivity timeout for PPP.
Ignore WAN to LAN traffic	Flag indicating whether to ignore WAN to LAN traffic for PPP Session timeout.
Max PPE Sessions	This specifies the maximum number of PPPoE sessions supported in the system.
Max TBG MAC address	This specifies the maximum number of MAC addresses that can be learned by the bridging module.
Max VCs	This specifies the maximum number of VCCs supported over all ATM ports.
Max 1483 VCs	This specifies the maximum AAL5 connections used for MEA5.
Max PFRaw Rules	Maximum total number of rules that can be stored in the global rule table.
Max PFRaw Subrules	Maximum total number of sub-rules that can be stored in the sub-rule table.
Max IPF Rules	Maximum total number of rules that can be stored in the global ipfilter rule table.
Max 12tp Tunnel	Maximum number of L2TP tunnels supported in the system.
Max 12tp Sess Per Tunnel	Maximum number of PPP sessions supported per L2TP tunnel.
Max L2TP Peer RWS	Maximum size of peer receive window size that can be handled.

Caution

None.

References

get sizeinfo command

3.302 traceroute

Description

This command is used to trace the route to the specified destination.

Command Syntax

traceroute {ip-address|dname domain-name} {ping|udp} [-m numof-hops] [-w wait-time] [-p udp-port-number] [-q num-ofprobes]

Parameters

Name	Description
ip-address dname	This specifies the Destination address to be pinged.
domain-name	Type: Mandatory
domain name	Valid values: Any Valid IP Address (0.0.0.0 –
	255.255.255.255) or Domain Name (String of Max 63
	characters ('a'-'z', 'A'- 'Z', '0'-'9', '-', '_'and '.')
Ping udp	Traceroute probe message type
	Type: Mandatory
-m num-of-hops	Maximum number of hops to search for ip-address
_	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-255
	Default value: 30
-w wait-time	This specifies the timeout in seconds
	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-65535
	Default value: 5
-p udp-port-number	Destination UDP port to be used, only when Probe is
	Udp
	Type: Optional.
	Valid values: 0-65535
	Default value: 32768
-q num-of-probes	Number of probes to be sent for each TTL value
_	Type: Optional
	Valid values: 0-255
	Default value: 3

Mode

Super-User, User

Example

\$ traceroute 192.168.1.13 ping

Output

```
Tracing route to [192.168.1.13]

Over a maximum of 30 hops

1  0.000000 ms  0.000000 ms  192.168.1.13

Trace complete.
```

Output field description

	a
Field	Description
i icia	Bescription

1	This denotes the hop counter value.
	These are the Round trip timings of the 3 probe packets sent. A * denotes that this probe was missed.
	This is the ip address of the intermediate/destination node.

_				
Са	•	t.	1	n

None.

References

ping command.

3.303 trigger ilmi

Description

Use this command to give a start trigger to the ILMI based auto configuration procedure. On receiving this trigger ILMI would initiate its procedures if ILMI is enabled.

Command Syntax trigger ilmi

Parameters

None.

Mode

Super-User.

Example

\$ trigger ilmi

Output

None.

Caution

The *trigger ilmi* command can be given after creating an ILMI interface in the enabled state using the *create ilmi intf* command, or after modifying the state to enabled using the *modify ilmi intf* command. Alternately, the triggering can be achieved automatically if the modem is rebooted after enabling the ILMI interface.

In case an ILMI interface is being created in the default configuration, the *create ilmi intf* command in the default configuration *must* be followed by a *trigger ilmi* command.

References

create ilmi intf command

3.304 wrm

Description

This command writes data in memory.

Command Syntax

wrm [VREG|NREG|NONE] addr addr data data

Parameters

Name	Description
[VREG NREG NONE]	This indicates that offset is from VREG_BASE/ NREG_BASE. If NONE is specified, the base address is taken as 0. Type: Optional Valid values: VREG, NREG or NONEDefault Value: NONE.
addr addr	addr is from where the data is to be written. Type : Mandatory
data data	Data is value that is to be written at the specified memory location. This should be specified in hexadecimal format. Type: Mandatory. Valid values: 1,2 or 4 bytes.

Mode

Super-User

Example

\$ wrm NREG addr 9000 data 0xab20

Output

None

Output field description

None

Caution

None.

References

- * rdf command.
- * rdm command.
- memset command.

4 CLI – Quick Reference Sheet

4.1 ALG Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create alg port	<pre>portno port-no [prot {any tcp udp icmp esp num <prot-number>}]</prot-number></pre>
	algtype {ftp snmp cuseeme 12tp ra rcmd mirc
	h323 q931 h323 ras pptp rtsp timbuktu 1dap sgicompcore
	msnmsgr ike esp}
delete alg port	<pre>portno port-no [prot {any tcp udp <prot- number="">}]</prot-></pre>
get alg port	[portno port-no]
get alg type	none

4.2 ATM Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create atm port	ifname interface-name [maxvc max-num-vccs]
	[fast interleaved] [oamsrc oam-src-id]
	[cbrpriority cbr-priority] [rtvbrpriority rtvbr-
	<pre>priority] [nrtvbrpriority nrtvbr-priority]</pre>
	[gfrpriority gfr-priority] [ubrpriority ubr-
	priority] [enable disable]
create atm trfdesc	trfindex traffic-descriptor-index
	[NOCLP_NOSCR CLP_NOTAG_MCR NOCLPSCR]
	[UBR GFR CBR RTVBR NRTVBR] [pcr peak-cell-rate]
	[mcr minimum-cell-rate] [scr sustained-cell-
	rate] [mbs maximum-burst-size]
create atm vc intf	ifname interface-name vpi vpi vci vci lowif
	virtual-atm-port- interface-name [enable disable]
	[trfindex traffic-descriptor- index] [aal5]
	[a5txsize aa15-cpcs-tx-sdu-size] [a5rxsize aa15-
	cpcs-rx-sdu-size] [vcmux llcmux none] [a5maxproto
	max-protocol- per-aal5] [vcweight vc-weight]
create atm svccfg	interface-name daddr dest-atm-address
	[pppoa eoa any] [nplan isdn atmes] [trfindex
	traffic-descriptor-index] [a5txsize aa15- cpcs-
	tx-sdu-size] [a5rxsize aa15-cpcs-rx-sdu-size]
	[vcmux 11cmux none]
create ipoa intf	ifname interface-name ip ip-address mask net-mask [type
	1577 non1577] [inside outside none] [ifsectype public private dmz] [gwy ip-address] [droute true false]
modify ipoa intf	ifname interface-name [ip ip-address] [mask net-mask]
	[qwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>] [droute true false]</ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
l	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

delete atm port	ifname interface-name
delete atm trfdesc	trfindex traffic-descriptor-index
delete atm vc intf	ifname interface-name
delete atm svccfg	[ifname interface-name]
delete ipoa intf	ifname interface-name
get atm 1483 stats	-
get atm aa15 stats	[ifname interface-name]
get atm port	[ifname interface-name]
get atm stats	[ifname interface-name]
get atm svccfg	[ifname interface-name]
get atm trfdesc	trfindex [traffic-descriptor-index]
get atm vc intf	[ifname interface-name]
get atm vc stats	[ifname interface-name]
get ipoa intf	[ifname interface-name]
get oam lpbk vc	[ifname interface-name]
modify oam cc vc	<pre>[mode auto manual] [action act deact] [dir src sink both] [ethercheck enable disable]</pre>
get oam cc vc	[ifname interface-name]
modify atm port	ifname interface-name {enable disable}
modify atm vc intf	ifname interface-name {enable disable}
modify atm svccfg	ifname <interface-name> start stop</interface-name>
modify oam lpbk vc	ifname interface-name [lbid oam-loopback-location-
	id] [e2e seg]
reset atm aa15 stats	ifname interface-name
reset atm stats	ifname interface-name
Reset atm vc stats	ifname interface-name

4.3 AutoDetect Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get autodetect cfg	none
modify autodetect cfg	[enable disable]

4.4 Bridge Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create bridge port intf	ifname interface-name
create bridge static	macaddr mac-address inifname interface-name all
	[ifname interface-name all]+
delete bridge port intf	ifname interface-name
delete bridge static	macaddr mac-address inifname interface-name all
get bridge forwarding	[macaddr mac-address]
get bridge tbg info	-
get bridge mode	-
get bridge port intf	[ifname interface-name]

get bridge port stats	[ifname interface-name]
get bridge static	[macaddr mac-address] [inifname interface-name all]
get stp info	-
get stp port	[ifname interface-name]
modify bridge tbg info	aging aging-timeout
modify bridge mode	{enable disable}
modify bridge static	macaddr mac-address inifname interface-name all
	[ifname interface-name all]+
modify stp info	[priority priority-value] [maxage maximum-age] [htime hello-time] [fdelay forward-delay] [enable disable]
modify stp port	ifname interface-name [enable disable] [pcost path-
	<pre>cost] [priority priority-value]</pre>

4.5 Bridge Router Autosense (BRAS) Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get bras cfg	-
modify bras cfg	[status enable disable] [selfppe restart]

4.6 DHCP Client Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get dhcp client info	[ifname interface-name]
get dhcp client stats	[ifname interface-name]

4.7 DNS Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
modify DNS relay	[enable disable]
get DNS relay cfg	-
create dns servaddr	<ip-address></ip-address>
delete dns servaddr	<ip-address></ip-address>
get dns servaddr	-
get dns relay stats	-
reset dns relay stats	-

4.8 DSL Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get dsl config	-
get dsl stats cntrs	-

get dsl stats curr	-
get dsl stats hist	[sintrvl start-interval-number] [nintrvl num-of-intervals]
modify dsl config	[t1413 glite gdmt multi rsrv lgdmt lglite lg2]
	[annex annexa annexb annexc] [trellis enable disable]
	[expanded short] [framing0 framing1 framing2 framing3]
	[txatten tx-power-attenuation] [gain coding-gain]
	[maxbits max-bits-per-bin] [txstart tx-start-bin]
	[txend tx-end-bin] [txbinadj enable disable]
	[rxstart rx-start-bin] [rxend rx-end-bin]
	[rxbinadj enable disable] [fastretrain
	enable disable] [escfastretrain enable disable]
	[bitswap enable disable] [duallatency
	enable disable] [pmode enable disable]
	[pilotreq enable disable] [whip enable disable]
	[loop start stop] [acmodeitem fbm dbm]
	[acpilotreq enable disable]
	[actroffset offset0 42] [ecfdmmode
	ec fdm fdmhp fdmnaf]
reset dsl stats cntrs	-
get dsl stats flrs	-
reset dsl stats flrs	-

4.9 DHCP Relay Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create dhcp relay intf	ifname interface-name
delete dhcp relay intf	ifname interface-name
get dhcp relay cfg	-
get dhcp relay intf	[ifname interface-name]
get dhcp relay stats	-
modify dhcp relay cfg	[enable disable] [ip serv-ip]
reset dhcp relay stats	-

4.10 DHCP Server Commands

COMMAI	NDS			PARAMETERS
create	dhcp	server	exclude	ip ip-address
create	dhcp	server	host	ip ip-address mask ip-address hwaddr hw-address
				[dname domain- name]
				({pop3 nntp web irc wins swins dns sdns gwy smtp}
				<pre>ip- address)* [dlease default-lease-time]</pre>
				[mlease max-lease-time]
create	dhcp	server	pool	[pool-id] start-ip ip-address end-ip ip-address mask
		ip-address [dname domain-name]		
				{ {pop3 nntp web irc wins swins dns sdns gwy smtp}

	ip-address}* [enabled disabled] [lthres low-
	threshold] [dlease default-lease- time] [mlease
	max-lease-time]
delete dhcp server exclude	ip ip-address
delete dhcp server host	ip ip-address
delete dhcp server pool	pool-id
get dhcp server address	[ip ip-address]
get dhcp server cfg	-
get dhcp server exclude	-
get dhcp server host	[ip ip-address]
get dhcp server pool	[pool-id]
get dhcp server stats	-
modify dhcp server cfg	{enable disable}
modify dhcp server host	<pre>ip ip-address [dname domain-name]</pre>
	({pop3 nntp web irc wins swins dns sdns gwy smtp}
	ip-address) * [dlease default-lease-time] [mlease
	max-lease-time]
modify dhcp server pool	pool-id [dname domain-name]
	{ {pop3 nntp web irc wins swins dns sdns gwy smtp}
	ip-address}* [enabled disabled] [lthres low-
	threshold] [dlease default-lease- time] [mlease
	max-lease-time]
Reset dhcp server stats	-

4.11 DNS Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get dns relay	-
modify dns relay	[enable disable]

4.12 EoA Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create eoa intf	ifname interface-name [ip ip-address] [mask net-mask] lowif low-
	interface-name [inside outside none] [usedhcp true false]
	[ifsectype public private dmz] [gwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>]</ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
get eoa intf	[ifname interface-name]
delete eoa intf	[ifname interface-name]
modify eoa intf	ifname interface-name [ip ip-address]
	[mask net-mask] [usedhcp true false] [gwy <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>]</ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
	[droute true false]

4.13 Ethernet Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS

create ethernet intf	<pre>ifname interface-name [ip ip-address] [mask net-mask] [phyif low- interface-name] [inside outside none] [usedhcp local remote false] [ifsectype public private dmz]</pre>
delete ethernet intf	Ifname interface-name
get ethernet intf	ifname interface-name
get ethernet stats	ifname interface-name
modify ethernet intf	<pre>ifname interface-name [ip ip-address] [mask net-mask] [usedhcp local remote false]</pre>

4.14 Firewall Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get fwl blacklist	-
delete fwl blacklist	-
modify fwl global	[attackprotect enable disable] [dosprotect enable disable] [blistprotect enable disable] [blistperiod <decvalue>] [maxtcpconn <decvalue>] [maxicmpconn <decvalue>] [maxsinglehostconn <decvalue>] [logdest email trace both none] [emailid1 email-id] [emailid2 email-id] [emailid3 email-id]</decvalue></decvalue></decvalue></decvalue>
get fwl global	-
get fwl stats	-
reset fwl stats	-

4.15 ICMP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get icmp stats	-

4.16 IGMP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create igmp intf	ifname <interface-name> [qinterval <query-< td=""></query-<></interface-name>
	<pre>interval>] [robust <robustness-variable>]</robustness-variable></pre>
	[host router] [version igmpv1 igmpv2]
	[qmaxresponsetime < qmaxresponsetime >]
	[lmqinterval < lmqinterval >]
delete igmp intf	ifname interface-name
get igmp intf	[ifname <interface-name>]</interface-name>
get igmp groups	[grpaddr <ddd.ddd.ddd>]</ddd.ddd.ddd>
	[ifname <interface-name>]</interface-name>

4.17 ILMI Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create ilmi intf	intf ifname interface-name [enable disable] [vpi

	<pre>vpi-number] [vci vci-number] [timeout time-out]</pre>
	[keepalive keep-alive] [maxretry max-retry]
get ilmi intf	intf [ifname interface-name]
modify ilmi intf	intf ifname interface-name [enable disable] [vpi
	<pre>vpi-number] [vci vci-number] [timeout time-out]</pre>
	[keepalive keep-alive] [maxretry max-retry]

4.18 IP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create arp	ifname interface-name ip ip-address macaddr mac-
	address
create ip route	ip dest-ip-address gwyip gwy-ip-address mask net-
	mask
delete arp	ifname interface-name ip ip-address
delete ip route	ip dest-ip-address mask net-mask
get arp	[ifname interface-name] [ip ip-address]
get interface stats	[ifname interface-name]
get ip address	[ip ip-address]
get ip cfg	-
get ip route	[ip dest-ip-address] [mask net-mask]
get ip stats	-
get host info	[ip <ipaddress>]</ipaddress>
modify ip cfg	[forwarding {enable disable}] [ttl time-to-live]

4.19 IP Filtering Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create ipf rule entry	ruleid rule-id
	[ifname interface-name public private dmz all]
	[dir in out]
	[inifname interface-name public private dmz all]
	[act accept deny]
	[log enable disable]
	[enable disable]
	[srcaddr {1t 1teq gt gteq eq neq
	<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>} {{range erange} <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
	<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>} any self]</ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
	[destaddr {1t 1teq gt gteq eq neq
	<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>} {{range erange} <ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
	<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>} any bcast self]</ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
	[srcport {1t 1teq gt gteq eq neq {num
	<pre><decvalue>} echo discard chargen ftp telnet smtp dns boot tftp </decvalue></pre>
	http pop3 snmp >} {{range erange} <decvalue> <decvalue>} any]</decvalue></decvalue>
	[destport {lt lteq gt gteq eq neq {num
	<pre><decvalue>} echo discard chargen ftp telnet smtp dns boot tftp </decvalue></pre>
	<pre>http pop3 snmp >} {{range erange} <decvalue> <decvalue>} any]</decvalue></decvalue></pre>

[icmpcode {eq neq <decvalue>} any]</decvalue>
[icmptype {eq neq echoreq unreach redir echorep {num
<decvalue>}} any]</decvalue>
[transprot {eq neq TCP UDP ICMP {num <decvalue>}} any]</decvalue>
[tcpflag syn nosyn any]
[storestate enable disable]
[seclevel {high medium low}+] [blistprotect enable disable]
[logtag "log-tag"] [isfrag yes no ignore] [isipopt yes no ignore]
[pktsize {lt lteq gt gteq eq neq <decvalue>} any]</decvalue>
[todfrom <hh:mm:ss>] [todto <hh:mm:ss>] [todstatus</hh:mm:ss></hh:mm:ss>
enable disable]
ruleid rule-id
-
[ruleid rule-id]
[ruleid rule-id]
-
[enable disable] [accept deny]
ruleid rule-id [log enable disable] [enable disable]
ruleid rule-id
-
-
-

4.20 L2TP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create 12tp tunnel config	ifname interface-name
	localip local-ip-address
	localhostname local-host-name
	remoteip remote-ip-address
	remotehostname remote-host-name
	[start stop]
	[authtype simple challenge none]
	[secret tunnel-secret]
	[hellointerval hello-interval]
	[idletimeout {infinite {num <decvalue>}}]</decvalue>
	[crws contol-recv-windowsize]
	[maxretx max-retransmission]
	[maxretxtimeout max-retransmission-timeout]
	[payloadseq never always}]
	[transport udpip]
	[initiator local remote]
	[enable disable]
delete 12tp tunnel config	ifname interface-name
get 12tp global config	-
get 12tp tunnel config	ifname interface-name
get 12tp udp stats	ifname interface-name
get 12tp tunnel stats	ifname interface-name
get 12tp global info	-
get 12tp session stats	pppifname interface-name
modify 12tp global config	timeout {infinite { num <decvalue>}}</decvalue>
modify 12tp tunnel config	ifname interface-name
	[localhostname local-host-name]
	[remotehostname remote-host-name]

	[start stop]
	[authtype simple challenge none]
	[secret tunnel-secret]
	[hellointerval hello-interval]
	[idletimeout {infinite {num <decvalue>}}]</decvalue>
	[crws contol-recv-windowsize]
	[maxretx max-retransmission]
	[maxretxtimeout max-retransmission-timeout]
	[payloadseq never always}]
	[transport udpip]
	[initiator local remote]
	[enable disable]
reset 12tp tunnel stats	ifname interface-name
reset 12tp session stats	ifname interface-name

4.21 L2Wall Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get 12wall cfg	none
modify 12wall cfg	[off on auto] [inacttime inactive-time]

4.22 NAT Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create nat rule entry	ruleid rule-id {basic filter napt bimap rdr pass} [prot
	{any tcp udp
	<pre>icmp num prot-number}] [ifname interface -name] [lcladdrfrom</pre>
	local-address-from] [lcladdrto local-address-to] [destaddrfrom
	dest-address-from] [destaddrto dest-address-to] [destportfrom
	<pre>{num <decvalue>} echo discard chargen ftp telnet smtp dns boot </decvalue></pre>
	tftp http pop3 snmp] [destportto {num
	<decvalue>} echo discard chargen </decvalue>
	<pre>ftp telnet smtp dns boot tftp http pop3 snmp] [glbaddrfrom</pre>
	<pre>global-address-from] [glbaddrto global-address-to] [lclport {num</pre>
	<decvalue>} echo discard </decvalue>
	<pre>chargen ftp telnet smtp dns boot tftp http pop3 snmp]</pre>
delete nat rule entry	ruleid rule-id
get nat global	-
get nat rule entry	[ruleid rule-id]
get nat rule stats	[ruleid rule-id]
get nat rule status	[ruleid rule-id]
get nat stats	-
get nat status	-
get nat translation	-
modify nat global	[tcpidletimeout tcp-idle-timeout] [tcpclosewait tcp-close-wait]
	[tcptimeout tcp-timeout] [udptimeout udp-timeout] [gretimeout
	<pre>gre-timeout][esptimeout esp-timeout] [icmptimeout icmp-timeout]</pre>
	[defnatage default-nat-timeout] [{enable disable}] [portstart
	<pre>port-start] [portend port-end]</pre>
reset nat rule stats	[ruleid rule-id]

reset nat stats	-

4.23 Raw Packet Filtering Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create pfraw rule entry	ruleid rule-id [ifname interface-name public private dmz all] [dir in out] [inifname interface-name public private dmz all] [enable disable] [log disable match nomatch all] [act accept deny callmgmt]
create pfraw subrule entry	ruleid rule-id subruleid sub-rule-id mask mask-
	value [start
	linkh iph tcph tcpd udph udpd icmph icmpd] offset
	offset [enable disable] cmpt
	{eq neq 1t 1teq gt gteq val} {range low- val
	high-val} {any}
delete pfraw rule entry	ruleid rule-id
delete pfraw subrule entry	ruleid rule-id subruleid sub-rule-id
get pfraw rule info	[ifname interface-name] [dir in out] [ruleid rule-
	id] [subruleid subrule-id]
modify pfraw rule entry	ruleid rule-id [enable disable] [log
	disable match nomatch all] [act
	accept deny callmgmt]
modify pfraw subrule entry	ruleid rule-id subruleid sub-rule-id [mask mask-
	value] [start
	linkh iph tcph tcpd udph udpd icmph icmpd]
	[offset offset] [enable disable] [cmpt
	{eq neq lt lteq gt gteq val} {range low- val
modify pfraw global	<pre>high-val {any }] [enable disable] [accept deny callmgmt]</pre>
get pfraw global	-
get pfraw stats	-
get pfraw rule stats	[ruleid rule-id]
get pfraw block	protocol IPV6MCAST 8021Q ARP BPDU IPX NETBEUI APPLETALK RARP IPMCAST PPE L2WALL
modify pfraw block	protocol
	IPV6MCAST 8021Q ARP BPDU IPX NETBEUI APPLETALK RARP IPMCAST PPE
	L2WALL enable disable

4.24 PPP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create ppp intf	ifname interface-name lowif low-interface-name {PPOE PPOA L2TP}
	[ip ip-address] [usedhcp {true false}] [inside outside none] [mru
	max-rx-unit] [magic {true false}] [droute {true false}] [sname
	service-name] [start stop startondata] [usedns true false]
	[ifsectype public private dmz] [12tpcalltype

	outlns outlac inlns inlac] [usegwy local remote][gwyip
	<ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>] [numif <name>]</name></ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd>
create ppp security	ifname interface-name [pap chap] login login-name
	passwd password
delete ppp intf	ifname interface-name
delete ppp security	ifname interface-name
get ppp intf	[ifname interface-name]
get ppp ipinfo	[ifname interface-name]
get ppp 1status	[ifname interface-name]
get ppp security	[ifname interface-name]
modify ppp intf	ifname interface-name [start stop statondata] [mru <decvalue>] [magic true false] [12tpcalltype outlns outlac inlns inlac]</decvalue>
get ppp global	-
modify ppp global	[pppsesstimer ppp-sess-timer] [ignorewantolan true false]
modify ppp security	ifname interface-name [login login-name] [passwd
	password] [pap chap]

4.25 PPPoE Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create ppe pconf	acname AC-name [srvname service-name]
delete ppe pconf	acname AC-name [srvname service-name]
get ppe acserv	ifname interface-name
get ppe cfg	-
get ppe pconf	-
get ppe stats global	-
get ppe stats session	[ifname interface-name]
modify ppe cfg	[padimax max-padi-attempts] [padrmax max-padr-attempts] [discmax max-discovery-attempts] [paditime initial-padi-time-difference] [padrtime initial-padr-time-difference] [first-come serv-to-ac]

4.26 RIP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
modify rip global	[enable disable] [updatetime update-time] [agetime age-
	time]
create rip intf	<pre>{ifname interface-name} [metric metric-value] [send {rip1 rip2 rip1compat none}] [senddefroute {enable disable}] [receive {rip1 rip2 both none}] [recvdefroute {enable disable}] [auth {none text password}]</pre>
delete rip intf	{ifname interface-name}
get rip intf	[ifname interface-name]

modify rip intf	{ifname interface-name} [metric metric-value] [send
	{rip1 rip2 rip1compat none}] [senddefroute
	{enable disable}] [receive {rip1 rip2 both none}]
	[recvdefroute {enable disable}] [auth {none text
	password}]

4.27 RMON Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get rmon eventgrp	[rname event-grp-name]
get rmon mpool	[rname mem-pool-name]
get rmon queue	[rname queue-name]
get rmon semaphore	[rname semaphore-name]
get rmon task	[rname task-name]

4.28 SNMP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create snmp comm	community comm-name [ro rw]
create snmp host	ip ip-addr community comm-name
delete snmp comm	community comm-name
delete snmp host	ip ip-addr community comm-name
get snmp comm	[community comm-name]
get snmp host	-
get snmp stats	-
get snmp trap	-
modify snmp trap	{enable disable}

4.29 SMTP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
modify smtp servaddr	-
get smtp servaddr	-

4.30 SNTP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create sntp servaddr	<ip-address> dname <domain-name></domain-name></ip-address>
delete sntp servaddr	<pre>< ip-address dname domain-name ></pre>
get sntp servaddr	[<ip-address> dname <domain-name>]</domain-name></ip-address>
modify sntp cfg	[enable disable]
get sntp cfg	-

get sntp stats	[<ip-address> dname <domain-name>]</domain-name></ip-address>
reset sntp stats	-

4.31 Surfing Profile Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
reset surf profile reg	-

4.32 TCP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
	<pre>lclip local-ip-address lclport local-port rmtip remote-ip-address rmtport remote-port</pre>
get tcp conn	-
get tcp stats	-

4.33 UDP Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get udp listen	-
get udp stats	-

4.34 UNI Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create atm uni	ifname interface-name saddr source-atm-addr [nplan isdn atmes]
	[version uni31 uni40]
delete atm uni	[ifname interface-name]
get atm uni	[ifname interface-name]

4.35 Usage Control Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
get usagectrl	-
modify usagectrl	[maxusers <maxuser>] [enable disable]</maxuser>
get datauserslist	-
reset datauserslist	-

4.36 USB Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
create usb intf	<pre>ifname interface - name [ip ip-address] [mask net-mask] [inside outside none] [ifsectype public private dmz]</pre>
delete usb intf	delete usb intf ifname interface-name
get usb intf	get usb intf [ifname interface-name]
modify usb intf	modify usb intf ifname interface-name [ip ip-address]
	[mask net-mask]
get usb stats	get usb stats [ifname interface-name]

4.37 ZIPB Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS
modify zipb cgf enable	-

4.38 Other Commands

COMMANDS	PARAMETERS		
apply	fname file-name [besteffort true false] [sparams		
	" <params>"]</params>		
alias	[alias-string = aliased-command]		
commit			
create user	name user-name passwd password [root user intermediate] useserial		
delete user	name User-name		
do getserialize	-		
do getver	-		
do serialize	MAC-address serial-number USB-MAC-address		
download	fname file-name ip ip-address		
get autoupdate			
get size info	-		
get system	-		
get trace cfg	[module module-name]		
get trace stats	-		
get traps	[num-of-traps]		
get trapprints	-		
get user	-		
get nbsize			
help	?		
list	list		
logout	quit exit		
modify autoupdate	modify autoupdate true false		
modify system	<pre>[contact sys-contact] [model model-name] [location sys-location] [vendor sys-vendor-info] [logthresh sys-log-threshold] [systime systime] [dst <on off>] [timezone <timezone>] [name <name>]</name></timezone></on off></pre>		

	[dname <domain>]</domain>		
modify trace cfg	module module-name [flow trace-flow] [level trace-		
	level] [syslog net stdout] [dest ip-address]		
	[port port-number]		
modify trapprints	enable disable		
passwd	[user-id]		
ing {ip-address domain-name} [-t -n number] [-			
	to-live]		
	[-w seconds] [-s size]		
prompt	new-prompt		
reboot	[default backup last minimum clean]		
remove	remove fname file-name		
reset traps	-		
size	[maxvc max-num-of-vcs] [max1483vc max-1483-vc] [maxppe max-ppe-session] [maxmac max-num-of-mac-addresses] [maxpfrawrule max-num-pfraw-rules] [maxpfrawsubrule max-pfraw-subrules] [maxipfrule max-num-ipf-rules] [max12tpTunnel max-12t-tunnel] [max12tpSessPerTunnel max-12t-session-per-tunnel] [max12tppeerrws max-12t-peer-recv-window]		
traceroute	{ip-address domain-name} {ping udp} [-m num-of-		
	hops] [-w wait- time] [-p udp-port-number] [-q		
	num-of-probes]		
unalias	{all alias-string}		
modify nbsize	maxipsess max-num-ip-sessions] [httpport http-port] [telnetport telnet-port] [ftpport ftp-port][serialauth enable disable]		
verbose	{on off}		
do getver	-		
do serialize	<pre><ethernet address="" mac=""> <serial number=""> <usb address="" mac=""></usb></serial></ethernet></pre>		

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